THE WEATHER.

Fair Sunday and Monday.

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RICHESON CALMLY AWAITS HIS FATE

Slayer of Avis Linnell Regains His Remarkable Self Control.

WILL BE BURIED IN VIRGINIA

Condemned Minister's Greatest Wish Will Probably Be Gratified—Brother On Way From Chicago to Be With Him

Boston, Mass., May 18.—Fourteen hours of sound, refreshing sleep today served to transform Clarence V. T. Richeson, who is awaiting the call to the death chair in the Massachusetts State prison at Charlestown from a condition of delirious hysteria to calmness and apparent resignation. Reports from the death house tonight indicated that the slayer of Avis Linnell was regaining the remarkable composure and self-control which has been the wonder of all who have studied him.

Prison officials, guards, physicians and clergymen unite in declaring that the attack of hysteria which seized Richeson last night was the natural reaction which might have been expected. Richeson, it was pointed out by Dr. Jos I. McLaughlin, the prison physician, had been buoyed up by hope that Governor Foss would refer to the executive council his petition for a commutation. When informed yesterday that the Governor had declined to refer the petition Richeson was dazed. Later, fatigued in brain and body, he succumbed to a great wave of hysterical emotion.

But the protracted sleep which followed the hysteria soothed him greatly. He is still in a highly nervous state, however, and recurrence of last night's outburst would not be surprising, his attendants say.

Whether the iron nerve of the man has broken completely under the strain cannot be determined.

"He's acting just as you or I would be likely to act," said Warden Bridges, "if we were facing death as he is. Don't you think that we might give way under the strain? I don't believe we would relish our meals, either."

Richeson this afternoon broke a fast of 30 hours, when he joined his spiritual advisor, the Rev. Herbert S. Johnson, pastor of the Warren Avenue Baptist church, and Chaplain Stebbins in a substantial dinner. It was the first food that had passed his lips since he heard that hope of executive clemency had been swept away.

Either Attorney Morse or Chaplain Stebbins or the Rev. Johnson was with the prisoner all day and tonight.

That Richeson will not be wholly without family friends on the last day or two of his life was indicated when Attorney Morse announced that a brother of the prisoner, Douglas L. Richeson, is on his way from Chicago and would arrive in Boston tomorrow. He will be the only member of the Richeson family who will see the murderer before his death.

Information today that his body would in all probability be buried beside the grave of his mother in the family lot in Virginia brought consolation to Richeson. Yesterday he was notified that his family regarded such a course as inadvisable, but today Mr. Morse brought the news that after reconsidering the matter, arrangements were being made for burial in the home of his boyhood. The attorney said tonight that he had telegraphed to Virginia and expected a definite answer tomorrow.

Rev. Johnson obtained permission tonight to attend the execution of the former clergyman, who wishes him to be present.

Application for the brain of Richeson was made today by an official of the Harvard Medical School, who desires to examine it for abnormal features. The request will be referred to Richeson's family.

Attorney Morse received a telegram late tonight from Richeson's father saying:

"Tell Clarence if it's his wish he shall be buried at home. Give him my deepest love."

AGREEMENT RATIFIED.

Anthracite Mine Workers Order Men to Return to Work.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., May 18.—By a vote of 323 to 64, the anthracite mine workers in convention today ratified the agreement entered into by their sub-committee with the coal operators and ordered, the 170,000 men and boys employed in and about the mines to return to work next Wednesday. Repair men have been given sanction to return to work next Wednesday. Repair men have been given sanction to return to the collieries on Monday, so as to assist in preparing the mines for the resumption of work. The suspension, which is thus ended, began on March 31, or seven weeks ago, when the agreement entered into in 1909 expired.

The agreement adopted today will be signed by the officers of the union and the committee of the coal operators in Philadelphia on Monday afternoon at 3 o'clock. This will be a mere formality, as the operators have already approved the proposition.

TAFT'S OLD SMILE AGAIN IN EVIDENCE

President Thinks He Has Made a Winning Fight In Ohio.

HE CLOSES WEEK'S CAMPAIGN

Only One More Day Will Be Spent In Ohio—Speaks at Springfield and Paulding—Opinion of Teddy's Reform Ideas

Springfield, Ohio, May 18.—Confident that his appeals to the pride of Ohio in an Ohio President have been of some avail and that his chance of capturing this State's delegation to the Republican National Convention has improved greatly since he crossed the Ohio river last Monday, President Taft tonight closed the week's campaigning with a speech here. Only one more day, Monday, will be devoted by the President to this campaign.

Although he used plain language about Colonel Theodore Roosevelt and the 'Ohio bosses" at times in his talks today, President Taft's old smile that has appeared but seldom of late, was again in evidence and he talked optimistically of the coming election with friends on board his private car.

To the farmers today the President talked about Canadian reciprocity and about Mr. Roosevelt's tariff revision proposals. He bluntly asserted that Mr. Roosevelt changed his opinion in regard to reciprocity to get votes and charged that he was "painting something to sell and not to use," when he made public his tariff proposals. The President will take a day of rest tomorrow at the home of his brother, C. P. Taft, in Cincinnati.

The President's opinion of Mr. Roosevelt's tariff reform ideas was concisely set forth at Paulding. He said:

"Now, Mr. Roosevelt has finally come to answering a question on protection, something which he has avoided for years and years. He has now reached a discovery. He is in favor of that kind of protection that will produce a profit in business so that most of it goes through the office down into the pay envelope of the wage employe. That is a very good kind of a protection if you can get it.

"He states the conclusion that he would like to reach, without stating how he is going to bring it about. Now, it is absurd to say that you can have a protective tariff bill that in any way will divide the profit or the earnings in the business that protective tariff bill may develop. You cannot do it; you cannot do it any more than you can attach a machine to your collar button and have that machine so arranged that you can find your collar button under the corner of the bureau foot when it gets lost."

At Lima late today, an old soldier in the audience who sat up near the platform, rose every time the President asked a question and usually had an answer ready that showed his approval of Mr. Taft's administration.

"I ask your support next week in the primary for an Ohio President who has made good," said the President.

The old soldier rose: "We will elect you again," he announced calmly. The President suggested that he take his seat. "Go to it, old stocking, go ahead old boy," continued the soldier.

"Won't you sit down?" asked the President.

"No," said the old man, "I'm going to stand up and listen to you."

When the President came to a discussion of the Lorimer case and Mr. Roosevelt's charges against him in connection with it, he wound up by asking if Abraham Lincoln would have acted in that matter as Mr. Roosevelt has acted.

"He would have dropped dead first," said the veteran.

CUMBERLAND PRIMARIES.

Democratic Precinct Meetings Held Yesterday—Delegates Elected.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Fayetteville, N. C., May 18.—Cumberland county today held Democratic precinct meetings to nominate delegates to the county convention which meets in Fayettevile May 25th. This convention elects delegates to the Congressional, State and Judicial conventions. There were two candidates for delegate to the National convention, J. B. Underwood and F. H. Stedman. Underwood is committed to no presidential candidate, Stedman is an avowed Woodrow Wilson man. Underwood was endorsed in every Fayetteville precinct, unanimously, except one, and in that he had a majority. Underwood was endorsed by every county precinct, except two in Fayetteville. Maj. E. J. Hale was endorsed for delegate at large to the National Convention, and Hon. John G. Shaw for Lieutenant Governor.

Charlotte, N. C., May 18.—After the ninth ballot today all the candidates for bishop in the General Conference of the A. M. E. Zion Church withdrew their names. The rival candidates were George C. Clement and R. B. Bruce, of Charlotte; J. S. Jackson, of Philadelphia; S. L. Corathers, of Washington, and R. S. Rieves, of Knoxville. No election will be held until the next quadrennial conference.

COMMITTEES' REPORTS HEARD

Southern Presbyterians Discuss Proposed Changes in Church Laws. Majority of Committee Favors Changes.

Bristol, Tenn., May 18.—A majority report from an ad interim Committee on Marriage and Divorce suggesting that the Assembly refer to the presbyteries the matter of a proposed revision of the confession of faith on this subject and a minority report urging the Assembly to deny the requests for the opening of this question, the adoption of the report of the Committee on Systematic Beneficence, the adoption of a report against the building of a great Presbyterian university at this time, and the consideration of reports recommending a change in the basis of representation in the General Assembly and against the recall as applied to church officers, were features of today's session of the 52nd General Assembly of the Southern Presbyterian Church. Several reports were made orders of business for next week, including the report of the Committee on Romanism.

On the marriage and divorce question, the majority report, which is so called because signed by the chairman, Dr. W. E. Boggs, of Atlanta, although the minority report is signed by half the committee, asks the conference to submit to the Presbyteries the question of changing the confession. The minority report, signed by Dr. R. A. Webb, of Louisville and others, urges that the church is already right on the question. Both committees reported against permitting polygamist persons to enter the church, either in this or foreign lands, until they have reformed and adopted provisions for the women and children affected. Dr. J. C. Pritchard, of the Medical Missionary Corps of the Church in Africa, made an interesting talk.

The report of the Committee on Systematic Beneficence brought forth an animated controversy, for the committee reported to reduce the number of secretaries of the four executive committees to a minimum and failed to provide for the retention of Dr. S. H. Chester, who has been senior secretary of the Foreign Missions Committee for 19 years. Dr. Egbert H. Smith, one of the secretaries who was retained, took the floor and after saying that he had heard a report that he and Dr. W. R. Dobyns had concocted the plan to get rid of Dr. Chester, denounced it as a lie, adding: "If this assembly is to become a place of whispered slander, we had better go out of business."

The beneficence report was adopted.

ANTI-TAFT CONVENTIONS

Meetings In Georgia Marked By Great Disorder In Many Places

Atlanta, Ga., May 18.—Anti-Taft Republican conventions were held today in each of the 12 Congressional districts of this State, for the purpose of naming delegates to the Chicago convention to contest the seating of delegates recently named by the so-called regular Republicans. In every instance the delegates were instructed to vote for Colonel Roosevelt so long as his name was before the convention. Scenes of disorder marked the Atlanta and Savannah conventions. Charges of bribery made by G. A. Jones, a negro delegate, threw the local convention into a turmoil and police were necessary to restore order. At Savannah police also were called upon to quell the disorder in the convention hall.

Washington, May 18.—Plans for an Episcopal chapel as a memorial to Major Archibald W. Butt, who perished in the Titanic disaster, were formulated by the Bishop of Washington today. The chapel will be erected by subscription.

Tomorrow Night "Souvenir Dance." and competitive drill by W. L. I. Trains leave Front and Princess streets 8:00, 8:30 and 9:00 P. M. Leave Lumina 10:45 and 11:15 P. M.

NOW FOR THE COFFEE TRUST

Wickersham Files Petition In Equity Asking That Valorization Scheme Be Declared In Violation of Sherman Act

New York, May 18.—Attorney General Wickersham today moved against the so-called coffee trust, or Brazilian valorization scheme. In a petition in equity filed in the United States Court here the valorization plan is declared to be a violation of the Sherman anti-trust law.

The court is asked to decree the scheme unlawful, to enjoin the valorization committee from withholding coffee from the market and to appoint a receiver to sell the 950,000 bags, valued at $10,000,000 now alleged to have been in warehouses of the dock company. The government also applied for a temporary injunction restraining the valorization committee from removing or disposing of coffee held in America pending the termination of the issue. The members of the valorization committee have agreed and conspired among themselves, the government charges, to withhold from the market large quantities of coffee under control for the purpose of raising the price to an unnatural and unreasonable extent.

They thus have attempted, it is declared, to restrain the coffee trade throughout the world, including interState and foreign commerce of the United States, and to "injure and defraud the public for their own enrichment."

The defendants come within the scope of the Sherman law, it is declared, because their purpose was to reduce the world's supply of coffee, restrain its exportation from Brazil to foreign countries, including the United States which receives 80 per cent of the Brazilian crop.

As the United States consumes 40 per cent of all the coffee sold in the world the petition declares that every act which prevents its importation in normal quantities or increased prices is a direct restraint upon foreign and inter-State trade.

OUTLINES

The Texas, mightiest of al ships and the latest addition to the United States navy was launched at Newport News, Va., yesterday.

The members of the Detroit baseball team who signed an agreement not to play any more unless Tyrus Cobb was re-instated were out of the game yesterday.

The Southern Baptist Convention in session at Oklahoma City yesterday voted to raise a fund of $1,000,000 to be used for foreign educational mission work.

The Southern Presbyterian General Assembly at Bristol, Tenn., yesterday discussed proposed changes in the church laws and heard committee reports on the matters.

The Roosevelt headquarters issued a statement yesterday in answer to the White House statement charging Roosevelt with postponing prosecution of the International Harvester Co.

President Taft completed his first week's campaigning in Ohio yesterday and feels confident that his native State will give him her delegation to the National convention in the primaries.

C. V. T. Richeson regained his wonderful self-control yesterday and awaits his call to the death chair in calmness. His body will probably be buried by that of his mother in Virginia as he wished.

Attorney General Wickersham yesterday moved against the so-called coffee trust and in a petition in equity filed in the United States court at New York asked that it be declared in violation of the Sherman law.

New York markets: Money on call nominal. Spot cotton quiet, 15 points lower. Flour quiet and nominally lower. Wheat, spot firm; No. 2 red 1.21 1-2 c.i.f. domestic basis to arrive; export 1.21 1-2 c.i.f., f.o.b. afloat to arrive. Corn spot firm; export 83 3-4 f.o.b. afloat. Rosin steady Turpentine quiet.

DETROIT TEAM STANDS PAT.

Tigers Make Baseball History By Refusing To Play Ball Game Yesterday Because "Ty" Cobb Was Not Reinstated

Philadelphia, May 18.—Baseball history was made here today when the players of the Detroit American League baseball club went on strike and refused to play the scheduled game with the Philadelphia Athletics because Ban Johnson, president of the league, had refused to lift the suspension he had placed against "Ty" Cobb for striking a spectator in New York. As a consequence the Philadelphia team defeated a make-shift team played in the field by Manager Jennings by a score of 24 to 2. The Detroit team was made up mostly of Philadelphia amateur players with the addition of McGuire and Sugden, employed by the Western club as scouts.

The regular Detroit players went to the ball park, but when they learned after a short practice that Cobb would not be permitted to play, they returned to a hotel in the center of the city. While the game was being played they discussed the situation, and every one of them questioned said they felt "the suspension of Cobb was an outrage and that they would stand together. The players expressed the best of feeling toward the owners of the Detroit club, but were outspoken in their criticisms of Mr. Johnson. They said that if the matter is not settled they may go on a "barn-storming trip."

Connie Mack, manager of the Philadelphia Americans, said tonight that Detroit had placed a team in the field, according to the rules and therefore he had played the game and won. He would not comment further.

The Detroit players tonight are standing pat on the stand which they took this afternoon when they left the field because Cobb was not permitted to play. Delehanty, the Detroit second baseman, expressed the sentiment of the players when he said: "We made our move this afternoon and the next move is up to President Johnson. I do not see that we can do anything until Johnson makes his move."

This statement was agreed to by the other players.

Johnson Leaves For Philadelphia

Cincinnati, May 18.—President Ban Johnson left hurriedly for Philadelphia tonight after receiving a telegram from President Navin, of the Detroit American League club, asking him to meet him in Philadelphia to straighten out the "Ty" Cobb affair.

Johnson would not say what was contained in the telegram, but intimated that the trouble might be settled by tomorrow night. When informed at the ball park today that the regular Detroit players had walked out of the Philadelphia park, and that a scrub team took the field against the champions of the American League, President Johnson only declared: "Let them walk out if they want to." Earlier today Johnson sent a telegram to Manager Jennings, of the Detroit team, stating that Cobb's suspension would stand until the matter is fully investigated.

Sympathize With Cobb.

New York, May 18.—Members of the New York and Cleveland American League teams are in sympathy with "Ty" Cobb and the players of the Detroit club in the matter of the indefinite suspension of Cobb for his attack on a spectator at a recent Detroit-New York game here.

"It's part of the game for ball players to submit to personal abuse by spectators," says Harry Wolverton, manager of the New York club. "It's hard to keep one's temper under such trying circumstances. Certain fans believe that because they pay to get into a ball park they have the right to insult players and umpires. The best way to square accounts is to pick out the tormenters and then nail them outside the grounds.

"If it were possible to print some of the things said to players the public would not condemn a man like Cobb for his recent assault. But, as it is, there is no way to show how players must bear the cowardly insults heaped upon them by their inferiors."

The man who was assaulted by Cobb is Claude Lueker, a former pressman, who lost one hand and most of the other a little more than a year ago at his trade. Lueker said that a shout of derision went up on a poor play of Cobb and that the Detroit player singled him out for attack.

SENATOR ANSWERS TAFT STATEMENT

Dixon Characterizes Opponent's Action as Despicable Politics.

ON HARVESTER TRUST CASE

Portions of Former Attorney General's Letter Quoted to Show Taft Was Present When Action Was Postponed

Washington, May 18.—A statement containing portions of a letter from former Attorney General Bonaparte, in which he says that Mr. Taft as Secretary of War, took part in the cabinet meeting at which it was decided to withhold prosecution of the International Harvester Company, because of the Bureau of Corporations' investigations, was issued by Senator Dixon from the Roosevelt National headquarters today. The statement was in answer to that issued from the White House last night by Charles D. Miles, secretary to the President. "Nothing more despicable and degrading has ever occurred in the history of American politics," says the statement, "than the attempt of Mr. Taft through deliberate, knowing and sustained falsehood to misrepresent the facts in regard to the case of the International Harvester Company and to avoid personal responsibility for non-action in the courts by the government against that company. The statement issued at the White House last night is but a piece of the mendacity that has characterized the entire Taft utterance on this subject."

The facts themselves of which Mr. Taft is undeniably aware, and which are capable of complete demonstration, show:

"First, that Mr. Taft was present at the cabinet meeting where the matter was discussed and the final decision reached and that he not only had full knowledge of the matter, but took a deciding part in the determination.

"Second, that the Senate upon being made aware of the situation by Senator Hansbrough, distinctly refused to stop the investigation by the Bureau of Corporations and permit the Department of Justice to go ahead with its prosecution.

Third, that Senator Hansbrough, an inveterate opponent of the Harvester Company, was the first man to be advised of the situation by the Attorney General and that he attempted to secure action by the Senate which would permit the department to begin court proceedings."

Mr. Bonaparte, according to the statement, declares that Mr. Taft when the Harvester case was being considered at the cabinet meeting expressed a very decided opinion that the suit should not be brought until the Bureau of Corporations had completed its investigation.

The statement concludes:

"Mr. Taft and his managers have sought mendaciously to escape responsibility for Mr. Taft's part in this matter through the false pretense that, because Mr. Taft was out of the country in the Fall of 1907, he was not in position to know about or have anything to do with the matter. It is not only an affront to the intelligence of the American people for him to say to them, as he does, that a man occupying the position in the administration which he then occupied would not of necessity be thoroughly informed upon a matter of such importance, but it is a positive falsehood. Mr. Taft returned to the United States from his trip around the world in December, 1907. He was present at the cabinet meetings in January, 1908, and as Mr. Bonaparte's letter specifically shows, he not only took part, but the deciding part in the determination of the cabinet to postpone prosecution of the Harvester Company pending the investigation by the Bureau of Corporations."

STEAMER SANTONA SEIZED

Revenue Cutter Holds Up Vessel For Volating Taft Proclamation

New Orleans, La., May 18.—The Montes Line steamship Santona was seized in the harbor here tonight by the United States revenue cutter Davey, charged with violating the terms of President Taft's proclamation of March 14th, prohibiting the shipment of arms and ammunition to Mexico.

The Santona which had cleared and sailed for Progresso, Mexico, had on board 110,000 rounds of rifle ammunition and 10 cases of carbines.

Agents of the steamship company produced copies of the consular bills of lading showing that the war munitions aboard the Santona were consigned to the Governor of the State of Campeche, Mexico. The ship's manifest filed at the customs house had no mention of these munitions.

WORLD'S GREATEST WARSHIP LAUNCHED

Dreadnought Texas Glides Majestically Into the James River.

A GREAT ENGINEERING FEAT

The Launching Was Perfect in Every Respect—Great Ship Was Christened by a Daughter of the "Lone Star State."

Newport News, Va., May 18.—With a precision and smoothness declared by experts never before to have been equalled, more than 11,000 tons of steel was given life today as a battleship glided gracefully into the waters of the James river from the yards of the Newport News Shipbuilding Company, after being christened "Texas." It was the infant battleship of the United States, but the largest and most powerful war vessel in the world. The launching was declared to have been an engineering feat never before accomplished. A daughter of the biggest State in the Union, favored with a perfect Sunny South day, broke over the prow of this great hulk a bottle of champagne and as it crashed and splashed away pronounced in distinct tones, "I Christen thee Texas." This daughter of the South, who acted as sponsor was Miss Claudia Lyon, 10-year-old daughter of Col. Cecil Lyon, Republican National committeeman from Texas. Eight pretty Texas misses, carrying bouquets of flowers, as maids of honor, stood by while the daughter of the President of the United States, Miss Helen Taft, closely watched the ceremony from nearby the christening platform.

George Von L. Meyer, Secretary of the Navy, representing the President as well as the navy, stood by the nose of the great battleship as she started down the ways and remarked with admiration the perfect ease with which the enormous steel structure moved into the water. Crowed on the launching stand built at the vessel's prow, was a notable gathering, which included besides the christening party, which was chaperoned by Col. and Mrs. Cecil Lyon, Senators and Representatives, especially those on the Naval Committee of Congress, the chief constructor of the navy, and numerous officers of the building corps as well as high officers of the line, officers of the construction department of the Revenue Cutter Service, army officers, shipbuilders, representatives, naval attaches of several foreign powers, and thousands of spectators.

It was a holiday at the ship yard and the several thousand employes congregated about the stocks and watched with a fatherly admiration the birth of the new 30,000 ton dreadnough, mightiest of all ships. As the great vessel was launched she weighed more than 11,000 tons. Her boilers, part of her machinery and some of her armor were in place when she glided down into the waters. About 16,000 pounds of tallow was used to grease the wooden ways over which the heavy steel hull passed on its way to the water.

At almost the exact moment scheduled a year or more ago, the Texas began to move slowly from her cradle. In less than two minutes she was floating majestically on the James river not far from where more than 50 years ago, her prototype, the Monitor, engaged in battle as the first turret armor clad warship. Could the original Monitor have been placed alongside her present day prototype she would have looked like a pigmy.

An innovation at the launching was the use of steel triggers instead of the usual oak blocks which are sawed away to free the vessel. These were used for the first time, and were declared a great success.

After the launching a banquet was given by the builders at Old Point Comfort, at which speeches were made by Senator Gallinger, of New Hampshire, Representative Hobart, of Alabama, and others.

Secretary Meyers' Party Leaves

Norfolk, Va., May 18.—After an inspection of the Norfolk Navy Yard and Naval Training Station today by Secretary of the Navy Meyer, the President's yacht, Mayflower, bearing the Meyer party sailed this evening for Yorktown where the famous revolutionary battlefields will be visited tomorrow.

Secretary Meyer's visit to the Norfolk yard was to the launching at Newport News today of the battleship Texas. At the navy yard Secretary Meyer was received with usual salutes. Upon landing he at once became interested in the crippled torpedo boat destroyer Warrington, which lost 30 feet of her stern as the result of a collision at sea some months ago with the coasting schooner which afterward sank. The Warrington remains hauled out at the Norfolk yard in the same condition as when brought in after the accident. Secretary Meyer was also much interested in the mammoth new dry dock here and likewise in the naval training station at St. Helena. Miss Helen Taft, daughter of the President, who was in the Meyer party, attracted much attention. Others aboard the Mayflower are: Mrs. Meyer, Admiral Fletcher, Representative and Mrs. Riley, of Connecticut; Representative and Mrs. Cravans, of Arkansas; Representative and Mrs. Hughes, of New Jersey, and Representative Thomas Gallagher, of Chicago.

SPORTING EVENTS

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Results Yesterday.

At St. Louis, 5; Philadelphia, 12.
At Chicago, 5; Brooklyn, 4.
At Pittsburg, 8; Boston, 7.
At Cincinnati, 4; New York, 3.

Standing of the Clubs:

Club:	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New York	20	5	.800
Cincinnati	21	6	.778
Chicago	13	13	.500
Pittsburg	10	13	.435
St. Louis	11	18	.379
Boston	10	17	.370
Philadelphia	9	13	.409
Brooklyn	8	16	.333

Pittsburg, May 18.—The Boston team made its first appearance of the season here today and lost to Pittsburg 8 to 7, through wildness of its pitchers.

Pittsburg .....040 011 11x—8 6 2
Boston .....012 000 121—7 11 2

Adams, Robinson and Kelly; Tyler, Griffin, Perdue, McTigue, Donnelly and Kling; time 2:15; umpires Rigler and Finneran.

Chicago, May 18.—Chicago bunched hits today and won the first game of the series from Brooklyn 5 to 4.

Chicago .....031 000 10x—5 9 1
Brooklyn .....000 002 020—4 6 0

Cheney and Needham and Archer; Kent, Knetzer, Allen, Schardt and Erwin; time 2:00; umpires Brennan and Owens.

St. Louis, May 18.—Philadelphia hit Steel hard and often today while Moore was effective after the first inning and St. Louis lost 5 to 12.

Philadelphia ...010 150 203—12 15 2
St. Louis .....400 001 000— 5 7 3

Steele and Wingo; Moore and Dooin; time 2:05; umpires Klem and Bush.

Cincinnati, May 18.—Cincinnati defeated the New York team here today 4 to 3, thus stopping the visitors' long line of victories over the Western clubs. Incident to the game the official dedication of Cincinnati's new grand stand and park took place. Governor Tener, of Pennsylvania, himself an old ball player, delivered a short address and tossed the first ball.

Benton was hit hard, but was very effective in the pinches, while poor support behind Mathewson accounts largely for the defeat. Bates turned his ankle sliding into the plate with the winning run in the eighth and will be out of the game for some time.

New York .....100 011 000—3 11 3
Cincinnati .....100 200 01x—4 7 0

Mathewson and Myers; Benton and McLean and Clarke; time 1:46; umpires Johnstone and Eason.

Southern League.

At Atlanta 10; Montgomery 0.
At New Orleans 2; Memphis 1.
At Mobile 0; Chattanooga 5.
At Birmingham 0; Nashville 3.

Appalachian League.

At Bristol 2; Asheville 6.
At Johnson City 7; Cleveland 9.
At Knoxville 4; Morristown 1.
2nd: Knoxville 0; Morristown 4.

Virginia League.

At Norfolk 3; Danville 4.
At Newport News 2; Portsmouth 0.
At Richmond 3; Roanoke 5.
At Lynchburg 5; Petersburg 2.

International League.

At Baltimore 14; Buffalo 9.
2nd: Baltimore 11; Buffalo 5.
At Montreal 11; Newark 5.
At Rochester 6; Jersey City 7.
2nd: Jersey City 5; Rochester 7.
At Providence 5; Toronto 0.
2nd: Providence 5; Toronto 5. (Called end 7th, rain.)

American Association.

At Louisville 3; Indianapolis 2.
At Columbus 4; Toledo 6.
At Milwaukee 0; Minneapolis 6.
At Kansas City 5; St. Paul 3.

College Games.

At New Haven: Yale Freshmen 1; Princeton Freshmen 0.
At New Haven: Yale 12; Amherst 3.
At Middletown, Conn.: Wesleyan 1; Massachusetts A. C. 7.
At Athens, Ga.: University of Georgia 4; Georgia Techs 2.
At Cambridge: Harvard 1; Dartmouth 5.
At Worcester: Holy Cross 7; Tufts 5.
At Hartford, Conn.: Trinity 6; Colgate 5. (12 innings.)
At Providence: Brown 13; Notre Dame 0.
At Annapolis, Md.: Catholic University (Washington) 1; Navy 0.

South Atlantic League

At Jacksonville 2; Albany 1. (10 innings).
At Macon 1; Columbia 2. (10 innings.)
Second game: Macon 8; Columbia 11. (8 innings, darkness).
At Columbus 4; Savannah 3. (10 innings.)

United States League

At Chicago 4; Pittsburg 9.
At Cleveland 9; Cincinnati 5.
Second game: Cleveland 5; Cincinnati 1.
At Reading 6; Washington 8.
Second game: Washington 3; Reading 3. (Called 5th, catch train.)
At Richmond 5; New York 0.
Second game: Richmond 11; New York 8.

OPTION ON AN ENTIRE TEAM

President Comiskey Likes Batting Eyes of Anderson Club

Anderson, S. C., May 18.—President Charles Comiskey, of the Chicago Americans, today secured an option for $25,000 on the entire membership of the Anderson club in the Carolina Association. The action is said to have resulted from the extraordinary hitting and fielding records of First Baseman Gleichman and several others of the club. It was stated that a trade will be made within the next 10 days.

MAJORITY FOR UNDERWOOD.

Durham County Estimated About 60 Per Cent. for Alabamian.
(Special Star Telegram.)

Durham, N. C., May 18.—A conservative estimate from the Democratic precinct election in Durham county today gives Underwood 60 per cent. of the total; Wilson 30, with 10 per cent. scattered between Clark and Harmon. The county precincts are not yet heard from. So far every precinct gives a big majority for Underwood.

Tomorrow Night "Souvenir Dance." and competitive drill by W. L. I. Trains leave Front and Princess streets 8:00, 8:30 and 9:00 P. M. Leave Lumina 10:45 and 11:15 P. M. **

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

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At Washington, 2; St. Louis, 8.

Standing of the Clubs:

Club:	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
Chicago	23	6	.793
Boston	15	11	.577
Cleveland	12	12	.500
Washington	13	13	.500
Detroit	14	15	.483
Philadelphia	11	13	.458
New York	7	16	.304
St. Louis	8	17	.320

New York, May 18.—In another batting carnival, Cleveland defeated the Highlanders today in the second game of the series. Cleveland won in the 10th, when Dolan fumbled Ryan's grounder, as the out would have retired the visitors without a run. Both Quinn and Mitchell were knocked out of the box. In the fourth inning Wolter dislocated his knee cap trying to take second on a passed ball and had to be carried off the field.

Cleveland ...000 320 020 3—10 13 2
New York .003 001 300 0— 7 15 2

Mitchell, Blanding, Gregg and Easterly; Quinn, Vaughn and Sweeney. Time 2:30. Umpires Evans and Egan.

Philadelphia, May 18.—Without a regular Detroit player on the team a club representing that city in the American League was defeated by Philadelphia this afternoon 24 to 2. Manager Jennings' players went to the park, put on their uniforms, practiced a few minutes, and then changed uniforms with a bunch of players gathered up by the former. Nearly all of the men put on the field by Jennings were amateurs, many being members of the St. Joseph's College team. Sugden and McGuire, former Major League catchers, who scout for Detroit, were pressed into service behind the bat and at first base. Detroit's pitcher, Travers, could do little but float the ball up to the plate and the home players banged his delivery all over the field and ran bases recklessly. Collins led with five hits and four stolen bases.

Manager Mack started with his regular team except two substitute outfielders. He used three pitchers, Coombs, Brown and Pennock. The crowd of 20,000 persons took the affair as a joke. At the end of the third inning there was a rush by a couple of thousand bleacherites who demanded their money back. There was no disorder at the end of the game.

Detroit ....000 020 000— 2 4 9
Philadelphia ...303 084 42x—24 25 1

Travers and McGuire; Coombs, Brown, Pennock and Lapp. Time 1:45. Umpires Dineen and Perrine.

Boston, May 18.—Although Boston outplayed and outbatted Chicago today the locals were unable to hit Benz safely in pinches, and the visitors won 3 to 1.

Chicago .. .. ..000 101 010—3 7 4
Boston .. .. ..010 000 000—1 8 1

Bedient and Carrigan; Benz and Kuhn. Time 1:59. Umpires O'Loughlin and Westervelt.

Washington, May 18.—Williams batted for Hughes in the fifth inning today and a tied score resulted in his out at first. Groom was then hit for three singles and a triple and St. Louis scored enough runs to win from Washington 8 to 2. Lake pitched a brilliant game, allowing but four hits.

St. Louis .....100 105 100—8 11 1
Washington ....000 020 000—2 4 2

Lake and Stephens; Hughes, Groom, Akers, Breker and Henry; time 2:10; umpires Hart and Connolly.

CAROLINA LEAGUE.

Results Yesterday.

At Greensboro, 4; Anderson, 10.
At Spartanburg, 4; Winston-Salem, 0.
At Greenville, 7; Charlotte, 11.

Standing of the Clubs.

Club:	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Charlotte	14	7	.667
Anderson	12	7	.632
Spartanburg	13	8	.619
Greensboro	9	12	.429
Greenville	7	12	.368
Winston-Salem	7	15	.318

WANT TRAINS EXTENDED

United Commercial Travelers Met Last Night

A very enthusiastic and largely attended meeting of Cape Fear Council, United Commercial Travelers, was held last evening, at which time a number of business matters were considered, some initiatory work given, several reports received, after which a smoker and social session was enjoyed.

Chief in importance in the business of the meeting was the adoption of a resolution to the effect that the Atlantic Coast Line be asked to extend the present Conway train, leaving Wilmington at 7:30 P. M., and lying over at Conway, to Florence, S. C. It was also asked that the train leave Wilmington at 6:30 instead of 7:30 P. M. Embodied in the same resolution was a request that the Elrod train be continued to Conway, instead of lying over at Elrod as at present.

Messrs. W. S. Bunting and L. H. Burnett submitted a report of the State Council meeting held at Spartanburg recently. The report was a very comprehensive one and was heard with interest. The next meeting of the State Council will be held at Salisbury.

It was decided to meet hereafter on each second Saturday at 3:30 o'clock in the afternoon, instead of in the evenings as heretofore. Following the regular reports and initiatory work, refreshments were served.

The Demons of the Swamp are mosquitoes. As they sting they put deadly malaria germs in the blood. Then follow the icy chills and the fires of fever. The appetite flies and the strength fails; also malaria often paves the way for deadly typhoid. But Electric Bitters kill and cast out the malaria germs from the blood; give you a fine appetite and renew your strength. "After long suffering," wrote Wm. Fretwell, of Lucama, N. C., "three bottles drove all the malaria from my system, and I've had good health ever since." Best for all stomach, liver and kidney ills. 50cts. at R. R. Bellamy's.

Tomorrow Night "Souvenir Dance." and competitive drill by W. L. I. Trains leave Front and Princess streets 8:00, 8:30 and 9:00 P. M. Leave Lumina 10:45 and 11:15 P. M. **

BAPTISTS WON SECOND GAME

Wake Forest Defeated Coast Line Team Yesterday Five to Two—Combined Base Hits With Errors of Locals

The Wake Forest team combined hits, part of them for extra bases, with several miscues and wild throws of the locals and won the second and last game of the series at League Park yesterday, five to two. As on the previous day very little hitting was done, nearly every run being the result of a combination of hits and errors.

Green and Cates both pitched in good form, but the collegian's southpaw was invincible when hits were needed with the exception of the 7th frame, when he loosened up and the Coast Line boys scored their only two runs. Duls relieved Green in the 9th and Knaff went to right field, taking Duls' position.

The crowd present brought back memories of the Eastern Carolina League in its palmiest days, when the Sailors were winning hands down, about 800 people being present to watch the unraveling.

The teams were fairly well matched as a glance at the box score will show. The Coast Line team made five hits to the collegians' seven and five errors to Wake Forest's four, the Baptists bettering the locals slightly in both the fielding and hitting.

Wake Forest opened hostilities as if they meant to have the thing over right at the beginning. Correll, the first man up grounded out, short to first. Parker fanned. Phil Utley, the hard hitting first sacker, drove a hot one through short for the first hit of the game. He stole second and went to third on a wild throw. Billings, who made more hits than all the rest of the team combined in the first day's game, came up but "Pomp" had the goods and fanned him. The first two Railroaders up went out in order. Houston went to first on four bad ones but was caught off the bag.

Thompson opened the second frame with a stinging double to left. Cates hit to center, but Bergen dropped the ball. Riddick popped a little one out in the diamond that Green couldn't quite reach and the bases were full. Woodall hit to second and two men went down on a lightning double, Emerson to Starritt, to Terry. Holding fanned and the Wake Forest boys had missed another good chance to score.

In their half of the second the Coast Line boys got a man to third, Terry opening the inning with a double along the righ foul line. Starritt sacrificed him to third; Jetter flew out to short and Bergen fanned.

The Baptists scored twice in the third on two hits and two wild throws. Correll hit safely to center and went to second and then third when Green threw the ball by first. Parker hit safely, scoring Correll, himself going to second on the throw in past the bag. Utley grounded to Terry, Parker going to third. Billings hit a long fly to right, Parker scoring on the sacrifice. Thompson and Cates were passed and Riddick ended the frame by fouling out to Houston.

In the fourth the Coast Line team garnered two hits but succeeded in getting a man no farther than third. Both sides went down in short order in the fifth.

Wake Forest added two runs to their total in the seventh and the Coast Line team made two also, which proved to be all for them. Correll opened the frame by hitting to second. "Skeet" fumbled the ball and runner was safe. Parker fanned. Utley came up and Correll stole second. Utley hit to deep center for two bases, Correll scoring. Utley stole third and Billings hit through the pitcher's box, scoring Utley. Billings was thrown out at first. Thompson grounded out, short to first. Jetter, the first man up for the Railroaders, hit to right field for two bases and was sacrificed to third by Bergen. Emerson went out second to first, Jetter completing the circuit on the play. Green hit to short but the throw to first got by Utley and Pomp went to second. Emerson went to second to run for the pitcher and scored when Billings threw low to first in an effort to catch Hines who hit a hot one to short. Duls ended the inning by fanning. That completed the scoring as far as the locals were concerned.

The Baptists annexed one more tally in the final inning. Correll flew out to second; Parker took four bad ones and went to first, stealing second shortly afterward. Utley grounded out, Houston to Terry, Parker going to third and scoring when Billings hit to left center for two bases. Billings went to third when Starritt dropped one but Thompson ended the inning by grounding out, second to first. In the local's half of the ninth Jetter flew out to third; Bergen hit to Parker who threw low to first and Bergen was safe. Emerson hit a long one to center, which Riddick gathered in with little trouble. Knaff came up and Bergen stole second but was caught at third on a return throw from the outfield, the ball having been thrown past the kepstone sack in an effort to catch Bergen stealing.

The tabulated score is as follows:

A. C. L.	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Hines, lf	3	0	0	0	0	0
Duls, rf	4	0	0	2	0	1
Houston, 3b	3	0	0	1	2	1
Terry, 1b	4	0	2	13	0	0
Starritt, c	3	0	1	9	2	1
Jeter, ss	4	1	1	0	2	0
Bergen, cf	3	0	1	1	0	1
Emerson, 2b	4	0	0	1	6	1
Green, p	3	1	0	0	0	2
Knaff, rf	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	31	2	5	27	12	7

Wake Forest	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Correll, lf	5	2	1	0	0	0
Parker, 2b	4	2	1	2	3	0
Utley, 1b	5	1	2	12	0	1
Billings, ss	4	0	1	2	2	1
Thompson, 3b	4	0	1	2	4	1
Cates, p	3	0	0	0	2	0
Riddick, cf	4	0	1	0	1	0
Wodall, c	3	0	0	7	1	0
Holding, rf	4	0	0	2	0	0
Total	35	5	7	27	13	3

Summary: Two-base hits, Jeter, Terry, Thompson, Utley, Billings; stolen bases, Utley 2; Correll, Thompson. Left on bases, A. C. L., 5; Wake Forts, 9; struck out by Green, 8; Cates, 6; bases on balls, Green 2; Duls 1; Cates 3. Umpire, Gwaltney. Scorer, Bell. Attendance, 750. Time 1.50.

HOSIERY MILL WINS.

Defeats University of Carolina by a Close Score at Durham, N. C.
(Special Star Telegram.)

Durham, N. C., May 18.—In a game intensely interesting from start to finish Durham Hosiery Mills this afternoon shut out the University of North Carolina, score 3 to 0. Stafford, of A. & M. fame twirled for the Hosiery Mills and only one man reached third. The mighty Lee was on the mound for Carolina, but failed to pound out victory. Lowe, of Trinity Park School, caught for Carolina.

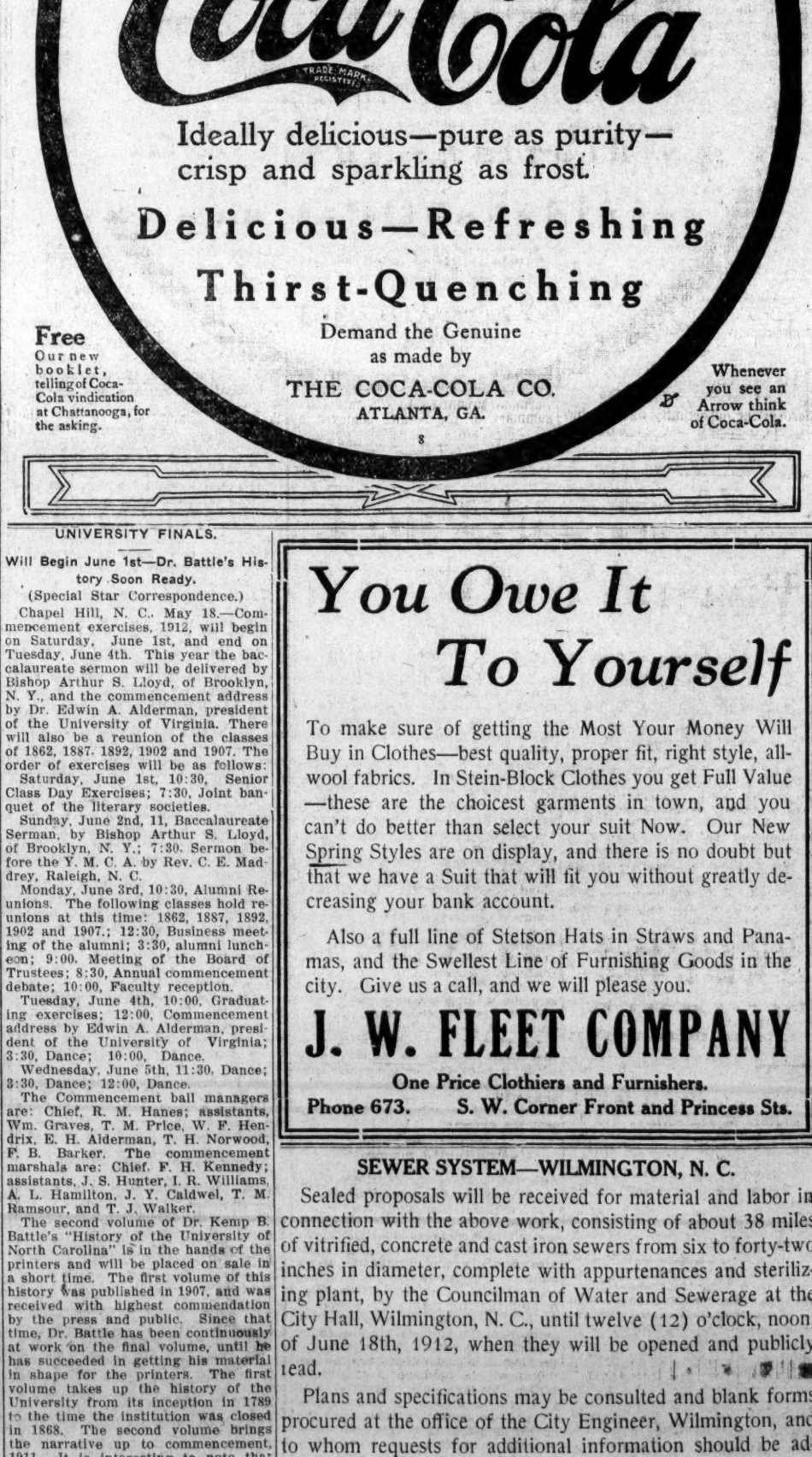
MYRTLE HAWKINS MYSTERY.

All in Readiness for Opening of the Murder Trial on Monday.

Hendersonville, N. C., May 18.—All is in readiness for the opening of the Myrtle Hawkins case on Monday. Attorneys for the defense are today busily engaged in examining the State's witnesses.

They had experienced difficulty in obtaining these examinations, as the State's witnesses could not be gotten together and yesterday Judge Foushee ordered subpoenas issued for all State witnesses returnable today.

Tomorrow Night "Souvenir Dance." and competitive drill by W. L. I. Trains leave Front and Princess streets 8:00, 8:30 and 9:00 P. M. Leave Lumina 10:45 and 11:15 P. M. **



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UNIVERSITY FINALS.

Will Begin June 1st—Dr. Battle's History Soon Ready.
(Special Star Correspondence.)

Chapel Hill, N. C., May 18.—Commencement exercises, 1912, will begin on Saturday, June 1st, and end on Tuesday, June 4th. This year the baccalaureate sermon will be delivered by Bishop Arthur S. Lloyd, of Brooklyn, N. Y., and the commencement address by Dr. Edwin A. Alderman, president of the University of Virginia. There will also be a reunion of the classes of 1862, 1887, 1892, 1902 and 1907. The order of exercises will be as follows:

Saturday, June 1st, 10:30, Senior Class Day Exercises; 7:30, Joint banquet of the literary societies.

Sunday, June 2nd, 11, Baccalaureate Serman, by Bishop Arthur S. Lloyd, of Brooklyn, N. Y.; 7:30. Sermon before the Y. M. C. A. by Rev. C. E. Maddrey, Raleigh, N. C.

Monday, June 3rd, 10:30, Alumni Reunions. The following classes hold reunions at this time: 1862, 1887, 1892, 1902 and 1907.; 12:30, Business meeting of the alumni; 3:30, alumni luncheon; 9:00. Meeting of the Board of Trustees; 8:30, Annual commencement debate; 10:00, Faculty reception.

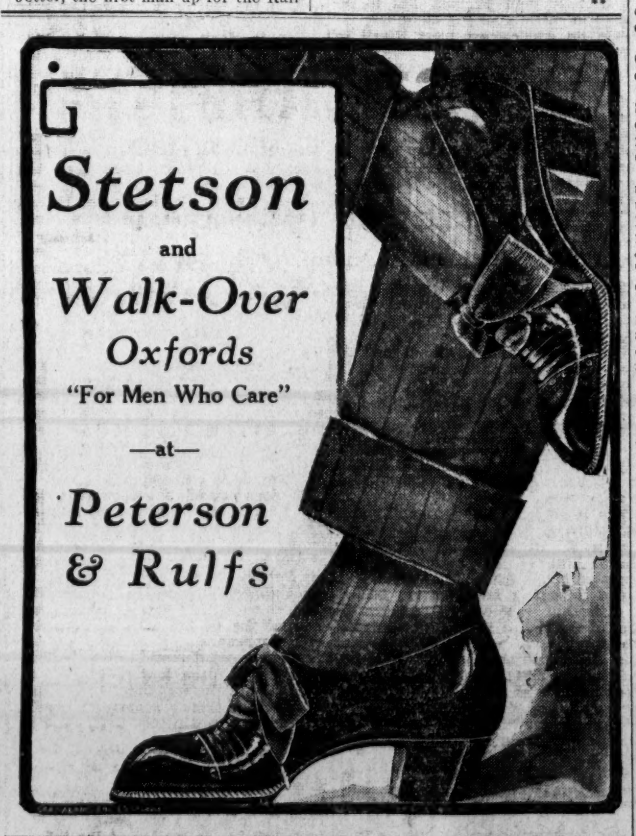
Tuesday, June 4th, 10:00, Graduating exercises; 12:00, Commencement address by Edwin A. Alderman, president of the University of Virginia; 3:30, Dance; 10:00, Dance.

Wednesday, June 5th, 11:30. Dance; 3:30, Dance; 12:00, Dance.

The Commencement ball managers are: Chief, R. M. Hanes; assistants, Wm. Graves, T. M. Price, W. F. Hendrix, E. H. Alderman, T. H. Norwood, F. B. Barker. The commencement marshals are: Chief. F. H. Kennedy; assistants, J. S. Hunter, I. R. Williams, A. L. Hamilton, J. Y. Caldwel, T. M. Ramsour, and T. J. Walker.

The second volume of Dr. Kemp B. Battle's "History of the University of North Carolina" is in the hands of the printers and will be placed on sale in a short time. The first volume of this history was published in 1907, and was received with highest commendation by the press and public. Since that time, Dr. Battle has been continuously at work on the final volume, until he has succeeded in getting his material in shape for the printers. The first volume takes up the history of the University from its inception in 1789 to the time the institution was closed in 1868. The second volume brings the narrative up to commencement, 1911. It is interesting to note that the four presidents of the University, who have served during the time with which the second volume deals are all living at the present time. They are Battle, Winston, Alderman and Venable. According to Dr. Battle, this fact is without parallel in any other college. Dr. Battle further notes the fact that three of the presidents are alumni of the University and the other one had been connected with the University about 25 years. All of them had been instructors in the University before they became president.

A girl always likes to kiss a distant male relative merely to keep in practice.



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SEWER SYSTEM—WILMINGTON, N. C.

Sealed proposals will be received for material and labor in connection with the above work, consisting of about 38 miles of vitrified, concrete and cast iron sewers from six to forty-two inches in diameter, complete with appurtenances and sterilizing plant, by the Councilman of Water and Sewerage at the City Hall, Wilmington, N. C., until twelve (12) o'clock, noon, of June 18th, 1912, when they will be opened and publicly read.

Plans and specifications may be consulted and blank forms procured at the office of the City Engineer, Wilmington, and to whom requests for additional information should be addressed.

A set of prints consisting of map and details may be procured by prospective bidders by addressing direct the City Engineer, at a net cost of $2.50, delivered.

Each proposal must be accompanied by a certified check in the sum of $5,000.00 as evidence of good faith upon the part of the bidder.

The city reserves the right to reject any and all bids, or to accept any which may seem to it to be to the best interest of the City of Wilmintgon. W. E. PERDEW, Councilman.
F. F. Pillet, City Engineer. my19,26;je2,9

WEEK'S NEWS AT LUMBERTON

Condition of Crops In County—Recital Given—Boy Scouts Hold Rally—Other Items of Personal And General Items

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Lumberton, N. C., May 18.—During the past week we have interviewed quite a number of leading farmers from all sections of the county regarding crop conditions at this time. All are agreed on one point, that being that the stands of all crops are as good as could be desired.

Growth is retarded considerably on account of the cold weather which has prevailed for the last several days, and the cool weather has also caused the worms to do damage by cutting corn. Cotton in some places is turning red and has the appearance of being parched. There is a difference of opinion as to cotton acreage and fertilizers. Some put the acreage reduction in cotton as low as 12 1-2 per cent, while there are others who claim it will reach 20 per cent. Several seem to think 10 per cent decrease will be a good estimate. The railroads did not haul as much fertilizers as last year, neither did the dealers sell as much, yet there are those who claim that as much has been used as last year, while others say there is a big falling off. The recent rains caused the grass to get a good start, but with such weather as has prevailed for the past few days the grass will be easily conquered.

Reports from the fruit crop in this section indicate that unless something happens the peach crop will be a record-breaker. The trees in many places are said to be so heavily fruited that if it were to remain until maturity the trees would be broken down. The outlook for apples is not so good the trees in many places showing signs of disease.

Congressman Heflin, of Alabama, who was advertised to speak here last night in the interest of Underwood, failed to show up. He would undoubtedly have made a good many votes for his man if he had come as there is much indifference here as to who gets the nomination for President. Many people have no choice at all.

Miss Georgia Ray McMillan, a resident of Lumberton during the time her father, Rev. J. P. McMillan, was pastor of the Presbyterian church, a few years ago, will give a reading here Monday evening under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid Society, of the Presbyterian church. The entertainment will be given in the opera house and as Miss McMillan is well-known here she will doubtless be greeted by a large audience.

The Lumberton Boy Scouts held a rally at the Court House Thursday night. Rev. A. D. McClure, pastor of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church, of Wilmington, was present and delivered an address on "Lumberton's Most Valuable Asset—The Boy." A big crowd was present and everyone there went away with the determination to hear Dr. McClure whenever and wherever the opportunity was presented. The occasion was an enjoyable one indeed.

The Raleigh and Charleston passenger train looks like something had happened. The new passenger cars, built according to the requirements of the South Carolina laws, were put into service this week, and now three cars are used for this train where two have been doing the work. A new baggage, mail and express car will be added in a few days, and then Capt. Amos King and Engineer Bill Dougherty will be two of the happiest men in two States every day they live.

Mr. Jno. P. Stansel, for several years with the Bank of Lumberton, but at present residing in Wilmington, is engaged in auditing the books of Lumberton's city clerk and treasurer.

Messrs. Joe Thompson and Odell Edens, who recently purchased the livery business of Messrs. Britt and Stephens, have dissolved partnership, Mr. Thompson having purchased the interest of Mr. Edens.

Mr. J. W. Carter, chairman of the Board of County Commissioners, was in town Wednesday and stated to your correspondent that under no condition would he allow his name to go before the people again as a candidate for the office which he has held for 12 years, eight of which he has served as chairman. No man can serve the county more faithfully than has Mr. Carter.

For the past two or three days the Seaboard has had a force of men engaged in ditching the grounds of the right-of-way just west of the passenger station. These grounds are to be improved and beautified. What a pity the old buildings near the station are not on railroad land. If they were they might be removed. Looking at empty space would be better than those old eye scores.

One of the most interesting persons with whom we have conversed recently, is Mr. Robert Dees, who will celebrate the 80th anniversary of his birth July 4th. Mr. Dees is a native of Anson county but came to Robeson to live before the Civil War and has remained here ever since. Mr. Dees says that he drove the four-horse team that carried the first load of merchandise from Cheraw, S. C., to Monroe, N. C. He says he was then about 15 years old, and that it took three days to make the round-trip. Mr. Dees says he is not quite sure, but as well as he remembers he thinks the first store house in Monroe was built of logs. He has not been to the town "Monroe Court House" since he hauled goods there, now about 65 years ago. Mr. Dees says that at that time all goods delivered in that section were carried to Cheraw by boat, Cheraw and Fayetteville both being distributing points.

There is going to be something doing at the Pastime Theatre next week, Monday and Tuesday, in addition to the regular two-reel service, "The Passing the Grey" in three reels will be shown. These pictures show the reunion and parade at the Confederate Veterans at Little Rock, Ark., last year. On Friday and Saturday, the "Seige of Calais," a great feature film in two reels will be shown in addition to the regular service. The pictures represent the story of the seige of Calais in 1347, and is said to be an exact reproduction of history.

State Senator W. S. Cobb was in town Wednesday attending the meetings held that day. Mr. Cobb intimated that he has enough business on hand at home to prevent him from taking an active part in politics this year. He says he has 350 acres of land planted in watermelons, 250 in Irish potatoes, 100 in cantaloupes, 150 in cotton, and 50 in wheat and oats. When the potato crop has been gathered the land will be planted in corn Mr. Cobb says he has used this season 478 tons of fertilizers.

Mr. Henry McGill, who was recently injured by the falling of an elevator at the Dresden Cotton Mills where he was employed, left Thursday night for Baltimore to enter the Johns Hopkins Hospital for treatment. He was accompanied by Dr. T. C. Johnson.

The remains of Col. S. A. Edmunds, who died Thursday night, were carried yesterday to the home of Mr. Neill Freeman who resides near the old home of Col. Edmund, where he was reared, and the funeral was conducted this morning at 10 o'clock by Rev. C. H. Durham, pastor of the First Baptist church. Col. Edmund left a will in which the Bank of Lumberton was named as executor. He left an estate valued at over $50,000, we are told.

Mr. Lloyd C. Townsend has purchased from Mr. A. E. White, the vacant lot on North Elm street between the Redmond house and Mr. H. B. Jennings, and expects at an early day to erect a handsome residence. The size of the lot is 38-115. The price paid was $1,000.

Mr. J. L. Rhyne, Seaboard cashier at this place, has gone to Hickory to spend a few days with relatives.

It is reported that Lumberton is soon to have a guard house and some other much needed conveniences.

Seaboard train No. 39, due here at 5:47 in the evening did not arrive last night until after 11 o'clock, the delay being caused by the wreck of a freight train near Council's.

Miss Pearl Floyd left this morning for Rowland and Dillon where she will spend some time visiting relatives and friends.——Mr. H. W. Boring, of the Bank of Lumberton, left this morning for Lexington, where he will visit for two or three days.——Mrs. J. R. Poole and children went to Red Springs this morning to visit relatives. ——Mr. L. R. Vasser and family returned from Richmond, Va., last night, after spending several days in that city.

People who attend the 20th of May celebration in Charlotte from this section will pay regular railroad fares as no special rates have been given from this place for the occasion. Most of us prefer going to Wilmington anyhow, whether it's the 20th of May or some other day.

Mrs. T. C. Johnson left this morning for Whiteville to visit her parents.

On account of increasing business the Southern Express Company has found it necessary to put a messenger on the R. & C., between here and Marion. A messenger makes the round-trip between Hamlet and Marion daily. The express work was formerly done by the conductor.

There being a few people in the county who are discussing the advisability of abolishing the County Auditor's office for the sake of economy at the mass meeting held here Tuesday to discuss matters of legislation for the county, County Auditor A. T. Parmele submitted to the meeting a summary of the results achieved by his office since its establishment in 1911. His report shows that the office saved to the people of Robeson county last year the sum of over $5,000 after deducting the salary of the auditor and the expenses of his office. This amount was saved in the following manner: The auditor now prepares the tax lists which were heretofore prepared by the Register of Deeds at a cost to the county of approximately $1,500 per annum. Since the duty of seeing that mayors and magistrates turn over all fines and penalties collected to the county treasurer has been imposed upon the auditor, the receipts to the school fund from this source have risen from $2,179.29 in 1910 to $3,711.75 under the auditor in 1911, thereby affecting a saving of $1,632.46 as a direct result of the auditor's work. The auditor also saved the county $1,400 in the settlement with the county of Hoke in addition to the labor of keeping books through a long number of years. This was accomplished through an adjustment of interest differences. The auditor also saved the salary fund. $834.72 in his settlement with the State auditor arising from sheriff's commissions upon road tax collections. He also saved the schools of Wishart's township about $200 by placing escaped property on the tax books and saves the county an average of over $400 per annum by economy in the purchase of supplies, the auditor being now purchasing agent for all departments of the county government. He has also saved the county at least $200 per annum by placing unlisted and escaped property upon the tax books that has heretofore been overlooked. The report shows a net saving, after payment of salary and all expenses, of $5,176.45. As pointed out in the report it would seem to be good business to invest $2,600 to get back that amount and $5,176.45 in addition. Besides all this the auditor has opened books with all departments of the county government including the board of education so that the exact financial condition of each department can be ascertained by anyone at any time. He also checks the salary fund and it is impossible for any defalcation to occur. This work would cost the county $75 per month in itself and this is also saved through the medium of the auditor. He also effects large savings to the county through his investigation of all claims for rebates on account of taxes paid or any other manner of claim against the county. The entire report is of the greatest interest to our people. It is understood that the full report will be published in the Robesonian Monday. It is worthy of note that every county in the State whose officers are on salary basis, have an auditor and that no county the size of Robeson is without one. The State auditor favors the creation of the office of county auditor in every county in the State, as he claims such officer is indispensable to the proper accounting for county funds. It is not likely that the office will be abolished for some years to come if the results in the future continue to be what they have in the past. Auditor Parmele is a most efficient officer and his office is a regular bureau of information for our citizens regarding county matters.

Township Democratic primaries were held in this county this afternoon to elect delegates to the county convention to be held here next Saturday. Reports have not been received from all the townships and only two of those heard from made any recommendations. Lumberton and Maxton instructed for Craig and McRae for Governor and Lieutenant Governor respectively. The Lumberton meeting was well attended and the most harmonious held here in many years.

Mr. Thomas Kinlaw, of Howellsville township, was in town today and announced that he would be a candidate for county treasurer in opposition to Mr. M. G. McKenzie, the present incumbent. Mr. Kinlaw served the county as treasurer from '98 to 1904 and made a most efficient officer.

Mayor Caldwell, upon assuming the duties of his office, gave up the position of list taker and Mr. Wade Wishart has been appointed in his place. Mr. Wishart will be found in the court house.

A. T. CLARK A CANDIDATE.

For House of Representatives From Columbus County—A Success.

(Bladen Journal.)

The many friends of Mr. Archie T. Clark, of Bolton, N. C., will be pleased to hear that his name will be presented to the Democratic Convention for the nomination for the House of Representatives. The Clark family is known in all this section of the State. The first Clark, a sturdy Scotchman from the old country, settled in eastern Carolina and his descendants still perpetuate the many commendable traits of character of this first settler. The elements of progressiveness are manifest in their successes. They have in a marked degree business tact and directive power. Their successes are often in line of merchants, physicians, lumbermen and ministers of the Gospel.

Mr. Archie F. Clark has made a great success as a lumberman. He, in directing many lines of work at the extensive lumber plant of the Waccamaw Lumber Company, shows tactfulness in the management of the workmen, attention to details of the various departments, and, with courage and promptness he does his duty. His rich experience, his contact with people from many sections of our country, qualify him for the many duties of a representative of the people. His many friends among the readers of the Journal will be pleased to know that Columbus county will nominate him and elect him.

FROM UNDERWOOD CAMP.

Manager Varner Makes Statement With Reference to Primaries.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Lexington, N. C., May 18.—From Clay, in the extreme West, to Currituck, in the far East, everything is going for Underwood, of course. Returns at this hour are so meager that it is impossible to state positively what the result in the State at large is, but the indications are that it is an Underwood landslide. Those counties that I have heard from are scattered from one end of the State to the other and should be fairly representative of the vote of the State at large. Needless to say, I am very much gratified at the result, though I have known for some time that if the Democrats of North Carolina had a chance to give a real expression of their preference, they would vote overwhelmingly for Underwood.

North Carolina will insure the Solid South for Underwood and with the South behind him, he cannot fail of the nomination. for he will get New York and Connecticut and when they come the great East, without which no Democrat can hope for election, will follow. Once nominated, no power on earth can prevent his election, for he is the one candidate in the race who possesses the confidence of all classes and sections, and he possesses their confidence and is growing in their esteem, because he is the personification of all that is highest and best in the ideals and traditions of Democracy. H. B. VARNER.

PRIMARY IN STATE.

Returns Too Meagre to Give Anything Definite Says Greensboro.

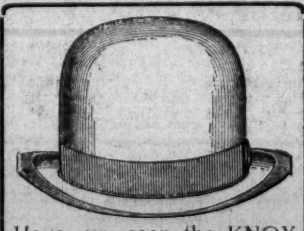
Greensboro, N. C., May 18.—Returns from over the State at midnight were so meagre that it is impossible to give anything like an accurate estimate. In many precincts where primaries were held no provision was made for presidential preferential ballots. In other counties only precinct meetings were held. Meagre returns received, however, seem to indicate that Underwood was the favorite where a test vote was taken. H. B. Varner, State manager for Underwood, wired at midnight from Lexington:

"From the extreme West to the extreme East everything seems to be going for Underwood. Returns are so meagre it is impossible to state positively what the result in the State at large is."

In New Hanover county, it is reported, Wilson received about 40 per cent. of the vote, and Harmon, Clark and Underwood the remainder.

Raleigh, N. C., May 18.—With meagre and incomplete returns from 42 counties in the State in which Democratic primaries and precinct meetings were held today to elect delegates to county conventions to be held May 25, it is possible only to estimate results:

The way to get a girl absorbed in a novel is to give her a box of candy to munch while she is reading it.



Have you seen the KNOX Hats for Spring and Summer? You ought to.

Set them up in a row along the Hat case and look them over.

FINEST LOT OF HATS you've ever seen. You'll vote them so.

Knox Extra Quality, $5.00

HAMME

. The Hatter and Clothier. .
24 North Front Street. .

New Drug Store

Now Open for Business. Everything New and Fresh.

NOTICE—SPECIAL TO HEALTH.

All Prescription Bottles before being used are sterilized by special process of

HOT WATER AND STEAM. ASK YOUR PHYSICIAN

Phone Us, and We'll Send it to You.

The Payne Drug Co.

HARRY E. PAYNE,

'Phone 520. 5th and Red Cross Streets.

Copyright Hart Schaffner & Marx

YOUNG men who "follow the game" generally like to be dressed in a way that makes folks notice. There's a certain charm and finish to these fine suits made for us by

HART, SCHAFFNER & MARX

that you'll not get in any other clothes made. The styles are right to the smallest detail; and the all-wool fabrics, the scientific shrinking and the perfect tailoring keep them stylish.

See our Nobby NORFOLK SUITS for Boys. Dame Fashion says this is the proper style for the boys just now.

Blum & Koch's Straw Hats. Corliss-Coon Collars.

Suits for Men and Young Men, from $18 up.

You can get what you want here in the way of Shirts, Hosiery, Neckwear, Hats, Caps, Etc.

THE A. DAVID COMPANY

This store is the home of Hart, Schaffner & Marx clothes and Manhattan Shirts.

$12.55

WASHINGTON, D. C., AND RETURN

——via——

ATLANTIC COAST LINE RAILROAD.

The Standard Railroad of the South.

Account Unveiling Columbus Monument, Washington, D. C., June 8th, the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad offers the above attractive round-trip rate.

SELLING DATES:

June 5th, 6th, 7th and for trains scheduled to arrive Washington, D. C., before noon, June 8th, 1912.

FINAL LIMIT.

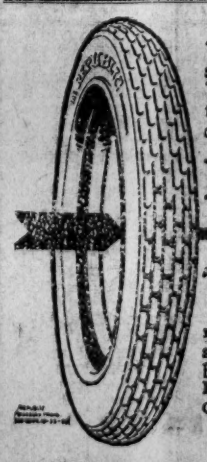
To reach original starting point not later than midnight, June 12th, unless ticket deposited with Jos. Richardson, Special Agent, 1419 New York, Ave., Washington, D. C., by original purchaser, and upon payment fee $1.00, extension final limit can be secured to, and including, July 12th, 1912.

For schedules, reservations and other information, see local Agent, or address,

T. C. WHITE,
Gen. Pass. Agent.,

WILMINGTON, N. C

my19 to Je8



STRAIGHT TO THE POINT

The extra thickness of the six rows of big solid rubber studs gives Republic Staggard Tread Tires a riding surface equal to that of two ordinary tires—really two tires at the cost of one.

REPUBLIC —STAGGARD→ TREAD TIRES

require no chains, or other devices to prevent skidding and slipping on wet pavements or bad roads, eliminating the cost of extras. Insist on having your new car equipped with them. Get a copy of our book, "The Tire Perfect," sent Free.

Gibbes Machinery Co., Dealers
Wilmington, N. C.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE

Arrivals and Departures of Trains a Wilmington, Effective April 8th, 1912. Time Not Guaranteed.

DEPARTURES:	TO AND FROM	ARRIVALS:
No. 90, ! 3:40 A. M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Eastern North Carolina points. Connects at Goldsboro with Southern Railway and Norfolk Southern Railroad. No. 91 leaves Norfolk 13:35 P. M. and Richmond 14:10 P. M.	No. 91, a 1:00 A. M.
No. 51, 5:35 A. M.	Chadbourn, Conway, Florence, Charleston, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa, Ft. Myers, Columbia and Asheville. **Pullman Sleeping Cars Between Wilmington and Columbia, open to receive passengers at Wilmington at and after 10:00 P. M., and may be occupied until 7:00 A. M.**	No. 50, *12:30 A. M.
No. 64, ! 5:50 A. M.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate Stations.	No. 65, ! 6:25 P. M.
No. 48, * 8:30 A. M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Washington. **Pullman Parlor Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk, connecting at Rocky Mount with New York Trains with Pullman Service.**	No. 49, * 6:15 P. M.
No. 53, * 8:45 A. M.	Solid train between Wilmington and Mt. Airy, via Fayetteville and Sanford.	No. 52, * 8:05 P. M.
N. 55, * 3:15 P. M.	Chadourn, Conway (1), Florence, Charleston, Savannah, **All Florida Points,** Columbia, Asheville and the West. **Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Columbia.**	No. 54, 1:40 P. M.
No. 62, 4:35 P. M.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate Stations.	No. 63, 12:55 P.M.
No. 59, ! 6:30 P. M.	Fayetteville, Sanford and Intermediate Stations.	No. 60, !10:15 A. M.
No. 42, * 7:00 P. M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk, Washington and New York. **Pullman Broiler, Buffet Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Washington, connecting with New York trains, with Pullman and Dining Car Service. Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk.**	No. 41, *10:00 A. M.
No. 57, ! 7:30 P. M.	Chadbourn, Conway and Intermediate Stations.	No. 58, ! 8:30 A. M.

* Daily. ! Daily except Sunday. a Daily except Monday.

For folders, reservations, rates of fares, etc., call 'phone 160.

W. J. CRAIG, Passenger Traffic Manager.
T. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUBURBAN SCHEDULE

IN EFFECT MAY 4th, 1912.

Winter Park, Wrightsville Beach and Intermediate Points.

EAST BOUND: Leave Wilmington for Winter Park	EAST BOUND: Leave Wilmington for Wrightsville	EAST BOUND: Leave Wilmington for Wrightsville Beach	WEST BOUND: Leave Winter Park for Wilmington	WEST BOUND: Leave Wrightsville for Wilmington	WEST BOUND: Leave Wrightsville Beach for Wilmington
* 6:30 A.M.	* 6:30 A.M.	* 6:30 A.M.	* 6:25 A.M.	* 6:15 A.M.	.....
* 6:55 A.M.	* 6:55 A.M.	.....	7:35 "	7:25 "	.....
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* 8:00 A.M.	* 8:00 "	.....	* 8:40 "	* 8:30 "	.....
! 8:00 "	! 8:00 "	! 8:00 "	! 9:10 "	! 8:55 "	! 8:45 "
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1:00 P.M.	1:00 P.M.	1:00 P.M.	2:10 P.M.	1:55 P.M.	* 1:45 P.M.
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11:00 "	11:00 "	.....	11:40 "	11:30 "	.....

Cars marked * do not run on Sundays.
Cars marked ! run Sundays only.
Cars marked || run Saturdays only.

FREIGHT SCHEDULE:
Daily, Except Sunday.

Leave 9th and Orange Sts ..... 10:00 A. M. and 3:30 P. M.

N. & W. Norfolk & Western Ry.

Quickest and BestLine West and Northwest.

Block System. Rock Ballast. 85-lb. Rails. Schedule in Effect May 12, 1912.

Lv. Norfolk	8:30 a.m.	8:00 p.m.
Lv. Petersburg	11:00 a.m.	10:40 p.m.
Lv. Durham	7:00 a.m.	5:30 p.m.
Lv. Lynchburg	2:40 a.m.	2:30 a.m.
Ar. Cincinnati	7:20 a.m.	6:25 p.m.
Ar. Columbus	6:45 a.m.	6:35 p.m.
Ar. Chicago	5:00 p.m.	7:30 a.m.
Ar. St. Louis	6:33 p.m.	8:30 a.m.

Close connections made for Seattle, San Francisco and all Western points.

Pullman sleeping and parlor cars N. and W. Cafe dining cars. Equipment and service standard of excellence. Blue Ridge and Allegheny mountains crossed at most picturesque parts.

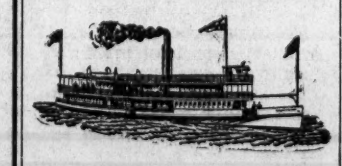
Time tables, descriptive literature and information free. Correspondence invited.

W. B. BEVILL,
Gen. Pass. Agent, Roanoke, Va.
C. H. BOSLEY,
Dist. Pass. Agent, Richmond, Va.

FOR SOUTHPORT

(By Harper Steamboat Line.)

STEAMER WILMINGTON.



Leave Wilmington daily at 10:00 A. M.

Leave Southport daily at 2:30 P. M.

We Have

A Small Quantity of Damaged Meal and Corn on hand. If you are interested ask for quotations.

THE STONE CO.

Wholesale Grocers and Distributors.

Wilmington, North Carolina

J. F. LEITNER

ARCHITECT

27-28-29 Carroll Building.

SEABOARD

Air Line Railway

SCHEDULE

EFFECTIVE APRIL 9th, 1912.

TRAINS LEAVE WILMINGTON, N. C.

No. 45—5 A. M. arrive Hamlet, 9:05 A. M. Leave Hamlet 9:25 A. M.; arrive Charlotte, 12:10 P. M. Connects at Hamlet with train 66, at 9:05 A. M. with through train for Raleigh, Norfolk, Richmond and points North. At Monroe, with train 53 for Atlanta and points South. Daily sleeper for Charlotte. Open for occupancy at 10 P. M.

No. 39—3:25 P. M.; arrive Hamlet 7:40 P. M.; leave Hamlet 8 P. M.; arrive Charlotte, 11 P. M. Connects at Hamlet with through trains for Atlanta, Birmingham, Columbia, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa. Also Norfolk, Richmond and all points north. Pullman chair car maintained between Wilmington and Charlotte.

TRAINS ARRIVE WILMINGTON, N. C.

No. 40—12:30 P. M., from Charlotte and intermediate points.

No. 44—12:10 A. M., from Charlotte and intermediate points.

For further information, telephone or apply to the undersigned.

CLAUDE MURRAY, Union Ticket Agt. 'Phone No. 1294.
F. A. FETTER, Commercial Agent, Orton Hotel. 'Phone No. 178.
H. S. LEARD, Div. Passenger Agent, Raleigh, N. C.
C. B. RYAN, Gen. Passenger Agent, Portsmouth, Va.

mh19-tf

Clyde Steamship Company

to

NEW YORK

and

GEORGETOWN, S. C.

New York to Wilmington.

S. S. "Navahoe," . . Friday, May 10th, 1912
S. S. "Carib," . . . Friday, May 17th, 1912

Wilmington to New York.

S. S. "Carib," . . . Saturday, May 11th, 1912
S. S. "Navahoe," . Saturday, May 18th, 1812

Wilmington to Georgetown.

S. S. "Navahoe," . . Monday, May 13th, 1912
S. S. "Carib," . . . Monday, May 20th, 1912

Through bills of lading and lowest through rates guaranteed to and from all points in North and South Carolina.

For freight, apply to

H. G. SMALLBONES, Sup't., Wilmington, N. C.

H. E. MAYNARD, Freight Traffic Manager.
H. H. RAYMOND, V.-P. and G. M.

ROOM 512. 'PHONE 813

MADE BY H R Southern Map Company WILMINGTON N. C. TRADE MARK

BLUE-PRINTS

SOUTHERN BUILDING.

THE MORNING STAR

Published by the
WILMINGTON STAR COMPANY, INC.,
Wilmington, N. C.

Entered as second-class matter at the postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., under Act of Congress, March 2nd, 1874.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.

PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, at $6 per year, $3 for six months, $1.50 for three months, 50 cents for one month, served by carriers in the city, or by mail.

THE SUNDAY STAR, by mail, one year, $1; six months, 50 cents; three months, 25 cents.

ADVERTISING RATES may be had on application, and advertisers may feel assured that through the columns of this paper they may reach all Wilmington, Eastern Carolina and contiguous territory in South Carolina.

Obituary sketches, cards of thanks, communications espousing the cause of a private enterprise or a political candidate, and like matter, will be charged at the rate of 10 cents per line, or if paid cash in advance, a half rate will be allowed. Announcements of fairs, festivals, balls, hops, picnics, society meetings, political meetings, etc., will be charged under same conditions, except so much thereof as may be of news value to readers of the paper.

Advertisements discontinued before expiration of contracts are charged transient rates for time actually published. Payment for transient advertisements must be cash in advance. Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space at same rates, or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge. Advertisements to occupy special place will be charged for according to position desired.

TELEPHONES: Business Office, No. 51; Editorial and Local rooms, No. 61. Call either, if the other doesn't answer.

COMMUNICATIONS, unless they contain important news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected unless the real name of the author accompanies the same, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

Sunday, May 19, 1912.

The man who paddles his own canoe is sure to have something to carry in his boat.

A Democrat is false to his party when he holds an office that some other Democrat wants.

A man among men is one who can get the others to work for him in his efforts to get an office.

Some men will face the music, but they will look away off when it comes time to chip in something for the piper.

It is a long ways from Maine to California, but the people in those States seem to be agreed about the kind of Rough Rider they want.

What has become of the old-fashioned girl who used to wear a "switch" and have tucking combs, side combs, and other things to stick in her hair?

What good is accomplished if there should be an anti-trust law "with teeth" if nobody takes the trouble to "kick" it on to anything worth biting?

Who is going to be the Democratic nominee for President? Nearly two-thirds of the delegates have been selected, and yet neither of the four eligibles has as many as 300 votes.

Col. Roosevelt is glib with his tongue in giving the lie, but a big man is handing out the lie to him in a way that must impress him that somebody is in the ring with him and his hat.

Republican newspapers are mentioning the Hon. Charles W. Fairbanks, ex-Vice President, as a dark horse. Probably they are not mariners enough to know that they should steer away from an iceberg.

We are told by the Greenville Piedmont that "there are said to be a lot of goats in the Rocky Mountains." Nevertheless, South Carolinians will have all they can do to get the goat of somebody closer at home.

Says Charity and Children: "The Charlotte Chronicle refers to Mr. Kennedy as 'W. L. Kennedy-Nobleman.' That was neatly and worthily said." Nevertheless, Mr. Kennedy is no nobleman. Better still, he is a noble man.

Once upon a time there was an Exceedingly Talented Individual by the name of George Ade. He happens to reside in Democratic Indiana, but the Republicans thereof are urging him to be their Nominee for Governor. Not caring to risk his Worldwide Reputation, he has turned a Deaf Ear to their solicitations and will confine himself to the Continued Production of Lucrative Lore.

Since the investigation of the Steel Trust inquiry began, it has been discovered that some of the officials ordered incriminating evidence to be burned, while other officials have gone to Europe to keep from being summoned as witnesses for the government. They may thus avoid conviction, but burning evidence and absconding will not acquit them in public opinion.

Referring to the claim made by this paper that Craig would be the only man since Vance's day to be nominated for Governor of North Carolina without opposition, the Statesville Landmark says—"Memory failing, Col. Reece. Aycock had no opposition in the State convention of 1900." Right and wrong too. Aycock had opposition—Cunningham, of Person—up to the day of the convention. When that body met in Raleigh, Cunningham's friends saw and he saw himself, that he had no showing and withdrew. Craig has no opposition, well defined, at least, at all.—Greensboro Record.

EXPERT VIEW OF WILMINGTON

The Manufacturers' Record, of May 16th, contains an appreciative article on Wilmington as it was recently seen by a special representative of that great publication. The writer is Mr. George Byrne, who may be regarded as an expert in the way of making comparative observations of the progress of Southern cities, since there are few men who are more conversant with all phases of Southern development. Mr. Byrne is qualified to speak in an authentic way because he has been on the ground and made observations first hand in numerous Southern cities which are doing things. What he says of Wilmington, therefore, comes from one who is prepared to write with a thorough understanding of what makes for progress in the port and city of Wilmington.

Mr. Byrne recently visited Wilmington and he notes in his Record article that "Wilmington is just now in the full enjoyment of an era of municipal improvement and business expansion that has no duplicate in its own history, and few in the histories of other cities similarly situated." Mr. Byrne then goes on to particularize as to the material achievements and activities of the city, which furnish the basis of her present prosperity and promise big things for the future.

The article aluded to contains several handsome illustrations, but it is in the details as to Wilmington's upbuilding that greatest interest centers. He found here a city spending $500,000 on a comprehensive system of modern street paving; new buildings of a public nature, or intended for the occupancy of business establishments, in construction or soon to be constructed, at a cost of $2,067,000, besides scores of residences and suburban structures which will add more than $100,000 to the present large construction record of the city. Thus we see that more than two and a half million dollars are just now being turned loose in the city, yet no mention is made of the additional government expenditures on the river and harbor and several industrial establishments now in the course of construction.

All this scene of activity and thrift naturally impressed the representative of the Manufacturers' Record, and after going into full particulars about the larger developments in progress in Wilmington he chronicles the result, which is that "these various pieces of work give the city a very lively, hustling appearance, and the money paid out in wages has a decidedly stimulating effect on business." The fact is, the operations now going on in Wilmington give employment to a very great number of men, so that there is now general complaint of such a scarcity of labor as the city has never before experienced.

Mr. Byrne looked around for the basis of all this development in Wilmington and he found it in the large and growing commerce of the port; in the city's large and substantial manufacturing industries; in the large trucking and berry-growing industry surrounding the city; in its great financial and jobbing interests; in seaside resorts attracting thousands of Summer visitors, and in its splendid railroad facilities and its great advantages as a distributing centre.

Special stress is laid upon the fact that this is the deepwater terminal of the Atlantic Coast Line and the Seaboard Air Line, embracing, with the new line to Southport, six railroads which have their terminals at Wilmington. Those, besides 400 miles of river navigation and the wide ocean to all parts of the world, go to make up the physical factors which make Wilmington a distributing point with pronounced advantages over most any city in this country. In addition to the fact that Wilmington is the headquarters of the Atlantic Coast Line and the North Carolina terminus of the Seaboard Air Line, Mr. Byrne lays special emphasis upon the fact that Wilmington, through new railroad enterprises recently completed, has the advantage of two connections with the Virginia and Tennessee coal fields, and with railroads extending into the great Middle West. We quoted yesterday what he had to say in this connection.

With all her transportation facilities by ocean, river and rail, making the city a great distributing point, Mr. Byrne seizes upon the opportunity to emphasize the city's consequent adaptabilitties for manufacturing. Altogether he has furnished an able and well-scoped view of the potentialities making Wilmington, but as briefly as we have attempted to give an idea of his impressions about our city, we have mentioned but a small portion of an article, which, in the powerful medium in which it appears, will attract widespread attention to the progressive city of Wilmington.

TAFT CAN USE THE ARMY AND NAVY.

If there is to be any formidable insurgency on the part of ex-President Roosevelt, President Taft can fall back on the army and navy to suppress him. The President is commander-in-chief of both these arms of the republic's military service, while the Colonel has no force with which he can combat them in any contest extending beyond the mix-up at the Chicago convention.

While the fight between Taft and Roosevelt is still in progress, and will not be decided till the Ohio primaries are held next Tuesday, President Taft's campaign director has wired him from Washington that he already has 543 delegates pledged to him. That is three more than is necessary to nominate, even should his home State of Ohio go against him, a thing that hardly looks probable. However, the Colonel may divide the Ohio vote with him and get the ten votes which he claims will make him master of the convention instead of Taft.

We take it that Teddy, with all his bravado and bluff, is not so sure that he will "slug 'em over the ropes" at Chicago. He fears there might be some crooked work by which he will be skinned out of a victory. At any rate, he has his eyes skinned for trickery, and in his speech at Bellevue, Ohio, a few days ago he made this veiled threat: "I intend to take nothing that is not mine, but if anybody takes what is mine there will be a lively time." He added that if the people are for him he would not submit to be "cheated" out of their support. He says he already has more than 500 delegates and will be nominated on the first ballot. He doesn't propose to be chiseled out of his hard earned victory, and if he carries out his threat, it is quite likely that the Chicago police will be called out on the 18th of June. If that isn't sufficient, the President can call out the army and navy to hold him a while.

The New York World thinks, from the way the Colonel is talking, that he knows Taft will be nominated, and that he is preparing the way to bolt. it appears quite reasonable that he and his friends might bolt from the convention and hold a rump affair which would nominate him.

That outcome would not be surprising in view of the fact that the third termer in his Chicago speech, March 27th, declared that no Republican should feel obliged to support a candidate nominated by such methods as he charged were being used in Taft's interest. From present appearances, that Chicago convention is full of all kinds of astonishing, if not shocking, possibilities.

REPRESENTATIVE NORTH CAROLINIANS.

The Democrats of North Carolina should send representative men as delegates to the National Democratic convention which is to meet in Baltimore on the 25th of next month. They should be representative Democrats and representative North Carolinians. it is upon the patriotism and judgment of such men that the balance of us must rely, and when such men represent our party and our State it inspires within us confidence that they have acted with the best interests of the Republic, of the State, of the people, and of the party at heart. We are reminded to say this because of this remark by Charity and Children:

"We may be permitted to remark that two of our citizens ought to be sent as delegates at large to the Democratic convention in Baltimore. They are Mr. Edward J. Hale, of Fayetteville, and Gen. J. S. Carr, of Durham. We say this with no partisan thought in mind, but wholly on account of the service rendered to the State by these admirable citizens."

Both General Carr and Major Hale have been put forward for selection by the State Democratic Convention when it makes up its list of delegates to the National Convention. The Star has no candidates for the convention delegation as against any other equally as trustworthy and honored Democrats but we can say that General Carr and Major Hale are the type of men who would ably and typically represent the State of North Carolina as well as her Democracy. The Democrats of North Carolina would be willing to trust to the wise action of such men in a National gathering of the representative men of the different States of this Union. They have been honored in the past and they have always honored the State wherever they have been and in whatever capacity they have served. Most North Carolinians, without regard to politics or shades of party sentiment, would be proud to acknowledge them as typical and representative North Carolinians.

Senator Poindexter says there will be a readjustment of transcontinental railroad rates to meet the competition that will be brought about by steamship service through the Panama canal. Since the port of Wilmington is so near the canal, the transcontinenta rate from this port doubtless will have to be greatly lower than it is.

CURRENT COMMENT.

George Ade (laughter) announces that he is not a candidate for the nomination for Governor of Indiana. (Renewed laughter and applause).—New York World.

Of course those people who want to give Teddy a third term, are not averse to a recurrence of the panic of 1907 and the indefinite continuance of the industrial depression begun then and which still persists in many localities.—Harrisburg (Pa.) Star—Independent.

There died a few days ago in Scotland county a negro pastor who was worth more to the community where for more than 30 years he preached to one congregation, than all the locks and bulldogs in that neighborhood. He preached temperance, virtue and every form of righteousness all those years, and practiced what he preached. He was humble, polite and honest, and taught his people to be so. He was not a man of letters, although he was rather widely read for one of his race. His name was Simeon Dockery, and he has gone where the good negroes go. Peace to his ashes!—Charity and Children, Thomasville.

We want to see North Carolina grow rich as an agricultural State—and it can. Quoting an editorial from the Daily News on what the cold and far away little Kingdom of Denmark is doing, the Wilmington Star says: "Why should Denmark be setting North Carolina an example? Why does North Carolina have to pattern after Denmark? Just think of the difference between the grass-growing period of Denmark compared with that of North Carolina. We not only have the advantage of Denmark as to a long season of pasturage, but we have our cotton seed products right in our midst, the best cattle feed in all the world. The people in the cold climate of Denmark not only support themselves, but supply butter, cheese and meat to all the surrounding Nations. She is even supplying a large portion of the cheese we consume right here in North Carolina. For all we know, we may be getting from her some of the butter which we get from—we don't know where. When are we going to quit doing that kind of business?" North Carolina has almost every imaginable advantage over Denmark; but we have been slow to take advantage of our advantage. We are just beginning to imagine some of the many possibilities of our soil and climate. We are just beginning to realize that success can be atained, and that to attain it we must improve the quality and increase the quantity of our products. We must get to work to produce not only twice as much on a given amount of land, but to make the product twice as good. We must increase dairying and stock raising and produce stuff that will command sale and price. We must utilize some of our millions of unprofitable acres by putting them in grass and such crops as require a minimum of labor and a maximum of value as feed for stock. We must adopt definite and business-like methods.—Greensboro News.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

Announcement by Wilmington Pastors for Services Today.

First Church of Christ, Scientist, Market and Seventeenth streets—Services at 11 A. M.; subject of lesson sermon: "Mortals and Immortals." All are invited.

Christian church, Dock street, near Fourth, H. C. Bowen, pastor — Sunday school, 10 A. M., H. A. DeCoyer, superintendent. Preaching, 11 A. M., by the pastor: "Discipleship; 8 P. M., "Ye Must be Born Again." Christian Endeavor services, 7:30 P. M. Prayer meeting, Thursday, 8 P. M. A cordial welcome to all. Seats free.

St. Paul's Lutheran church, corner of Sixth and Market streets, Rev. W. A. Snyder, D. D., pastor.—English service, 11 A. M.; English vesper service, 8 P. M. Sunday school, 3:30 P. M. A cordial invitation to all. Seats free.

St. Mary's church, Fifth and Ann streets—First Mass, 7 A. M. Last Mass, sermon, 10:30 A. M. Vespers, 8 P. M.

Trinity Methodist church, corner Ninth and Market streets, Rev. R. C. Sell, pastor—Preaching at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Sunday school, at 3:30 P. M. The public is invited to all the services.

St. James' church, Rev. Wm. H. Milton, D. D., rector—Morning Prayer, at 11 A. M.; Evening Prayer, at 8 P. M. A cordial welcome is extended to all.

Grace Street Methodist church, corner Fourth and Grace streets, Rev. J. C. Wooten, pastor—At 11 A. M. and 8 P. M., sermons by the pastor. At 3:30 P. M., Sunday school, M. E. Allen, superintendent. You are cordially invited.

Brooklyn Baptist church, Rev. J. A. Sullivan, pastor—Services, Sunday, 11 A. M. and 8 P. M., Morning subject: "Thou." Evening subject: "Unpaid Vows." Sunday school at 3:30. Mr. S. F. Garrison, superintendent. Prayer meeting, Wednesday night. B. Y. P. U. Thursday night, and Teachers' Meeting Friday night. A cordial welcome to all services.

St. Thomas' church, Dock near Second streets—Mass, 9 A. M.; Sunday school, 3 P. M. May Devotions, and Benediction, 8 P. M. May Devotions every evening during the month of May, at 8 P. M.

CHARGE ABUSE OF FRANK

Representative Nelson Says Agricultural Department Attacks Witness

Washington, May 18.—Charging that the Department of Agriculture is daily circulating under a frank, matter attacking witnesses who have testified in the preliminary hearing on the Meat Inspection Service before the House Committee on Expenditures in the Department of Agriculture, Representative Nelson, of Wisconsin, today introduced a resolution which would provide for a special committee of five members of the House to investigate by what authority the Department of Agriculture circulates "alleged news matter" under frank. Mr. Nelson is the author of the resolution for a full investigation of the Meat Inspection Service.

Representative Moss, of Indiana, chairman of the House Committee on Expenditures in the Agriculture Department surprised that committee today by announcing that under his direction a well-known expert veterinarian, whose identity he withheld, was quietly investigating the packing centers. Representative Nelson asked that Dr. J. F. Harms, of Fremont, Ohio, one of 15 scientists whom Mr. Nelson has offered in order to substantiate his charges be produced as a witness. The committee agreed to hear both Dr. Harms and the unknown independent investigator.

REPLIES TO INQUIRER.

The Morning Star, Wilmington, N. C.:—I notice in this morning's paper a communication signed Inquirer, who seems to be bemoaning the idea of Hon. Oscar W. Underwood's receiving votes from the G. A. R. I wish to call Inquirer's attention to the fact that this is the South "Solid."

From time to time we have been helping the North, East and West to nominate a candidate and they in turn repudiate our action by aiding in his defeat. Now the "Solid" South has a candidate whose social, religious or political character has never been impeached and we had as well stand by him as to bray ourselves to insignificance for another section that will repudiate their own man as Ohio is threatening to do today.

Suppose we right about and examine ourselves. C.

Rosindale, N. C., May 18th.

Muskogee, Okla., May 18.—Five Indian boys, all under 15 years of age, were burned to death in a fire which destroyed the dormitory of the Creek and Seminole college at Boley, Okla., early today. The fire originated in the kitchen of the structure and spread with great rapidity. Seven boys and four teachers, the only other occupants of the building, were rescued with difficulty. The origin of the fire is undetermined.

THE MYSTERIOUS ART OF MAKING SHOES

A most attractive line of men's shoes comes to us this season from a splendidly organized corps of skilled shoemakers — each one a specialist in the "Mysterious Art" of making shies.

Quality is Ever the First Consideration in Eaton Co.'s factory, where these shoes are made.

The EATON CO. Name upon a Shoe Means Quality.

The styles will appeal to you instantly: They are "different" and at the same time practical.

Every part of a new last is **tested** by standard measurements and then **proved** on various types of feet before ever a new model is introduced by the Eaton Co.

The Eaton Co. name on shoes guarantees to you the same undisputed value as the stamp of the United States mint attaches to gold bullion. It is a mark of Quality.

Now is the best time to make your selection of these shoes for Spring.

Vici, Gun Metal, Tan and Patent Leather.

The prices stamped on each pair—$3.50, $4.00 and $5.00.

Dolly Madison Shoes, $3.00.

J. H. Rehder & Co.
THE POPULAR DEPARTMENT STORE

James Means' Shoes, $3.00.

The FIRM THAT PAYS YOUR CARFARE

PRIMARY AT ROCKY POINT.

Delegates to County Convention Selected—Other News Notes.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Rocky Point, N. C., May 18.—The primary at Rocky Point passed off quietly. The following delegates were elected to the county convention at Burgaw next Saturday: T. J. Armstrong, W. W. Miler, R. S. Futch, W. S. Balcombe. They go uninstructed. Executive Committee: T. J. Brown, H. B. Bloodworth, W. W. Miller, E. McLendon, J. E. Durham, chairman.

The first shipment of beans was consigned to A. F. Young & Co., of New York, today and was shipped by Lewis Henry Moore, colored, of Moretown. Wax beans $2,00 to $2.50 today's New York market. Potatoes will not go forward much before the first of June. Cucumbers are very materially hurt by continued cold nights, and the crop will be materially cut off.

Mr. Graham Shaw, of Denver, Colo., after a stay of several months, visiting the scenes of his early youth, is now returning to his home.

BOY'S HEAD SEVERED.

Six-Year-Old Son of Mr. and Mrs. Latham Suffers Accident.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Washington, N. C., May 18.—Bennis, the six-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. John E. Latham, had his head nearly severad from his body yesterday at the home of his parents at Jessama and while his condition today is precarious, the physicians think there is a slight chance for his recovery. Daniel Latham, the 18-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Latham, was engaged with a bush axe in cutting the shrubbery from the ditch banks on the farm and the little fellow was following him as the work was being done. The elder son did not know that his younger brother was so near and in attempting to cut the shrubbery, the axe struck him on the back of the neck, cuting a deep and serious gash. The unfortunate little fellow was carried to his home and medical aid summoned.

Tomorrow Night "Souvenir Dance," and competitive drill by W. L. I. Trains leave Front and Princess streets 8:00, 8:30 and 9:00 P. M. Leave Lumina 10:45 and 11:15 P. M. **

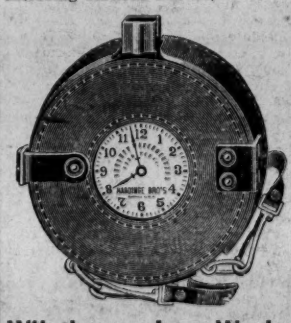
NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

The public is respectfully informed that the facilities of the various departments of this Bank are not reserved exclusively for our Depositors. This institution was established to serve the people of this community. Any business having to do with the handling of money will receive careful attention.

The Southern National Bank

YOUR WATCHMAN?

Your watchman without a watchman's clock can leave your plant or go to sleep without your knowledge. Reduce your insurance and order today one of our Nine Station Patrol Watchman's Clocks for $40.00, including stations and keys.



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Erectors of up-to-date factory machinery and supplies.

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Can Be Found at
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ONE-PRICE :: CLOTHIERS :: AND :: FURNISHERS.
Boys' Wash Suits in the Latest Patterns.
Straw Hats for Men, Young Men and Children.
See Our Stock of Negligee Shirts before you buy.
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'Phone No. 617. Masonic Bldg.
MEMBERS OF TRADE EXTENSION ASSOCIATION
Our store closes at 6 P. M., except Saturdays, 12 P. M.

Real Life Insurance

Life Insurance is a mighty Good thing, and every man should have a Good policy in a Good company.

But, isn't Life Insurance really Death Insurance?

Why not have a little Real Life Insurance, too?

A deposit in this bank is yours, live or die; and it's ready for use whenever you want it. Always growing. Ever increasing.

The Longer it stays the Bigger it grows—because we Add to It Four Per Cent., Compound Interest.

HOME SAVINGS BANK
115 No. Front St. Orton Bldg.

Special Sale at Reduced Prices
BROWN AND WHITE COOKING EARTHENWARE
Coffee Servers, Coffee Pots, Tea Pots, Pitchers, French Covered Stew Pans, Round Covered Casseroles, Oval Casseroles, Mixing Bowls, Nappies, Cocottes (with handle), Ramekins and Custard or Bean Cups.
WE CONSIDER THIS AN OPPORTUNITY FOR BARGAINS
PECK & HOLLOWAY
'Phone: 612.

ENGINE GASOLINE
PERFECT FUEL FOR ALL GASOLINE ENGINES
MORE POWER
MORE RUNNING HOURS
FOR LESS MONEY
DROP US A CARD
If you operate a Gasoline Engine and we will show you how to Save Money on your Fuel bill.
CAPE FEAR OIL CO., Wilmington, N. C.
Kerosene, Gasoline and Lubricating Oils.

CITY TAX RATE WILL BE $1.75

Council Practically Decided Upon This At Conference Yesterday—Budget Calls for Total of About $265,000

With another conference yesterday morning lasting for about an hour and a half, Council has practically settled upon the budget for the next fiscal year, aggregating in round numbers $265,000, including about $79,000 interest on improvement bonds. It was also announced following the meeting yesterday, that the ad valorem tax on real and personal property for the year will probably be fixed at $1.75, which is an increase of 45 cents over the rate for the present fiscal year and 10 cents more than it was thought a few days ago it would be necessary to levy, with the many improvements that have been undertaken.

When Council met yesterday morning the first thing to be done was to shave down considerably, items from the different departments, the total having run up higher than the estimated revenues of the city, even figuring the rate at $1.75. However, it was said that there has not as yet been any shaving down in the salaries of the higher paid men. Nearly all the improvements desired by the different departments have been provided in th budget as it now stands. Council decided to hold a conference at 3 o'clock Wednesday afternoon, one hour preceding the regular session, for the purpose of giving further consideration to the budget and tax rate. The following statement was issued from the City Hall yesterday, setting forth Council's position in the matter of the increased tax levy:

"In 1908, the city government anticipating heavy loss of revenue on account of the prohibition measures, made the city tax rate $1.60. Owing to the fact that prohibition measures did not take effect as early as anticipated and that near-beer licenses were permitted for some time afterward a considerable surplus was accumulated in 1909 and the city government found it possible to reduce the tax to less than its normal proportion, believing it was not proper to assess for more than the actual expenses of the city year by year. The same course was followed in 1910 and 1911 with the result that the surplus previously accumulated has been gradually used up though with a saving for three years to the taxpayers of about $60,000 in taxes.

'The present government finds itself confronted with the necessity for an increased expenditure due to increase of the interest on bond issues and to the necessity for more effective health measures and will probably have to raise the rate above the normal rate which ordinarily would obtain. The total for three years past is really less than would have been paid if the normal rate had been regularly maintained of the probable increase from $1.20 to $1.75; 15 cents will be required to pay interest on the issue of bonds sold the 1st of January and 30 cents the loss resulting from revenue from prohibition. There is also a loss from the cost received in the Mayor's court which the city formerly had the benefit of, amounting to about $2,000 per annum.

'It may be noted that Wilmington is passing from the stage of the small town with unimproved streets, unlighted thoroughfares to that of a city where expenses are very much increased by the necessity for providing more protection and comforts for its citizens and is hampered by the fact that the taxable values do not follow market values with any relativeness. With a reasonably proper valuation of the property the tax rate would yield more income if placed at one-half of the present rate."

TO SPEND DAY AT BEACH.

Annual 20th of May Celebration of W. L. I. Tomorrow—Holiday.

Members of the Wilmington Light Infantry are looking forward with anticipation to the annual 20th of May Celebration on Wrightsville Beach tomorrow, and all are making enthusiastic preparations to attend. The entire day will be spent at the resort and will be marked by a number of different features, including the annual competitive shoot for the company medal, the shoot between the rifle teams of the active W. L. I. and the Reserve Corps and the company drill and dance at night.

Rivalry is keen this year in the company shoot and some fine scores will no doubt be made. Then, too, the shoot between the two rifle teams will be keenly contested.

The company drill on the ball room floor at Lumina is always a feature of much interest and a fancy squad drill this year will lend additional novelty to the event.

The Kneisel orchestra will furnish the music for the dance and it is expected that the attendance will be very large. A special car service will be maintained during the evening for those who wish to attend the dance.

Monday is a legal holiday in North Carolina. The banks and public offices will be closed and probably a number of mercantile houses will observe the day.

Opens Branch at Liverpool

Many Wilmington friends of Mr. Nash DeRosset will be interested to know that he is to go to Liverpool July 1st, to establish a manufacturing plant as the European branch of the United States Drug Co., of Boston. Mr. DeRosset will have charge of this immense plant in England and it is quite a compliment and shows the high reputation he has gained in the business world. His many Wilmington friends will congratulate him upon his selection as the man in charge of the foreign businesss.

Meeting This Morning.

Mr. G. E. Leftwich will speak this morning at 10 o'clock at the meeting of the B. Y. P. U. of the First Baptist Church. His subject will be "Responsibility of Stewardship." Miss Maude Pulluck and Mr. F. E. McCravy will sing a duet. All young people of the city are cordially invited to attend this service. Visitors in the city will be extended a warm welcome.

Four Great Pictures

The Grand will offer the best bill of the week tomorrow. **

WILSON LEADS NEW HANOVER

New Jersey Candidate Will Get Nearly Half of Local Vote for President —Remainder Divided Among Other Candidates

In common with nearly every other county in North Carolina New Hanover held a primary, or rather precinct meetings, yesterday for the purpose of selecting delegates to the county convention to be held next Saturday, at which time delegates to the State and Senatorial conventions will be named. The meetings in this county were held last night and the returns from all but a few of the precincts, having only a total of seven votes out of 84 in the convention, indicate that Woodrow Wilson, of New Jersey, candidate for President, not only leads in the county, but will receive nearly half of the entire vote.

Some of the friends of the New Jersey candidate had counted on 75 per cent and were therefore somewhat disappointed, but others, not so sanguine, announced that they were satisfied with the result as indicated. Of course, it is not known for a certainty how the delegates stand, but the general impression seemed to be that about one-half of the delegates selected to the county convention are in favor of Wilson, though quite a number of Wilsonites are said to be opposed to instructions for any candidate. Underwood appears to be the leader among the others. Those opposed to Wilson claim to have a majority in the convention which meets next Saturday.

The result was not learned last night from Cape Fear township, which has two votes, Masonboro, Federal Point and Seven-Mile Post, Harnett township, having one vote each, were not heard from last night. No matter how the delegates from these precincts stand they cannot materially change the result.

First Ward

The First Ward, both precincts, met at Genaust's store at Fourth street bridge, with W. F. Jones, Esq., as chairman, and Mr. R. F. Weaver as secretary. Delegates from the first precinct were chosen as follows: J. D. Taliferro, 13 votes; W. F. Jones, 17; J. B. Elkins, 15; W. C. Boesch, 17; A. G. Rocker, 12; J. A. Lewis, 14; R. L. Harker, 13; W. L. West, 16.

Second precinct—John Barry, Chas. Kunold, P. J. Breen, C. F. W. Rehder, Joe Schad, F. P. Lamb, C. W. Suggs, W. H. Howe, seven each. It was reported that the First Ward, neither precinct, will give Wilson any strength.

Scattering votes were received as follows: W. Williams, B. C. Moore; W. F. Furpless, C. C. Rice, R. F. Weaver, John Glisson, C. McD. Jones, C. A. Turley, receiving one each.

Three Wards at Court House

Three wards held their meeting at the Court House, these being Second, Third and Fourth Wards.

Mr. Martin O'Brien was chairman of the Second Ward delegation and Mr. M. H. Brimmer was secretary. The following were named as the delegates: D. L. Latta, 65 votes; W. A. McGirt, 54; G. J. Boney, 54; George Chesnut, 37; Martin O'Brien, 37; Jas. I. Metts, 36; John S. McEachern, 39; J. G. L. Gieschen, 36; Paul Satchwell, 36; J. C. Slocumb, Jr., 36; M. Newman, 36; H. G. Smallbones, 36; Wm. E. Springer, 36; T. E. Sprunt, 68; It is said that about seven of the 14 delegates are in favor of Wilson. The following were nominated but failed of election: S. A. Troy, 31; F. G. Rice, 31; S. A. Scott, 32; W. P. Sprunt, 32; W. F. Corbett, 32; W. A. McLain, 29; M. H. Brimmer, 36; J. E. Thompson, 34; C. E. Haskett, 32; E. H. Munson, 34.

Third Ward

Mr. J. M. Solky was chairman and Mr. W. W. Love secretary in the Third Ward. The delegates named are as follows: Col. Walker Taylor, 68; Marsden Bellamy, 50; J. M. Solky, 48; Horace Emerson, 68; Joseph W. Yates, 70; Hugh MacRae, 67; Ed. Metts, 50; Hon. John D. Bellamy, 49; L. E. Hall, 69; John J. Furlong, 48; D. H. Howes, 49; W. P. Mangum Turner, 50; S. J. Ellis, 70; J. A. Taylor, 69; J. D. Kelly, 69; H. E. Bonitz, 23; W. W. Love, 23.

Those nominated, but not elected, were: John R. Hanby, 22; O. L. Brown, 21; A. C. Boney, 22; A. H. Creasy, 20; W. G. Farmer, 21; R. M. Shepherd, 21; H. H. Merritt, 21; C. D. Weeks, 11; J. V. Grainger, 2; H. S. Fennell, 3; H. L. Vollers, 8; R. L. Shepherd, 1; John H. Niggell, 1; J. Frank Jarman, 1; L. B. Sassar, 1. It is said that of the total vote of 17 in the Third Ward that Wilson will get 11 and the other six will be divided.

Fifth Ward

The meetings in the Fifth Ward were held at the Market House, Fifth and Castle streets, both precincts, but they were held separately.

Fourth Ward

The Fourth Ward meeting, also held at the Court House, was presided over by Mr. H. C. McQueen, and Mr. Jas. H. Cowan was secretary. The delegates were elected as follows. Robert Ruark, 32; T. W. Davis, 32; J. T. Sholar, 42; L. W. Moore, 38; J. H. Cowan, 32; M. J. Corbett, 32; J. B. Mercer, 32; L. J. Poisson, 32; E. P. Bailey, 44; A. G. Ricaud, 32, and Waddell Watters 21. Mr. "Jack" Bellamy received 20 votes and he retired in favor of Mr. Watters. Others voted for but not chosen, were: J. R. Murchison, 15; H. Woolcott, 14; M. F. H. Gouverneur, 1; Geo. R. French, 13; Geo. Honnet, Jr., 15; J. W. Stanley, 14; J. M. Hall, 15; B. F. Brittain, 19; S. M. Chase, 5. It is said that all but four of the Fourth Ward delegation are opposed to Wilson.

Mr. George Harriss called the meeting to order in the First precinct of the Fifth Ward and Mr. R. A. Burnett was elected permanent chairman. The following were elected delegates on first ballot: B. F. King, Jr., C. C. Loughlin, J. R. Kennedy, Walter G. Hatch, S. A. Mathews, Woodus Kellum, 16. The other nine were named on secured ballot, as follows: J. V. McAlister, W. A. McGowan and R. H. Reville. Others voted on but not elected, were: George Harriss, 10; O. H. Kennedy, 10; J. R. Davis, 8; M. G. Tiencken, 10; H. G. Walton, 10; B. T. Hopkins, 3; R. C. DeRosset, 1; D. L. T. Capps, 1.

In the second precinct of the Fifth Ward John W. Gafford, Esq., presided and Mr. J. H. Taylor, Jr., was secretary. Delegates were named as follows: W. P. Gafford, Esq., 9; J. H. Taylor, Jr., 9; J. E. Smith, 9; Marsden Sellers, 8; L. M. LeGwin, 9; B. B. Cameron, 9; Buck Curtis, 9; W. E. Mann, 9.

At Delgado, J. O. Carr, Esq., and J. H. Sykes were elected as delegates. Both favor uninstructed delegations to State convention, it is said.

At Seagate Sheriff S. P. Cowan was elected as delegate.

It was learned last night that no meeting was held at Masonboro.

BEACH OPENING NEAR AT HAND

All Hotels Making Preparations for a Very Prosperous and Successful Season—Cottagers Moving Down.

The formal opening of the season at Wrightsville Beach is now practically but little over a week away and it is expected that within the next two weeks many guests will be registered at the several hotels at the well known resort.

Every indication continues to point to one of the most successful seasons in the history of the resort, and the managers of the hotels are daily booking reservations from prospective visitors. This week's issue of the Southern Hotel Journal was devoted to Summer resorts and a very prominent display was given Wrightsville Beach and its many facilities for pleasure and recreation.

Manager Jesse Couch, of the Oceanic Hotel, who has been here for some time making arrangements for the opening, returned yesterday from a trip to his home at Atlanta, accompanied by Mrs. Couch, who will spend the Summer at the Oceanic with him. Everything is now in readiness for the opening at the Oceanic and Mr. Couch is looking forward to a prosperous season.

At the Seashore Hotel Capt. Edgar L. Hinton is rapidly completing the arrangements for the opening on June 1st and a number of his large staff of assistants are already at the beach. One wing of the hotel has been open for some time and a number of visitors have enjoyed the hospitality there. The Seashore Cafe has been operating in conjunction with that part of the hotel which is open.

The Hanover Inn, the new hotel at the beach, a number of guests are already enjoying the pleasures of the resort. This hostelry has been open since May 13th. Mr. Warren H. Williams, formerly of Atlanta, is managing the new hotel and Mrs. Williams and little daughter, Valyne, have arrived to join him. Mr. Williams is confident that the Hanover Inn will enjoy a most successful season. He states that indications are that more Atlanta people will visit the resort this year than ever before.

Many of the cottagers have already moved to the beach and are enjoying the delightful Spring weather there. Many others will move down this week and others next week and by June 1st the Summer colony of Wilmingtonians on the beach will be about complete. The colony this year will be larger than heretofore, as many new cottages have been built since last season.

ICE AND STORAGE COMPANY.

Charter Granted Yesterday for Important New Wilmington Concern.

Information was received from Raleigh yesterday that the Secretary of State had granted a charter to the Wilmington Ice & Storage Company, mention of which was made in The Star some days ago. The cold storage feature of the company will give to Wilmington something it has not had, but which it had long needed and which should be most liberally patronized by the public generally. Nearly all the members of the company are large consumers of ice and it is not the purpose of the company to cater to the retai trade and it will not run any delivery wagons. A site has been selected on the wharf, most conveniently located, and the machinery, made by the York Machinery Co., of York, Pa., has already been ordered. It is hoped to begin operations of the plan not later than the 10th of July.

The ice plant will have a capacity of 10 to 12 tons a day and the storage will have a capacity of six to eight cars with reserve available machinery capacity of 10 additional cars storage capacity.

Mr. Ed Taylor will be president of the company and Mr. C. W. Nixon will be secretary and treasurer. Mr. R. H. Reville will be the superintendent in charge of the operation of the plant. He has had a number of years' experience in the operation of a cold storage plant. The output of the ice plant is practically contracted for now and a large number of people have already asked for cold storage privileges.

The authorized capital stock of the company is $100,000, but it will begin business on $12,500. The incorporators are C. W. Nixon, Ed Taylor, J. W. Brooks, W. J. Reaves and D. M. Davis. Wilmington welcomes the new enterprise, which will doubtless be a success from the start.

Real Estate Transfers.

Deeds were filed for record yesterday as follows: The American Suburban Corporation to Chas. E. Smith, for $400, lots 18 and 19 in block 6, Carolina Place; Frank H. Russell and wife to W. A. McGowan, for $100 and other considerations, lot on Taylor, 90 feet east of Ninth street; J. W. Kerr and wife to E. A. Kerr, for $100 and other considerations, lot on northwest corner of Fourth and Harnett streets, 68x157 feet in size; Jno. D. Bellamy and wife to Southeastern Realty Company, for $1,000 and other considerations, lot on southeast corner of 15th and Grace streets; Dr. Chas. T. Harper and wife to David Bryant, for $100 and other considerations, tract in Harnett township, containing about 10 acres.

Carolina Place Lots.

Mr. Jas. Owen Reilly, local agent of the American Suburban Corporation, yesterday sold to Mr. W. A. Woods lots 11 and 12 in block 22, and lot 10 in block 15, Carolina Place, for a total consideration of about $1,025, and to Mr. J. G. Ittner, for a consideration of $1,500, lots 10, 11 and 12 in block 6, of the attractive suburb. The Carolina Place lots are going rapidly since the recent improvements to the property.

WAR DEPARTMENT APPROVES

Government Sanctions Hungry Neck Site as Location for Bridge Between New Hanover and Pender Counties.

The United States War Department, in a communication received yesterday by Mr. A. D. O'Brien, the engineer for the boards of commissioners of New Hanover and Pender counties, appointed to arrange for the erection of a bridge over the Northeast branch of the Cape Fear river, set its official stamp of approval of the Hungry Neck site, and put to an end the long fight over the location of the bridge. As soon as the details of the contract can be arranged and agreed upon the work upon the structure will be started.

All that remains to be done before the actual starting of the work is for the bridge committee, composed of Commissioner Divine, of New Hanover, and Commissioner Armstrong, of Pender, to get together with a representative of the Virginia Bridge & Iron Company, which has been awarded the contract for the erection of the bridge, and agree upon the time clause and a few other matters in connection with the fulfillment of the contract. It is probable that a meeting will be held in the near future to arrange the final details, and it is possible that the actual work of construction will be started within six weeks or two months.

The fight over the location of the bridge between New Hanover and Pender dates back almost to the inception of the movement for a bridge. The commissioners of the two counties acting jointly when asking for bids, asked for bids on both the Hungry Neck site and the Blossom's Ferry site. When the bids were opened the proposal of the Virginia Bridge & Iron Company, to erect the bridge at the Hungry Neck site, was considered most advantageous, but later when the New Hanover Commissioners met to ratify the action of the joint board they disagreed and the matter was finally held up. Some time later the New Hanover Commissioners voted to ratify the action of the joint meeting in awarding the contract provided a clause be inserted in the resolution making the award subject to the approval of the War Department.

A delegation of river men then appeared before Major H. W. Stickle, the United States Engineer here, and protested against the Hungry Neck site. Major Stickle set a date for a hearing on the matter and both sides were represented at the meeting.

Major Stickle then sent his recommendations in the matter to Washington and the War Department took action on the matter favorable to the Hungry Neck site, and notified Mr. O'Brien accordingly. He received the communication yesterday morning.

QUICK DESPATCH.

Steamer Wilmington on and Off Marine Railway—Capt Stickle.

The past week demonstrated beyond peradventure that of the enterprises recently established in Wilmington none has proved of greater advantage to the port than the new marine railway recently established on the west side of the river by interests identified with The Stone Company and the Wilmington Iron Works and which has proved already a very valuable asset of the city. Few people realize really what a great improvement this is in port facilities and what it is worth to the maritime interests of the port. A gentleman remarked yesterday that the marine railway affords Wilmington port facilities second to none south of Cape Henry. These gentlemen invested their money and have built a railway that is more than satisfactory for general use.

During the past week the handsome steamer Wilmington was docked after her regular run on Thursday evening, was thoroughly cleaned and everything completed and the steamer launched again in 24 hours. When it is recalled that one man recently lost not less than $10,000 and had a narrow escape with his own life in trying to reach another port to get similar work done, it will be readily appreciated what this railway means to the port. It is one of the greatest of the progressive steps that Wilmington has taken in a long time.

In this connection it is interesting to know that the steamer Wilmington has now entered upon its regular Summer excursion business and that the outlook for a great season was never brighter. The following letter was forwarded yesterday and is self explanatory:

"Maj. H. W. Stickle, U. S. A., Corps of Engineers, Wilmington, N. C.

"Sir:—At a meeting of 23 citizens of Federal Point township, the following committee was appointed to thank you for your personal and individual efforts in having the money available for the deepening of the cut going into Carolina Beach pier.

"A. W. PATE.
"J. W. HARPER.
"H. A. KURE."

EXCURSION TO CAROLINA BEACH.

Marine Engineers to Enjoy Their Annual Outing.

The Marine Engineers Beneficial Association of this city will run its annual excursion to Carolina Beach Thursday, May 30th, and it is expected that a large number of the members and their friends will enjoy the day at the well known resort. A committee is arranging for music and refreshments and there will be other features to add to the pleasure of the outing. The steamer Wilmington will make three trips during the day, leaving the Princess street wharf at 9 A. M., 2:30 and 7:30 P. M. On the last return trip up the river the steamer will arrive in the city about midnight.

Collision on Cape Fear.

The st eamer Susquehanna, of the Ocean Fisheries fleet, and the schooner Isabel, belonging to merchants at Little River, S. C., were in collision on the Cape Fear yesterday morning about 7 o'clock at a point about four miles below the plant of the Ocean Fisheries Company, and as a result the schooner sank in about five feet of water. Later in the day the vessel was raised and it is not thought that the damage will amount to much. From what could be learned last evening neither vessel was at fault and the collision seemed to have been unavoidable.

One of the Oldest and Best Known Banking Institutions of Wilmington

THE PEOPLES SAVINGS BANK

U. S. Government Depository.
Corner Front and Princess Streets.

A BUSY, SUCCESSFUL BANK.

NEW Depositors and New Business Come to this Bank every day because the Service and Safety we offer makes for success and satisfaction. We shall be glad to have YOU Bank with us.

4% Interest Compounded Quarterly Paid on All Accounts.

$1,600.00 LOST!

"Kershaw, S. C., May 9.—Fire which destroyed Mrs. Alberta Kees' cottage at midnight last night consumed sixteen hundred dollars in currency which she had in a shot box in a closet."

In this case, not only a loss of interest, amounting to $64.00 per year, but the whole principal gone up in smoke!

This bank offers a safe depository for savings, and allows 4 % interest, compounded quarterly.

The Wilmington Savings & Trust Co.

Princess Street, between Front and Second

Oldest, Largest and Strongest North Carolina Savings Bank.

To Property Owners

Are your Houses bringing the income they should? Do you receive your statements promptly? Is the upkeep given proper attention?

Try FOSTER'S Agency for a while. Collecting Rents is our Specialty.

D. R. FOSTER & COMPANY

112 PRINCESS ST. 'PHONE: 1220

THE C. W. POLVOGT COMPANY

'The Store That's Always Busy."

The New "Double Service" House Dresses for Spring are Here

So cleverly constructed are these "Double Service" dresses that they do duty both as apron and dress.

They appeal to every woman who appreciates neatness and attractiveness in their house dresses, for besides the very unique featurs of the "Double Service" Dresses, they are at the same time most practical.

The illustration gives some idea of how they are made. No buttons to fasten—no inconvenient hooks and eyes. They're slipped on and adjusted in a jiffy by a belt around the Waist which snaps in the back with patent fasteners.

The new Spring "Double Service" Dresses are just unpacked. The materials are neat percales in checks, stripes and small plaids.

Priced at $2.00

$4.00 MESSALINE PETTICOATS in solid Green, Navy, Red, Pink; also in changeable colors; Special, for $2.50 each.

NEW VOILE DRESSES, Lace and Embroidery Trimmed; latest styles; $6.00, $7.50, $10.00 and $12.50.

LINEN AND PONGEE AUTO. COATS just received; $6.00 and $7.00 values; Special offer, $4.00 each.

WHITE FELT AND DUTCH HATS, for Ladies and Misses; new assortment just received, $1.00 to $4.00 each.

THE C. W. POLVOGT COMPANY

SOCIAL & PERSONAL

Capt. and Mrs. C. D. Maffitt have moved to their cottage on Wrightsville Beach for the Summer season.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. H. McL. Green have moved to their Summer home on Wrightsville Beach for the season.

* * *

The monthly meeting of Cape Fear Chapter, U. D. C., will be held tomorrow afternoon at 5 o'clock in the W. L. I. armory.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. N. E. Bunting and son, Master William McDuffie Bunting, left yesterday for a visit to their old home at Fayetteville.

* * *

Mrs. Martha H. Longfellow and little daughter, Miss Mellie Guilford, are visiting their uncle, Mr. J. C. Horne, at Magnolia, N. C., for a few days.

* * *

Mrs. Jas. A. Oldham and children, Miss Dorothy and Master Guilford, spent Thursday in Magnolia, N. C., to see their grandmother, Mrs. Horne, who is quite sick.

* * *

Miss Annie Belle Campbell, Miss Emma Belle LeGwin and Miss Louise Sholar left Friday evening to attend the May Day Festival at the State Normal and Industrial College at Greensboro, N. C.

* * *

Miss Effie Johnson, of Duplin county, after pleasantly spending several days in the city with her relatives, Mrs. E. F. Johnson and family, No. 10 North Ninth street, returned home yesterday morning.

* * *

Accompanied by Mrs. Milton, Rev. Dr. Wm. H. Milton, rector of St. James' Episcopal Church, left yesterday morning for Edenton, where he will attend the annual Council of the Diocese of East North Carolina.

* * *

The Woman's Missionary Society of the First Baptist Church will meet tomorrow afternoon at 4 o'clock. The subject for the discussion will be Africa. Mrs. E. P. Brock will lead the devotional service. Members are requested to be present.

* * *

It will be of interest to their many friends in Wilmington and elsewhere, to know that the wedding of Miss Helene Trenholm and Mr. F. Nash de-Rosset, whose engagement was recently announced, will take place the latter part of June, in Aiken, S. C. They will sail about July the first for Liverpool, their future home.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. L. Clayton Grant and Dr. and Mrs. J. H. Drener returned yesterday from Columbus, Ga., where Messrs. Grant and Dreher have been in attendance on the Southern Handicap shoot the past week. Both were enthusiastic over the trip and both made excellent showings in the great handicap shoot. The winning score of the day was 91 and Dr. Dreher made 89 and Mr. Grant made 82. These scores are excellent, considering the extremely unfavorable weather conditions.

* * *

LAST BUSINESS MEETING FOR YEAR HELD YESTERDAY

The last business meeting of North Carolina Sorosis for the fiscal year was held yesterday afternoon in the reading room at the Masonic Temple, at which time the reports of the retiring president, the chairmen of the different committees and the delegates to the State Federation at Winston-Salem were read, and the new president, Mrs. Walter Williamson, took the chair for the ensuing year.

Mrs. Herbert McClammy, the retiring president, presented a splendid paper, giving a most comprehensive and interesting account of the work accomplished by Sorosis during the year. The paper was finely written, was read in a most impressive manner and held the interest of the gathering throughout. Under Mrs. McClammy's leadership the club accomplished much during the past year and it is with universal regret that the members see her retire from the presidency.

The reports of the chairmen of the different departments were also of utmost interest and pictured in a most graphic manner the many different lines of civic activity in which Sorosis has exerted itself during the past year, and also of the results accomplished by their efforts.

Last, but by no means least in interest, was the report of the delegates to the State Federation of Woman's Clubs at Winston-Salem, which was heard with great pleasure and undivided interest by all.

Mrs. Walter Williamson, the newly-elected president, took the chair for the ensuing year. She is an able leader for the club and the members are looking forward to a year of progress under her direction. Many additional activities are planned and it is expected that the organization will be an even greater factor in the civic improvement of the city than it has heretofore.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

—After a very successful week in Wilmington, Dr. J. J. McKanna will leave this morning for his sanitarium in Reidsville, N. C.

—Mr. J. M. Bass left yesterday to spend Sunday in Bennettsville, S. C.

—Mr. F. A. Cashwell is spending several days in Raleigh on business.

—Col. Jas. I. Metts returned yesterday from Raleigh, where he attended the meeting of the officers of the North Carolina National Guard, called together especially to give instructions to the officers by U. S. Reguars.

—Among the arrivals at The Southern yesterday were J. E. Bachelor, Hartsville, S. C.; R. B. Henry, Atkinson; F. J. Flowers, Zara; W. T. Norris, Teacheys; John F. Rivers, Polkton; J. A. Hearn, Willard; R. S. McWhite, Lumberton; P. S. Porter, Kelly; A. Taylor, Hamlet.

I have every facility for making accuracte examinations of the eyes, and will tell you frankly whether glasses are needed or not. Eyes tested free. Eye glasses from $1 up. Dr. Vineberg the Eye Specialist, Masonic Temple. **

New York's Water Supply

A picture that should appeal to everybody. Interesting and instructive. At The Grand Theatre tomorrow. **

LOCAL DOTS.

—The annual meeting of the Hebrew Relief Association will be held this afternoon at 3 o'clock at the Vestry of the Temple of Israel. All members are urgently requested to attend.

—Patrolmen Jesse Brown, A. E. Dew and R. L. Johnson have handed in their resignations as members of the police force during the past week. The vacancies will probably be filled within the next few days.

—In a close and exciting game yesterday the Delgado Juniors defeated the "Dry Pond Bullies" by the score of 3 to 2. Arthur and Horne officiated for Delgado and Greenwald and Streeter did the honors for the "Dry Ponders."

—Report has been made to the police station of a cutting affair said to have occurred at Chadbourn May 15th, when Willie Simpkins, colored, cut another negro, who is in a serious condition. Simpkins is believed to have come to this city.

—There being no cases on the docket the Recorder's court was not in session yesterday. Monday morning two cases against Rufus Light and William Jones, both colored, charged with violating the prohibition law, which were continued from Friday's session, will be tried.

—The Star is requested to publish the following: "Notice—Come to Mt. Zion A. M. E. Church today. One of the best speakers of the A. M. E. Zion Church will preach for us all day. The Rev. A. McCallum, D. D., of Newbern, N. C. Come and hear him. E. T. Bailey, Pastor."

—The B. A. C. team defeated the C. A. C. nine yesterday afternoon at the Baraca diamond at 17th and Princess streets, the former team winning both games, the first by the score of 4 to 3 and the second 6 to 3. The batting of Fowler was the feature, he getting two two-base hits and two singles.

—Messrs. J. N. Brittain and Jos. H. Hinton were arrested yesterday by deputies from the sheriff's office for speeding on the Castle Haynes road Friday night. Mr. Brittain submitted before Magistrate Harriss yesterday and was fined $5 and costs. Mr. Hinton's case will be tried Monday.

—Owing to the serious illness of Mrs. G. S. Ferguson, wife of Judge Ferguson, of Waynesville, Judge O. H. Allen, of Kinston, will preside over the May term of New Hanover Superior Court, which begins Monday, May 27th. The term is for two weeks and for the trial of civil cases only.

—With three teams tied for first place the Sunday School baseball league finihsed the scheduled games of the first series yesterday afternoon. The Episcopal, First Presbyterian and Fifth Street Methodist nines each have a percentage of .830. The deciding games will be played this week.

—A report was received here yesterday to the effect that two negroes had broken into the sheriff's office at Jacksonville, Onslow county, Friday. The report did not state as to whether the intruders secured anything or not. Two negroes, John Humphreys and Dave Robinson, are suspected. They are believed to be making their way toward Wilmington.

THREE PERSONS MISSING.

Believed to Have Disappeared With Auto and Diamonds.

W. J. Carson and R. Carson, who have been running a garage and repair shop in the city for the past several months, are missing, and the police are making efforts to locate and have them arrested on charges of larceny by trick. It is alleged that when the two men disappeared they took with them an automobile and about $400 worth of diamonds belonging to other parties. The automobile is said to belong to Mr. J. O. Brock and the diamonds are claimed by the proprietors of the pawn shop on Market street.

It is alleged that the men secured the automobile and diamonds by giving their notes, and that they left the notes unpaid. Mr. Brock's automobile was a Maxwell, five passenger touring car, 1909 model, type B, and Mr. Brock stated that some time ago he sold the machine to the Carsons, they giving him their notes for it. He also had a contract with them whereby the machine was not to have been disposed of or taken away from Wilmington until all the notes had been paid. The first note would have come due next Tuesday. Mr. Brock stated that he learned Friday afternoon that the two Carsons had disappeared, together with the wife of one of them, who was married. He made inquiries and learned that they had been seen passing through Burgaw late in the afternoon in the automobile. Mr. Brock notified the police and officers in different cities have been notified to look out for and arrest the two men and the woman.

Chief Fowler stated yesterday afternoon that the proprietor of the pawnshop had reported the loss of the diamonds to him. The pawnshop man alleges that one of the Carsons came to his place and wanted to get several diamonds, stating that he knew where he could dispose of them at a profit. He allowed the man to have several diamonds, letting him sign notes for them. Later Mrs. Carson came in and admired a certain diamond and he loaned it to her to wear for a short time. He has not heard of the Carsons since.

TO CALL FOR BIDS

City Will Ask for Proposals of New City Sewerage System

Carrying out the instructions of City Council at its meeting of last Wednesday, City Engineer F. F. Pillett yesterday announced that he would advertise immediately for bids for an entirely new sewerage system for the city, the proposals to be based on the specifications furnished in the plans prepared several years ago by Messrs. Hazlehurst and Anderson.

The new system is to be approximately 38 miles in length and the bids are also to cover the pumping station, sterilizing plant, etc., incidental to an entirely new system. Bids are to be filed with Councilman W. E. Perdew, in charge of the Department of Water and Sewerage, and are to be opened at the City Hall June 18th.

Tomorrow Night "Souvenir Dance." and competitive drill by W. L. I. Trains leave Front and Princess streets 8:00, 8:30 and 9:00 P. M. Leave Lumina 10:45 and 11:15 P. M. **

A blunt man is one who wastes no time in coming to the point.

MOUNTED OFFICER WOUNDED

Officer R. J. Thompson Shot in Breast Early This Morning, While Answering Burglary Call—Wound May Prove Serious.

Mounted Officer R. J. Thompson was shot and seriously injured this morning about 1:30 o'clock in an alley between 11th and 12th and Princess and Market streets, by an unknown negro, who, up to the hour of going to press, had not been apprehended. The wounded officer was rushed to the James Walker Memorial Hospital, where it was stated that his injury was serious, but that he was doing as well as could be expected. The bullet entered his breast and penetrated one of his lungs.

Maggie Moore, colored, in whose home the negro who did the shooting was creating a disturbance, was taken in charge by the police, as was also a negro man who saw the unknown negro run from the woman's house. Both claim that they do not know the negro who shot the officer.

From the story the woman tells, it seems that she awoke to find two strange men in her house. They were standing in their underclothes, having removed their outer garments. The woman moved and one of the men covered her with a revolver, telling her that he was going to kill her; also fired at her. At this she screamed and Officer Thompson, who was nearby, ran up to ascertain the trouble. As he did so, the negroes ran out of the house. One of them fired at him and the officer returned the fire, though it is not known whether his bullet took effect or not. The bullet from the negro's revolver struck him in the breast and he fell. The two negroes disappeared, still in their underclothes.

Patrolman S. H. Fulford, who was nearby, heard the shooting, and came up. He saw that Mr. Thompson was badly wounded and immediately telephoned headquarters, reporting the shooting, and requesting that the ambulance be sent for the wounded officer.

Sergeants Grimsley and Howell were sent to the scene by Assistant Chief Woolard, and the ambulance was also rushed there. Mr. Thompson was taken to the hospital.

The other officers investigated the matter as well as they could. They took charge of the clothing left by the two unknown negroes in the Moore woman's house, and also placed her under arrest. Another negro, who stated that he saw the men run from the house, was also taken in charge.

Mr. Thompson has been on the police force for about two years. He has proved himself one of the best mounted officers in the service, and is known for his fearlessness and his fidelity to duty. He is a married man, and has a wife and three children.

At an early hour this morning the police were still engaged in a vigilant search for the negro who did the shooting. As the man ran from the house with nothing but his underclothes on, they have hopes of locating him.

MR. STEELE TO LECTURE

Norway, Denmark and Sweden, Subject at Bays' Brigade

A lecture of interest to the general public will be delivered at the Boys' Brigade next Friday night when Lieut. R. E. Steel, formerly of the United States Navy, will deliver his famous illustrated address upon his travels in Norway, Denmark and Sweden. In this lecture, pictures of the many historic places, the people and their customs and peculiarities with their history and traditions will be presented.

This is not to be the ordinary uninteresting rambling talk of one who passes through a country and catches only a partial glimpse and secures but superficial impressions but is to be a real lecture of great interest by a man who has spent much time there under the most favorable opportunities for investigation, learning about the places in detail, the people, their history, tradition, customs, commercial, social and religious, including not only the ordinary classes of people but of the highest classes, including the official rulers from the top to the bottom, and so is familiar with the political conditions, their laws and all else which is worth knowing about a great people, and this people is great from many standpoints.

This lecture will present many phases which will appeal to every person either as merely mental pleasure or son in the city whether old or young, purely from an educational standpoint.

Mr. Steel is well and favorably known as a lecturer having lectured through the South and other parts of the country and in every place where he has appeared he has received the highest commendation of press and public alike. It has been decided to charge 25 cents admission to this lecture, though the regular price is more than this during the regular season. The date is next Friday night at 8:30 at the Boys' Brigade armory auditorium.

Two Games Yesterday

Company B, of the Boys' Brigade, took two games from the Wrightsboro team yesterday afternoon at Hilton diamond, the first by the score of 3 to 2 and the second, a 5-inning contest, by 9 to 6. The first game especially was a snappy and interesting contest from start to finish. It was featured by the batting of C. Nixon, who rapped out three hits out of four times up. One was a two bagger. About 75 interested spectators witnessed the games.

Spun Gold

At Last For Blonds

An Ideal Shampoo, refreshing and invigorating and the only preparation ever discovered that will keep the many shades of Blonde Hair from growing darker, without bleaching or dyeing. Long sought, found at last, and guaranteed to make blonde hair more beautiful, and give to unattractive drab or faded hair that lustrous golden sheen admired by all lovers of beautiful hair. $1.00 for a six weeks' treatment. Mme. ELIZABETH N. GILLE, Box 1, Hamilton Grange New York City

For sale by

J. HICKS BUNTING DRUG CO.

..Theatrical..

The Grand Theatre will open the new week with one of the best bills it has offered in a long time. The leader will perhaps be a graphic presentation of the greatest of engineering feats, a story of New York's water supply. Everybody should see this picture. It should be of vital interest in Wilmington just now when the municipality is wrestling with the same problems which the greatest city in America has solved.

While this will be the feature film there will be two others just as good. "The Ghost of Sulphur Mountain" is a Melie. It is the story of a New Yorker who goes into the mountains and has a fight with a Mexican. Being seriously wounded, he is taken to the home of a miner and is nursed back to health. The wife of the miner falls in love with the Easterner and then ensues a beautiful little drama that is splendidly told in the pictures. "Getting the Money" and "The Potters of the Nile' is a Kalem. Part of the film is a story of deep human interest and hard luck. The other part is interesting and educational to a degree seldom attained in the moving picture theatres of the country.

RECEIVER WAS APPOINTED.

Injunction From Superior Court Judge Against Mr. J. M. Woolard.

In a suit entitled C. R. Humphreys vs. J. M. Woolard the latter was yesterday served with an injunction restraining and enjoining him from collection of any further money from the city for street paving and grading under a certain contract in which it is alleged that Humphreys is interested. Mr. H. deW. Rapalje is appointed receiver for Mr. Woolard until the hearing to be held before Judge Allen in this city May 29th, on the question of whether or not the injunction should be continued to the nearing.

The complaint sets out that on March 15th, 1912, Mr. Woolard entered into a contract with the city of Wilmington to do certain paving, grading and other street work in and upon certain and various streets of the city; that immediately thereafter Mr. Woolard transferred to the plaintiff one-half undivided right and interest with him; that Mr. Woolard was to superintend the work, for which he was to receive $25 a week, and that all moneys collected under the contract were to be deposited in a certain bank to the joint account and credit of defendant and plaintiff; that under the contract each furnished the sum of $400, which was deposited in a certain bank; that on April 20th, 1912, the defendant collected $130 from the city on the contract and that on May 1st he collected $620, placing both amounts in the bank to his own credit.

The plaintiff, in his petition, then asks that the defendant be required and compelled to account on oath for all sums received by him for work done and materials furnished under the contract; that the defendant be restrained and enjoined from collecting any further sum from the city under said contract; that a receiver be appointed to take charge of the affairs of the plaintiff and defendant pertaining to and under the said contract. The plaintiff is represented by Robt. Ruark, Esq. The order was signed on May 16th, by Judge Whedbee.

H. L. FENNELL AGENCY.

Now Occupying Handsome Quarters on Second Street—Autos.

Mr. H. L. Fennell, the well known Ford, Marmon and Oakland dealer, has occupied the handsome garage on Second street, recently vacated by the Bardin Motor Company, and the same has been splendidly and conveniently fitted up for his use. Mr. Fennell not only carries a line of the cars which he represents in al the various models, but he carries a complete line of automobile supplies, gasolene, oils, etc., in other words, "Everything for the Motorist."

Although in the field but a few months Mr. Fennell has established an enviable reputation both in the sales department and in the garage business. His place is open at all hours, night or day, and a few cars are cared for by him for owners on terms that are reasonable. His sales have included some of the handsomest cars sold in Wilmington this season and in the delivery wagon line, he has supplied Wilmington business men with some of the niftiest creations seen on the streets. Elsewhere in today's paper Mr. Fennell makes an announcement of his line and owners and prospective buyers would do well to read it. The Marmon car, a very handsome model of which he has in the touring line, has just been received at the garage and has attracted the admiration of everyone. The Fords are carried in a variety of bodies and they have proven this year one of the greatest sellers in the popular-priced line. Mr. Fennell would be gad to talk "automobile" to anyone interested.

Have your eyes examined by Dr. Vineberg, the Eye Specialist, Masonic Temple. No charge for examination. Spectacles or eye glasses from $1 and up. Satisfaction guaranteed. **

IN MEMORIAM.

HIBERNIAN HALL.
Wilmington, N. C., May 13, 1912.

At a called meeting of the Hibernian Benevolent Society, called for the purpose of attending the funeral of our late member, Michael Carroll, the following resolutions were adopted:

"Deeply regretting the death of our esteemed brother member, Michael Carroll, we humbly submit to the wisdom of our Heavenly Father in removing from our midst our deceased brother.

"Resolved, That the Hibernian Benevolent Society has lost one of its oldest and most highly esteemed members, whose life of four-score years has been an open book of honest toil and strict integrity. It can truly be said that he was an exemplification of the statement that 'An honest man is the noblest work of God.'

"Resolver further, That this Society deeply sympathizes with the bereaved family of our deceased brother, and that these resolutions be spread upon the minutes of our meeting, setting forth the day and date of our deceased brother, and that a copy hereof be transmitted to his sorrowing family.

MARTIN O'BRIEN,
JOHN BARRY,
THOS. TORPY, SR.
Committee.

ANOTHER

Solid Car Load of

Clark Jewel Gas Ranges

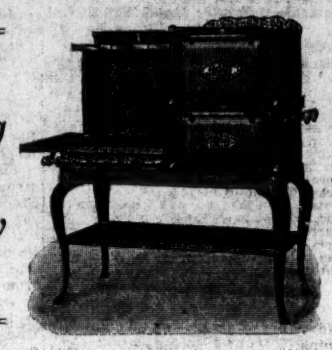
Like most of the other cars received by us recently, this car load is made up largely of

THE NEW CABINET RANGES

All Fitted With Enameled Drip Pans,

THE ACCEPTED STANDARD

No Stooping
No Bending
Every Part Within Easy Reach



Sold on Easy Terms of Payment

Now for that All-Gas Kitchen; Summer Will Soon Be Here

Our stock of Ranges & Water Heaters was never so complete as it is today.

YOUR INSPECTION INVITED

Tide Water Power Co.

SPRING TERM ENDS.

United States District Court Adjourned Yesterday Afternoon.

The Spring term of United States District and Circuit Courts came to an end yesterday afternoon at 5 o'clock, and Judge Connor and the various court attaches left for their homes last night. Judge Connor goes from here to Richmond, where he will attend a meeting of the Circuit Court of Appeals this week.

Only one case was considered yesterday, that being an admiralty action brought by the Hall Towing Company, of this city, against the German steamship Alpha, to recover damages alleged to have been done a lighter belonging to the company by the steamer. The case was begun Friday and was completed yesterday.

Judge Connor took the matter under advisement and will announce his decision later. Robert Ruark, Esq., appeared for the owners of the steamer, while Geo. Rountree, Esq., represented the claimants.

The next term of Federal Court here will be the regular Fall term, which will convene the second Monday in October. A few civil cases remain on the docket and also a few criminal cases, though most of these were disposed of at the present term. Chief among the civil cases is the Lucama diamonds case, brought by the government against the Atlantic Coast Line. There is some probability that it will come up at the Fall term.

REV. RAYMOND BROWNING.

Starts Series of Evangelistic Meetings at Fifth Street Church.

Rev. Raymond Browning, the well known evangelist, arrived in the city yesterday and this morning at 11 o'clock will start a series of meetings at Fifth Street Methodist Church, being assisted by the pastor, Rev. G. T. Adams.

Mr. Browning has a remarkable record of successful evangelical work in various parts of the country, and has just closed a great series of meetings at Laurinburg, several hundred additions to the different churches of that section being the direct result of these meetings. The services at Fifth Street Church will continue throughout this week and as long as sufficient interest is manifested and it is confidently expected that much good work will be done. The public is cordially invited and urged to attend at every possible opportunity and do their part towards bringing about the good results that have characterized this eminent divine's work elsewhere.

Outing on the River.

A the guests of Capt. John W. Harper, owner and master of the steamer Wilmington, the children of St. James' Episcopal Sunday School enjoyed an outing on the Cape Fear river yesterday. Stops were made at Fort Caswell and Southport, and everybody enjoyed the scenery and the refreshing salt breezes to the utmost. The party was in charge of Mr. Swift M. Boatwright, the superintendent.

Tomorrow Night "Souvenir Dance." and competitive drill by W. L. I. Trains leave Front and Princess streets 8:00, 8:30 and 9:00 P. M. Leave Lumina 10:45 and 11:15 P. M. **

CASH OR CREDIT

$1 a Week

Ask Yourself The Question

—Can you recall one single instance in which you were the gainer by paying cash for your clothing?

—Not one!

—This great chain of stores makes the paying part easy.

—We offer you the best clothing made for men, women and children at the very lowest prices; and we give plenty of time to pay.

—The cash store demands cash; we will give you liberal credit if you want it.

—In addition, we guarantee every garment.

Do not fail to see the new summer wash dresses. They have just arrived. Prices from $3.50 up.

FARLEY & CO.

116 Market Street

Financial and Commercial

COTTON WAS WEAK AND LOWER

Liquidation and Selling Inspired by Better Weather Reports and Improving Crop Accounts Sent Prices Down.

New York, May 18.—The cotton market was weak and lower today under liquidation and local selling inspired by favorable weather in the South and improving crop accounts. The close was easy at a net decline of from 16 to 23 points.

The market opened easy at a decline of 5 to 13 points, in sympathy with disappointing cables and on the favorable weather map. Covering for over the week-end was active enough to check the decline after prices had shown a net loss of from 11 to 14 points, but only a slight rally occurred and the market soon turned weaker, owing to continued liquidation and Southern selling and local pressure, inspired by predictions for generally clear weather over Sunday. Closing prices were practically the lowest of the day on the active positions. While a great many bullish reports are being received, private crop news from the South has become decidedly more favorable during the past few days and with a continuation of present weather, local sellers predict a further improvement in the outlook for the crop before the government's condition figures are made up for publication on June 4th. The selling, however, if the talk around the ring may be trusted, does not indicate expectations that the official condition will be up to the 10-year average, but is more the result of an impression that a comparatively bullish report has been discounted and that if favorable weather continues the trade soon will be looking forward to a favorable July report.

Liverpool was lower than due on the New York close of yesterday and was supposed to have been influenced by the good weather reported in the South. Selling here was said to have been encouraged by reports that mills were already well supplied with old crop cotton and of a slack trade demand, as well as by the better view of the new crop outlook. The Southern selling attracted considerable attention and much of it was claimed to be liquidation of long accounts.

Receipts for the day were 7,454 bales against 7,557 last week and 6,060 last year. Today's receipts at New Orleans were 3,466 against 2,433 last year, at Houston 515 against 442 last year, and at Galveston 1,143 against 978 last year.

Spot, quiet, 15 points lower; middling uplands, 11.50; do. gulf, 11.75; sales, 105 bales.

Futures closed easy.

Month:	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Jan	11.41	11.43	11.32	11.34
Feb	11.43	11.41	11.41	11.39
Mar	11.48	11.49	11.41	11.42
May	11.22	11.16	11.09	11.12
June				11.13
July	11.27	11.28	11.13	11.15
Aug	11.31	11.29	11.17	11.19
Sept	11.33	11.35	11.24	11.24
Oct	11.40	11.42	11.27	11.29
Nov	11.40			11.32
Dec	11.45	11.46	11.35	11.37

PORT MOVEMENT.

Galveston—Easy, 11¼; net receipts, 1,143; gross receipts, 1,143; sales, 300; stock, 119,009; Great Britain, 12,462; coastwise, 218.

New Orleans—Steady, 11⅝; net receipts, 3,466; gross receipts, 3,488; sales, 426; stock, 63,210; continent, 615; coastwise, 1,169.

Mobile—Net receipts, 38; gross receipts, 38; stock, 10,165; coastwise, 32.

Savannah—Steady, 11 9-16; net receipts, 1,678; gross receipts, 1,678; sales, 8; stock, 60,717; continent, 5,516; coastwise, 237.

Charleston—Nominal, 11½; net receipts, 237; gross receipts, 237; stock, 19,979.

Wilmington—Nominal; net receipts, 247; gross receipts, 247; stock, 11,795.

Norfolk—Steady, 11⅝; net receipts, 524; gross receipts, 524; sales, 510; stock, 38,215; coastwise, 1,066.

Baltimore—Nominal, 11¾; stock, 9,026.

New York—Quiet, 11.50; gross receipts, 3,926; sales, 105; stock, 157,911; Great Britain, 220; continent, 855; coastwise, 2,464.

Boston—Quiet, 11.50; net receipts, 94; gross receipts, 7,186; stock, 18,253.

Philadelphia—Steady, 11.75; stock, 1,105.

Brunswick—Stock, 143.

Gulfport — Net receipts, 27; gross receipts, 27; stock, 10,150.

Total today, at all ports—Net, 7,454; Great Britain, 12,682; continent, 6,986; stock, 519,678.

Consolidated, at all ports—Net, 7,454; Great Britain, 12,682; continent, 6,986.

Total since Sept. 1, at all ports—Net, 11,600,868; Great Britain, 4,041,013; France, 1,132,747; continent, 4,220,081; Japan, 49,940; Mexico, 8,763.

INTERIOR MOVEMENT.

Houston—Easy, 11¾; net receipts, 515; gross receipts, 515; shipments, 1,547; sales, 57; stock, 53,057.

Augusta—Quiet, 12; net receipts, 300; gross receipts, 540; shipments, 1,231; sales, 74; stock, 44,904.

Memphis—Steady, 12; net receipts, 282; gross receipts, 919; shipments, 2,840; sales, 350; stock, 34,002.

St. Louis—Quiet, 11¾; gross receipts, 484; shipments, 1,569; stock, 19,187.

Cincinnati—Net receipts, 1,157; gross receipts, 1,157; shipments, 320; sales, 300; stock, 14,300.

Little Rock—Quiet, 11⅝; net receipts, 37; gross receipts, 37; shipments, 112; stock, 16,552.

Total today—Net receipts, 2,291; gross receipts, 3,652; shipments, 7,628; sales, 781; stock, 181,702.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

Liverpool, May 18.—Spot cotton quiet, prices one point higher. American middling 7.10; good middling 6.62; middling 6.48; low middling 6.18; good ordinary 5.76; ordinary 5.40.

Futures opened steady and closed quiet: May 6.26; May and June 6.26; June and July 6.27; July and August 6.28 1-2; August and September 6.27 1-2; September and October 6.24 1-2; October and November 6.22 1-2; November and December 6.20 1-2; December and January 6.20; January and February 6.20; February and March 6.20 1-2; March and April 6.21 1-2.

Escapes An Awful Fate

A thousand tongues could not express the gratitude of Mrs. J. E. Cox, of Joliet, Ill., for her wonderful deliverance from an awful fate. "Typhoid pneumonia had left me with a dreadful cough," she writes. "Sometimes I had such awful coughing spells I thought I would die. I could get no help from doctor's treatment or other medicines till I used Dr. King's New Discovery. But I owe my life to this wonderful remedy for I scarcely cough at all now." Quick and safe, its the most reliable of all throat and lung medicines. Every bottle guaranteed. 50c. and $1. Trial bottle free at R. R. Bellamy's.

MARINE.

Arrived.

Str. Duplin, Smith's Bridge, J. W. Brooks.

Cleared.

Str. Navahoe, 1,228 tons, Packer, New York, H. G. Smallbones.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels Now in Port at Wilmington, North Carolina.

Steamers.

Str. Tempus (Br.), 1,901 tons, Smith, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Schooners.

Schr. Maine, 181 tons, Smith, Mafflitt & Wood.

Schr. Calhoun E. Ross, 375 tons, Coulburn; Mafflitt & Wood.

Schr. Sedgwick, 473 tons, Carter, Mafflitt & Wood.

Schr. Stephen G. Loud, 409 tons, Graham, Mafflitt & Wood; in distress.

Schr. Wm. Thomas Moore, 261 tons, Jones, Mafflitt & Wood.

Schr. Lottie R. Russell, 266 tons, James, Mafflitt & Wood (at Little River, S. C.)

Schr. Woodward Abrahams, 676 tons, Gray, Mafflitt & Wood.

Barges.

Barge Severn, 756 tons, Younger, Mafflitt & Wood.

Barge Gen. Knox, Mafflitt & Wood.

Barge West Point, Mafflitt & Wood.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Cotton and Naval Stores at Port of Wilmington.

Wilmington, N. C., May 18.

Atlantic Coast Line—247 bales cotton; 9 casks spirits turpentine; 10 barrels rosin; 4 barrels crude turpentine.

Schr. Addie May—11 casks spirits turpentine; 54 barrels rosin.

Str. City of Fayetteville—7 casks spirits turpentine.

Schr. Isabelle—8 barrels tar.

Total—247 bales cotton; 23 casks spirits turpentine; 64 barrels rosin; 8 barrels tar; 4 barrels crude turpentine.

Total Last Year — 30 bales cotton; 6 casks spirits turpentine; 36 barrels rosin; 4 barrels tar.

NEW YORK PRODUCE.

New York, May 18.—Flour quiet and nominally lower. Spring patents 5.55 to 5.90; Winter patents 5.45 to 5.60.

Rye Flour—Steady.

Corn Meal—Easy.

Rye—Quiet.

Barley—Steady.

Wheat—Spot firm; No. 2 red 1.21 1-2 c.i.f. domestic basis to arrive; export 1.21 1-2 c.i.f., f.o.b. afloat to arrive. Futures unchanged to 1-2c net higher; May 1.19; July 1.14 1-8; September 1.09 1-8.

Corn—Spot firm; export 83 3-4 f.o.b. afloat. Futures nominal.

Oats—Spot steady; standard white 61 elevator; No. 2, 61 1-2. Futures nominal.

Lard, Petroleum, Pork and Beef—Steady.

Tallow, Cut Meats, Wool and Rice—Quiet.

Molasses—Steady.

Sugar—Raw quiet; refined quiet.

Coffee—Futures dull, net one point lower to three higher. Spot—quiet; Rio No. 7, 14 1-4; Santos No. 4, 15 7-8.

Mild—Quiet; Cordova 16 to 18 1-2 nominal.

Butter and Eggs—Weak.

Cheese—Steady, unchanged.

Potatoes—Steady; Florida, new white 6.25 to 7.00.

Cabbages—Steady, unchanged.

Freights and Peanuts—Unchanged.

Cotton Seed Oil—Quiet, with prices easier under good weather South, poor demand from the outside and scattered local selling induced by the weakness in cotton. Futures closed generally 2 to 5 points net lower. Sales were 5,800 barrels. May 7.07 to 7.09; July 7.11 to 7.13; July 7.13 to 7.15; August 7.20 to 7.21; September 7.23 to 7.24; prime crude 7.00, sales; prime Summer yellow 7.00 to 7.10; prime Summer yellow 7.25 to 8.15; prime Summer white 7.25 to 8.00.

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

STAR OFFICE, May 18.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Steady, 46½.

ROSIN—Steady, $5.95.

TAR—Firm, $1.90.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Firm, $3.25 per barrel for hard; $4.50 for dip; $4.50 for virgin.

Quotations for the same day last year—Spirits turpentine, 38; rosin, $6.20; tar, $2.20; crude turpentine, $4.25 for hard, $6.00 for dip, $6.25 for virgin.

Spirits Turpentine	23
Rosin	64
Tar	8
Crude Turpentine	4

Receipts same day last year, 6 casks spirits turpentine; 36 barrels rosin; 4 barrels tar.

COTTON MARKET.

Market—Nominal.

Same day last year, 15¼.

Receipts, 247 bales; same day last year, 59.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

(Quoted by W. J. Meredith, May 18.)

CORN—Firm; $1.10 per bu.

PEAS—White, no sales. Mixed, $1.50 to $1.60.

POTATOES — Irish potatoes, $1.50 per bu.; nice yams, 75c. to 90c. per bu.

BEEF—On foot, dull, .05@.04 per lb.; dressed, 8c.

PORK—10@11c.

WOOL—Burry, .11@.12c. per lb.; free of burr, 16c. per lb.

HIDES—Green, .08 to .08½ per lb.; dry, 14 to 15c. per lb.

NORTH CAROLINA BACON—Hams, old 16c. per lb; sides and shoulders, 12½c.@13c. per lb.

BEESWAX—Firm; 27 per lb.

TALLOW—Firm; .04½@.05 per lb.

POULTRY—Turkeys, 16c. on foot; dressed, 20@22; dull. Chickens, grown, 40 to 45c. per head; chickens, Spring, 20@35c. per head. Geese, 65c. per head.

SHEEP—No sales.

EGGS—Dull, 16 2-3 to 17c.

WILMINGTON PEANUT MARKET.

(Quoted by J. S. Funchess & Co.)

Wilmington, May 18.

Market, firm on North Carolina, Spanish and Virginias.

North Carolinas—Farmers' stock: Prime hand-picked, 80@87½; machine-picked, 75@80c.

Spanish—Prime hand picked, $1.00; machine picked, 95c.

Virginias—Prime hand-picked, 90c.; machine picked, 80c.

PETERSBURG PEANUT MARKET.

(Reported by Rodgers, McCabe & Co.)

Petersburg, Va., May 14.

Spanish—Market firm. Farmers' Spanish, 90c. per bushel; Jumbo Spanish, 85c. per bushel; No. 1, Shelled, Spanish, 5c. to 5¼c. per lb.; No. 2, Shelled, Spanish, 3¾c. per lb.

Virginias—Market firm. Fancy Jumbo, 4c. per lb.; Fancy Hand Picked, 3½c. to 3¾c. per lb.; Extra Prime, 3¼c. per lb.; Prime, 3c. per lb.; Machine Picked, 3c. to 3¼c. per lb.; Shelling Stock, 2½c. per lb.

THE DRY GOODS MARKET.

New York, May 18.—The jobbers are doing a little more active trade in wash fabrics and white goods. Primary cotton markets rule quiet and firm. Linens rule very firm and burlaps for quick shipments are scarce in first hands here.

STOCK OPENING IRREGULAR

Renewed Strength in the Hard Coal Stocks and Bidding Up of Specialties Were Features in Yesterday's Market

New York, May 18. — Renewed strength in the hard coal stocks, a natural outcome of the probable early termination of the coal strike and further bidding up of specialties in the miscellaneous division were the principal features of today's stock market. Lehigh Valley advanced 2 5-8 points with a fractional gain for Reading, while improvement was recorded by such other shares as Union Pacific and United States Steel. Trading was moderate, however, and the dealings of the two hours consisted largely of an evening up or settlement of contracts for the week.

The irregularity of the opening was attributed to foreign influence, London's final quotations for our securities showing more losses than gains with especial weakness in Canadian Pacific, which was later reflected here to a greater extent.

The market closed active and fairly strong with more substantial gains in Steel, Union Pacific, American Smelting and Amalgamated Copper. Canadian Pacific, after some recovery from its early heaviness again declined. The one feature of the bond market, aside from its general firmness was the rise in Brooklyn Rapid Transit convertible 4s. Total sales par value $1,634,000. United States bonds unchanged on call during the week.

Total sales stocks today 334,700 shares.

CLOSING STOCK LIST.

Allis-Chalmers, pfd	4
Amalgamated Copper	84½
American Agricultural	60½
American Beet Sugar	73⅜
American Can	38⅝
American Car and Foundry	59
American Cotton Oil	54½
American Hide and Leather, pfd	27
American Ice Securities	28⅜
American Linseed	14⅜
American Locomotive	43
American Smelting and Refining	86
Amrelcan Smelting and Refining, pfd	104¼
American Steel Foundries	37½
American Sugar Refining	130⅜
American Tel and Tel	145¾
American Tobacco, pfd	105¼
American Woolen	30½
Anaconda Mining Co	42⅝
Atchison	106⅜
Atchison, pfd	103¾
Atlantic Coast Line	140½
Baltimore and Ohio	100⅜
Bethlehem Steel	38½
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	89
Canadian Pacific	265¼
Central Leather	26¼
Central Leather, pfd	94
Central of New Jersey	390
Chesapeake and Ohio	75
Chicago and Alton	20⅝
Chicago Great Western	17⅛
Chicago Great Western, pfd	35
Chicago and North Western	139½
Chicago, Mil. and St. Paul	106
C., C., C. and St. Louis	61
Colorado Fuel and Iron	29¼
Colorado and Southern	42½
Consolidated Gas	142½
Corn Products	15⅞
Delaware and Hudson	171½
Denver and Rio Grande	20¼
Denver and Rio Grande, pfd	37⅜
Distillers' Securities	32½
Erie	36
Erie, 1st pfd	54½
Erie, 2nd pfd	43⅜
General Electric	169½
Great Northern, pfd	132
Great Northern Ore Ctfs	44½
Illinois Central	126⅜
Interborough-Met	21
Interborough-Met., pfd	60
Inter-Harvester	121⅞
Inter-Marine, pfd	17½
International Paper	17⅝
International Pump	29⅞
Iowa Central	12½
Kansas City Southern	25¼
Kansas City Southern, pfd	60½
Laclede Gas	105⅜
Louisville and Nashville	150¼
Minneapolis and St. Louis	22¼
Minn., St. P. and Sault Ste Marie	141¾
Missouri, Kansas and Texas	28
Missouri, Kansas and Texas, pfd	60
Missouri Pacific	39⅜
National Biscuit	158½
National Lead	57½
Nat. Rys of Mexico, 2nd pfd	31
New York Central	119⅝
New York, Ontario and Western	38
Norfolk and Western	112⅜
North American	82
Northern Pacific	120
Pacific Mail	32
Pennsylvania	123⅝
People's Gas	111½
Pittsburg, C. C. and St. Louis	110
Pittsburg Coal	21¼
Pressed Steel Car	35½
Pullman Palace Car	160
Railway Steel Spring	35
Reading	176⅝
Republic Steel	23¾
Republic Steel, pfd	79
Rock Island Co	28
Rock Island Co., pfd	56¼
St. Louis and San Fran., 2nd pfd	37¾
St. Louis Southwestern	32½
St. Louis Southwestern, pfd	73¼
Sloss-Sheffield Steel and Iron	50½
Southern Pacific	111½
Southern Railway	28⅝
Southern Railway, pfd	74
Tennessee Copper	44
Texas and Pacific	25
Toledo, St. Louis and Western	14¼
Toledo, St. L. and West., pfd	30⅞
Union Pacific	171¼
Union Pacific, pfd	90½
United States Realty	79⅜
United States Rubber	62⅝
United States Steel	70⅞
United States Steel, pfd	111¼
Utah Copper	63⅜
Virginia-Carolina Chemical	51⅝
Wabash	7¾
Wabash, pfd	20¼
Western Maryland	59
Westinghouse Electric	74⅜
Western Union	82⅝
Wheeling and Lake Erie	7¼

NAVAL STORES.

New York, May 18.—Rosin, steady. Turpentine, quiet.

Savannah, May 18.—Turpentine, firm, at 47@47½; sales, 200; receipts, 921; shipments, 225; stock, 24,513.

Rosin—Firm. Sales, 2,220; receipts, 2,550; shipments, 479; stocks, 57,846. Quote: B, 6.05@6.35; D, 6.55; E, 6.80@6.85; F and G, 7.15@7.20; H, 7.20; I and K, 7.20@7.22½; M and N, 7.25; W G, 7.27½@7.30; W W, 7.45.

Charleston, May 18.—Turpentine, firm, at 47½.

Rosin—Firm. Quote: B, 6.00@6.25; D, 6.50; E, 6.70@6.85; F, 7.10@7.17½; G, 7.12½@7.17½; H, 7.15@7.17½; I, 7.15@7.20; K, 7.22½; M and N, 7.25; W G, 7.27½@7.30; W W, 7.35.

THE FINANCIAL MARKET

New York, May 18.—Money on call nominal. Time loans easy; sixty days 3, six months 3 1-2 to 3 3-4 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 4 to 4 1-2. Sterling exchange firm; 4.8450 for sixty day bills; 4.8710 for demand. Commercial bills 4.83 3-4.

THE WEATHER.

United States Department of Agriculture, Weather Bureau.

May 19, 1912.

Meteorological data for the 24 hours ending 8 P. M. yesterday:

Temperature at 8 A. M., 61 degrees; at 8 P. M., 65 degrees; maximum, 72 degrees; minimum, 55 degrees; mean, 64 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .00; rainfall for the month to date, 4.19.

Stage of water in Cape Fear river, at Fayetteville, at 8 A. M., yesterday, 22 feet and falling.

Weather Forecast.

For North Carolina—Fair Sunday and Monday.

Port Calendar—May 19.

Sun rises	5:07 A. M.
Sun sets	7:09 P. M.
Day's length	14 hrs. 2 min.

Tides.

	High water. A.M.	High water. P.M.	Low water. A.M.	Low water. P.M.
Wilmington	11:57	.....	6:57	6:33
Southport	9:32	10:04	3:46	3:40

WEATHER BUREAU REPORTS.

May 18, 1912.

STATIONS:	Weather at 8 P. M.	Temperature. Highest today.	Temperature. Lowest last night.	24-hour precipitation, 8 P. M.
Abilene	clear	90	66	.0
Asheville	clear	70	40	.0
Atlanta	clear	74	50	.0
Augusta	clear	78	56	.0
Birmingham	clear	76	48	.0
Boston	clear	78	54	.0
Charleston	clear	72	60	.0
Charlotte	clear	74	52	.0
Chicago	cloudy	78	52	.02
Galveston	clear	76	70	.0
Jacksonville	clear	78	62	.0
Memphis	clear	72	58	.0
Mobile	clear	80	53	.0
Montgomery	clear	78	52	.0
New Orleans	clear	78	62	.0
New York	clear	70	50	.0
Palestine	clear	84	58	.0
Oklahoma	clear	82	62	.06
Pittsburg	clear	70	48	.0
Raleigh	clear	74	50	.0
Savannah	clear	74	58	.0
Shreveport	clear	84	58	.0
St. Louis	clear	80	54	.0
Washington	clear	74	48	.0

CHICAGO GRAIN.

Chicago, May 18.—Actions of the wheat market today indicated that the recent liquidation by holders had been thorough and that prices had developed a tendency to recover. The close was steady, at a net advance of ¼@¼ to ½c. Latest transactions left corn the same as last night to ¼@⅜c. lower. Oats, unchanged to ½c. down, and provisions off 5c. to 32½c. off.

Cash Grain—Wheat, No. 2, red, 112¼@1.14; No. 2, hard, 1.12½@1.14.

Corn—No. 3, 76¼@76¾; No. 3, yellow, 76¾@77¼.

Oats—No. 3, white, 53¼@54¼; standard, 54@54½.

Wheat:	Close.
May	112¾
July	108⅜
Sept	103⅞
Dec	104½
Corn:	
May	78
July	74⅝
Sept	72⅜
Dec	62¾
Oats:	
May	53¼
July	49⅜
Sept	41⅞
Dec	42⅞
Pork:	
May	18.25
July	18.40
Sept	18.57½
Lard:	
May	10.62½
July	10.75
Sept	10.90
Oct	11.00
Ribs:	
May	10.25
July	10.30
Sept	10.45

CLEARING HOUSE STATEMENT.

New York, May 18.—The statement of clearing house banks for the week shows that the banks hold $17,967,350 reserve in excess of legal requirements. This is an increase of 4,454,100 in the proportionate cash reserve as compared with last week.

DEMOCRATIC SITUATION.

None of Democratic Candidates Will Have Necessary Two-Thirds.

Washington, D. C., May 18.—With more than two-thirds of the delegates to the Democratic National convention chosen, contral of the Baltimore gathering remains as much in doubt as it did several weeks ago. Claims made today by the managers of the different candidates at the headquarters in Washington made it clear that none of them expects to control the convention through instructed delegates on the first ballot, even though great strides are made for their respective candidates in the conventions and primaries still to be held.

The Democratic convention will consist of 1,094 delegates. Under the two-thirds rule applying to Presidential nominations, 729 votes will be necessary for any candidate to secure the nomination. With about 320 delegates still to be selected, the strength of the respective candidates was given by the headquarters today as follows:

Clark: Claimed, instructed. 323; pledged 68; total 391. Conceded to Wilson, 80, not including South Carolina's 18, where the convention endorsed Wilson. Conceded to Underwood 84; to Harmon 2; to Baldwin 14; to Marshall 30; to Burke 10; Considered doubtful, 127.

Wilson claimed as instructed 243; Kansas' 20 (Clark) and North Dakota's (Burke) claimed as favoring Wilson Total Wilson's claimed strength, 273. Conceded to Clark, 236; to Underwood, 82; to Harmon 4; to Foss 36; to Baldwin 14; to Marshall 30; to Burke 10. Considered "uninstructed and doubtful" 136.

Underwood—claimed as instructed total delegations of Alabama, Florida, Georgia and Mississippi and six from Tennessee, total 90. No other claims made.

At the Harmon headquarters today it was said a statement would be made later.

There's mighty little competition in the model citizen field.

MORTGAGE SALE.

By virtue of the power of sale contained in a certain mortgage deed made by the Pepsi-Cola Bottling Co., to the Murchison National Bank, and duly registered in the records of New Hanover County, in Book 57, p. 300, said mortgage and the debt having been transferred and assigned to the undersigned, default having been made in the payment of the debt secured thereby, the undersigned will sell, to the highest bidder, at public auction, for cash, at its place of business, Nos. 14 and 16 Market street, Wilmington, N. C., on Saturday, June 1st, 1912, at 12 o'clock M., all the following described personal property, to-wit: All the machinery, bottles, crates, supplies, furniture and fixtures in said place of business, and one horse, several wagons, harness and other property incident to and connected with the business of bottling, carried on by said Pepsi-Cola Bottling Co.; also the right to bottle Pepsi-Cola within the territory prescribed in an agreement with the Pepsi-Cola Bottling Co., of Newbern, N. C., and the corporate rights and franchises of the said Pepsi-Cola Bottling Co., of Wilmington, N. C.

mh11-20d WM. M. BELLAMY.

"Everybody's Doing It"

So why don't you send us your orders for

Western Shells

Manufactured by WESTERN CARTRIDGE CO. and sold with a guarantee. Write for prices and terms to

D. L. GORE COMPANY

Wholesale Grocers and Importers.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

THE PRETTIEST FACE

Is spoiled when teeth are missing or defective.

MODERN DENTISTRY

As practiced by us, remedies all tooth trouble and preserves all the natural beauty of the countenance.

We extract ugly or decayed ones, replace missing ones.

All painlessly and for a reasonable charge.

Crown and Bridge work a Specialty.

DR. CULBRETH'S Dental Parlors

Front and Princess Sts.

A Clean, Beautiful Complexion

"It cleans the Skin like a month in the Mountains," wrote an enthusiastic user of Pompeian Massage Cream. Pompeian rolls out the pore dirt which soap and water cannot reach. Thus cloudy, sallow skins are overcome.

50c and 75c the Bottle.

Yozo Face Cream and Yozo Talc, 25c Each.

Don't forget the $5.00 in Gold for a new name for Hazeloin Cream.

J. Hicks Bunting Drug Co.

Front and Grace.

NOTICE

The Cafe Denny has now opened its

SUMMER LUNCH

From 12 M. to 3 P. M., Daily

Everything Fresh and in Season, from 7 A. M. to 12 P. M.

At No. 7 Princess St.

C. T. McKEITHAN, Manager

my12-7t

CHICHESTER S PILLS

THE DIAMOND BRAND.

Ladies! Ask your Druggist for Chi-ches-ter's Diamond Brand Pills in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Buy of your Druggist. Ask for CHI-CHES-TERS DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, for 25 years known as Best, Safest, Always Reliable

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

FOR SALE

500 Bushels Field or Cow Peas, suitable for Seed.

100 Barrels Mullets.

Orders Solicited.

Samuel Bear, Sr., & Sons

18 Market St.,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

ANTOZONE

The great Germ Destroyer, Disinfectant and Insecticide, will positively Kill Bed Bugs.

Mission Pharmacy

5 No. Front. 'Phone: 799

WM. H. GREEN & CO.

TOOTH BRUSHES.
TOOTH POWDER.
TOOTH PASTE.
Liquid Dentrifice for the Teeth.
All kinds, fresh arrivals.

WARRANTS ISSUED.

By the Council of the City of Wilmington, N. C., for the Month of April, 1912.

1129	R. C. DeRosset	Stationery	$ 4.50
1130	J. D. Brown	Repairs Carts	2.60
1131	Chas. H. White	Weekly Pay Roll	1,099.84
1132	Jno. H. Whiteman	Wood	4.50
1133	Chas. H. White.	Semi-Monthly Pay Roll	2,956.89
1134	Jno. J. Fowler	Expenses to Raleigh	7.25
1135	J. F. Hatch	Storage on Cans	24.00
1136	Chas. H. White	Weekly Pay Roll	1,032.34
1137	Jos. F. Craig	Repairs—City Hall	8.30
1138	S. P. Cowan	Water Analyses	32.00
1139	Jas. I. Metts.	C. L. Hay	413.86
1140	Fox Typewriter Co	Ribbons	5.00
1141	Der Chun Laundry	Washing Blankets	2.75
1142	Prease Bros. Co	Repairs—Market	59.59
1143	Chas. H. White	Weekly Pay Roll	1,148.87
1144	Wilder & Metts	Insurance	38.32
1145	Wm. L. DeRosset	Sidewalks	507.60
1146	Tim McCall	Brick Work	3.00
1147	Southern Pav. and Cons. Co	Street Contract	15,141.36
1148	Wm. L. DeRosset.	Sidewalks	211.50
1149	Wm. L. DeRosset	Storm Sewers	230.60
1150	Jno. H. Whiteman	Hauling Brick	20.70
1151	Wm. L. DeRosset.	Sidewalks	380.70
1152	J. M. Woolard	Street Paving	109.61
1153	Clayton Giles & Son	Insurance	134.16
1154	J. H. Boatwright & Son	Insurance	38.33
1155	Chas. H. White	Refund on Sanitary Outfits.	21.00
1156	M. W. Divine	Paints and Oils	2.35
1157	Tim. McCall	Brick Work	53.20
1158	Chas. H. White	Sundries	33.47
1159	A. C. L.	Freights	1,316.16
1160	Slyde Steamship Line	Freights	161.26
1161	Chamber of Commerce	Advertising	30.00
1162	L. H. Miller Safe and I. Wks.	Vault Fixtures	195.00
1163	Eugene Dietzgen & Co	Supplies—Engineer Dept.	5.72
1164	Barrett Mfg. Co	Asphalt	826.10
1165	Chas. H. White	Monthly Pay Roll	5,649.88
1166	Chas. H. White	Weekly Pay Roll	1,120.94
1167	Amer. Vulcanized Rubber Co.	Supplies—W. and S. Dept.	3.13
1168	Clayton Giles & Co	Insurance—W. and S. Dept.	12.00
1169	Paul Boyette & Co	Supplies—W. and S. Dept.	4.50
1170	F. A. Lord	Insurance—W. and S. Dept.	48.00
1171	J. M. Diven	Supplies—W. and S. Dept.	5.00
1172	Neimeyer & Dimond	Shovels	45.00
1173	Atlantic Bitulithic Co	Street Contract	13,088.41
1174	Wm. L. DeRosset	Sidewalks	676.80
1175	J. M. Woolard	Street Paving	622.71
1176	Tim McCall	Brick Work	30.34
1177	Alfred White	Laying Brick	72.67
1178	Southern Paving and Cons. Co.	Street Contract	25,891.69
1179	G. W. Allen	Street Contract	595.00
1180	Pomona Terra Cotta Co	Terra Cotta Pipes	1,766.34
1181	E. J. McGuire	Gravel	944.44
1182	Carolina Cut Stone Co	Gravel and Curbing	1,133.18
1183	Barrett Mfg. Co	Asphalt	833.25
1184	A. C. L.	Freights	838.38
1185	Thomson Meter Co	Supplies—W. and S. Dept	90.72
1186	B. F. Sturtevant Co	Supplies—W. and S. Dept	11.50
1187	J. H. Boatwright & Co.	Insurance	71.50
1188	Harrison Bros. Mfg. Co	Supplies—W. and S. Dept	405.14
1189	Meier's Marble and G. Wks.	Gravel and Rock	126.39
1190	Quaker City Pub. Co	Supplies—W. and S. Dept	66.57
1191	Southern Bell Tel. Co	Phone Service	44.05
1192	Tidewater Power Co	Lighting Contract	1,701.21
1193	Wilder & Metts	Insurance	45.00
1194	J. G. Wright & Son	Rent of Lot	8.00
1195	Wilmington Star Co.	Advertising	57.32
1196	Postal Tel. Co	Telegrams	7.48
1197	C. W. Polvogt Co	Supplies	1.00
1198	J. O. Reilly	Insurance	38.32
1199	Jas. Walker Memorial Hospital.	Appropriations for April	500.00
1200	Furlong & Co	Purchase of Teams	990.00
1201	J. O. Reilly	Insurance—W. and S. Dept.	24.00
1202	Trustees 5th St. Church	Radiators	33.00
1203	Carl F. Strunck	Supplies—W. and S. Dept.	6.00
1204	Furlong & Co	Feeding Teams.	10.00
1205	J. H. Holcomb Mfg. Co	Brushes—F. Dept	6.50
1206	J. Henry Davis	Wood	5.50
1207	Cape Fear Oil Co	Oil	19.28
1208	Chas. H. White	Weekly Pay Roll	995.59
1209	Worrel Mfg. Co	Disinfectants	24.00
1210	Jarman & Mintz	Prescriptions	30.94
1211	W.H. Turley	Supplies—Quarantine	7.69
1212	J. O. Brock	Electrical Supplies	4.60
1213	Prease Bros. Co	Repairs—Carts	2.65
1214	L. A. Bilbro	Harness	54.90
1215	Peck & Holloway	Hardware	5.00
1216	Western Union Co	Telegrams	4.38
1217	John Bennett	Repairs—Carts	9.75
1218	Mafflitt & Wood	Supplies—Fire Boat	1.25
1219	Ahrens Bros	Drugs	3.96
1220	Wynnewood Lumber Co	Lumber	7.50
1221	D. L. T. Capps	Repairs—Plumbing	10.75
1222	Hyman Supply Co	Supplies—W. and S. Dept.	117.40
1223	Roger Moore's Sons & Co	Brick	66.50
1224	Evening Dispatch	Printing	9.75
1225	LeGwin Printing Co	Printing	8.25
1226	Hilton Lumber Co	Lumber	2.48
1227	J. W. Overby	Repairing Harness	1.75
1228	Sam'l Bear, Sr., & Sons	Supplies—Fire Dept	38.19

MOMENTOUS UNDERTAKING.

Southern Baptists Decide to Raise Million Dollars for Missions.

Oklahoma City, Okla., May 18.—Today will go down in the history of the Southern Baptist Convention as a day of momentous undertakings. The crowning event from the foreign missions standpoint was the decision to raise $1,000,000 for foreign mission educational work in commemoration of the centenary of Adoniram Judson, the pioneer Baptist missionary who sailed from America to India, in 1812.

The report of the committee appointed a year ago was read by Secretary Lansing Burrows. One million dollars is to be used as an educational fund in foreign lands, $200,000 of it going for the educational work in the foreign fields. It is to be made payable in three years, the final payment to be made in 1915. Provision also is made for $250,000 to be known as the Judson fund. This will be used in building missionary homes, meeting houses and hospitals. Dr. S. B. Ray, educational secretary of the Foreign Board, was nominated to look after raising this fund, with the power to select his assistants. The report of the committee was adopted by an enthusiastic rising vote.

The committee on apportionment recommended that $1,030,000 be raised for mission work during the coming year. Of this fund $412,000 is for home mission work and $618,000 for foreign mission work. The apportionment by States includes:

Maryland, home mission $9.000, foreign mission $18,000; District of Columbia, home mission $3,500, foreign mission $5,000; North Carolina, home mission $32,500, foreign mission $50,000; South Carolina, home mission $35.000, foreign mission $52,000; Virginia, home mission $38,000, foreign mission $85,000.

T. J. Watts, of Kentucky, read the report of the Baptist Young People's Union work.

It showed a total of 2,423 unions with a combined enrollment of 76,665 members. This is an increase over last year of 460 organizations and 15,965 members.

Officers elected for the union include W. W. Hamilton, Virginia, president; State secretaries: District of Columbia, John E. Briggs; Maryland, W. H. Baylor; Virginia, George Greene; North Carolina, John J. Hunt; South Carolina, S. P. Matthias.

The report required the services of the field secretaries of the Sunday School Board to give his whole time to Sunday School work east of the Mississippi river. The request was granted

S. H. Campbell, of Little Rock, Ark., made a report on woman's work.

During the 24 years of women's organizations $2,607,900.65 had been contributed through those channels.

St. Louis was selected today as the meeting place of the 1913 convention. Asheville, N. C., San Antonio, Texas, and New Orleans were also contestants for the next meeting.

CHARGED WITH MANY CRIMES

Self-styled Heir to Fortune Gets In Toils at Atlanta

Atlanta, Ga., May 18.—Claiming to be heir to a $300,000 fortune left him by his grandfather in Detroit, a man giving the name of Robert E. Watson and his home at Detroit, today was held to the criminal court on charges of forgery, cheating and swindling. According to the police Watson dropped into the city early this week and bought an automobile, givng a check for $2,050, requesting the automobile dealer to hold it for a day. Meanwhile, Watson took two girls joy-riding about the city, inspected several residences, which he is alleged to have thought of buying for one of his friends and wound up in the restricted district, where he was arrested.

"Watson" declared he was a graduate of Harvard, but declined to tell the court the name of his family.

Annapolis, Md., May 18.—University of Virginia's tennis team basted the Navy here today, 4 to 2. The Virginians captured three of the four singles and one of the doubles. The feature of the match was the work of Potts and Rixey, of Virginia, who defeated Parmalee and Fulton, the Navy experts.

Tomorrow Night "Souvenir Dance." and competitive drill by W. L. I. Trains leave Front and Princess streets 8:00, 8:30 and 9:00 P. M. Leave Lumina 10:45 and 11:15 P. M.

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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Gaylord—Bargains.
Tucker's—Monuments.
A. D. Brown—Bath Suits.
H. L. Fennell—Automobiles.
Farley & Co.—$1.00 a Week.
Wil. Auto. Repair Co.—Moon Cars.
Wil. Iron Works—Your Watchman.
Wil. Savings & Trust Co.—$1,600 Lost.
Atlantic Coast Line—Washington, D. C. Concord Chapter—Regular Convocation.
D. R. Foster & Co.—Mr. Property Owner.
J. W. Fleet Co.—You Owe it to Yourself.
Thos. D. Meares, Clerk—Warrants Issued.
Clarendon Column Co.—Gum Logs Wanted.
W. E. Perdew, Councilman—Sewer System.
W. D. MacMillan, Jr.—The Best Liked Cars.
Southern National Bank.—Notice to the Public.
Atlantic Trust and Banking Co.—Business Insurance.

Business Locals.

Wanted—House.
Wanted—Rooms.
Wanted—Painter.
Wanted—Position.
Lost—Ladies' Watch.
For Sale—Four Lots.
J. A. Fettel—For Sale.
For Rent—Four Rooms.
For Rent—Four Rooms.
J. O. Reilly—Buy a Lot.
Wilder & Metts—$5,250.00.
For Sale—One Iron Cot.
A. W. Pate Co.—For Sale.
For Rent—Rooms at Beach.
For Rent—Two Nice Rooms.
J. O. Reilly—Carolina Place.
For Rent—Furnished Room.
Victor J. Evans Co.—Patents.
For Rent—Furnished Rooms.
L. W. Moore—Cottage Home.
L. W. Moore—Truck Farmer.
Wilder & Metts—Building Lot.
W. J. Kirkham Co.—On Hand.
L. W. Moore—Carolina Heights.
James Owen Reilly—$3,000 Cash.
L. W. Moore—Best Lot at Audubon.
Wanted—Experienced Stenographer.
Wilder & Metts—Desirable Property.
Palace Market—Do Your Marketing.
L. W. Moore—Winter Park Gardens.
J. O. Reilly—Desirable Building Lot.
N. C. Home Bldg. Ass'n—New Series.
N. C. Home Bldg. Ass'n—New Series.
N. C. Home Bldg. Ass'n—If You Can.
Hebrew Relief Ass'n—Annual Meeting.
L. W. Moore—12 Per Cent. Investment.
Wilder & Metts—Audubon Improvements.
James Owen Reilly—Residential Property.
Wilder & Metts—Carolina Beach Property.
N. C. Home Bldg. Ass'n—Twenty-Five Cents.
Enterprise Plant Co.—Sweet Potato Plants.

THOUSANDS HEAR TEDDY.

Former President Strikes Blow After Blow at President Taft.

Cleveland, O., May 18.—For one hour tonight Col. Theodore Roosevelt faced a crowd of thousands in the immense Central Armory here and struck blow after blow at President Taft. He asserted that the President had made untruthful statements about him. He declared that the President's action in the Ballinger-Pinchot controversy was such that had he taken a similar course as president of a bank "he would have been in imminent danger of having the matter laid before the district attorney."

He attacked Mr. Taft for alluding to the fact that Dan R. Hanna, of Cleveland, son of the late Senator Mark Hanna, was supporting him, and that Hanna had been indicted on the charge of rebating. He said that the facts of the case showed that "there was not the slightset moral delinquency on the part of Mr. Hanna because of the action for which he was indicted."

One by one he took up points upon which President Taft has assailed him and said:

"I am against Mr. Taft because Mr. Taft proved faithless to the cause of the American people."

Col. Roosevelt then said that if Mr. Taft would read the current number of a weekly magazine he would find name after name of men among his Southern delegates and supporters who have been indicted and have even served terms of imprisonment. He said that one Taft candidate from the District of Columbia, who is now contesting the seat of the rightfully elected delegate with Mr. Taft's cordial approval, was not only indicted, but served a jail sentence."

"The newspapers," he continued, "have announced that in New Jersey next week Mr. Taft is to be the guest of a Taft candidate for delegate who was indicted in connection with the wire pool investigation last year. He said that "the boss of Atlantic City, the leader of the Taft forces in his county." was indicted and was awaiting disposal of his appeal from a sentence of a year in prison.

HOLD CONVENTION

Roosevelt Faction In Florida Instructs Delegates for the Colonel

Jacksonville, Fla., May 18.—So-called Progressive Republicans of Florida met in State convention here today, elected six delegates at large and six alternates to the National convention at Chicago, and instructed them to vote for Colonel Theodore Roosevelt for President "so long as his name remained before the convention." The delegates will contest the delegation named by the so-called regular convention on February 6th at Palatka, which was instructed for President Taft. H. L. Anderson, of Jacksonville, was named for National committeeman in opposition to H. S. Chubb, elected by the Palatka gathering. Resolutions were adopted condemning the "Federal officeholders in the State" for betraying the party and declaring the convention at Palatka as irregular and not representative. Candidates for Governor and Congress also were named.

District conventions for the Second and Third Congressional districts were held separately after the close of the State convention, two delegates and two alternates from each being chosen and instructed for Roosevelt. The First district delegates were named yesterday. The delegates are:

State at Large—H. L. Anderson, Jacksonville; Mark White, Pensacola; R. R. Robinson, S. H. Hart, J. N. Stripling, Jacksonville; J. H. Gregory, Jr., Key West.

Second District—Clinton E. Ward, Samuel E. Schell, both of Jacksonville.

Third District—George P. Wentworth, Thomas G. Rice, both of Pensacola.

EAST CAROLINA DIOCESE

Annual Council Meets In Edenton Today—Order of Services

(Special Star Telegram.)

Edenton, N. C., May 18.—The 29th annual council of the Protestant Episcopal Church, Diocese of East Carolina, opens tonight at 9 o'clock in St. Paul's church. The Right Rev. Robert Strange, D. D., bishop of the diocese, arrived this morning and will preside. Quite a number of delegates both for the council and for the Woman's Auxiliary, have already arrived and others are expected tomorrow and Monday. Sunday morning at 11 o'clock the councliary sermon will be preached by Rev. J. H. Griffith, of Kinston; at 5 o'clock in the afternoon tablets to the memory of Rev. Charles Pettigrew, bishop-elect of North Carolina; Rev. Clement Hall and Parson Earl, two Colonial rectors, and Col. Thos. Nash, a former vestryman, will be unveiled, Bishop Strange making the address. At 5:30 the baccalaureate sermon to the graduating class of the Edenton High School will be preached by the Rev. Clandins F. Smith, of Elizabeth City. At 8 P. M., the bishop will make his annual address to the council. Monday morning the business session will begin at 10 o'clock with morning prayer at 9:30.

Hattiesburg, Miss., May 18—Six men thought to be the robbers who looted an express car on a New Orleans & Northwestern Railroad train early Wednesday of more than $50,000 are hiding in a swamp near Laurel, Miss. Sheriff Bennett and his deputies left here this afternoon on a special train with blood hounds to take up the trail.

Atlantic City, N. J., May 18.—The submarine boat Tuna was floated at high tide and proceeded north in tow of the United States collier Lebanon. The submarine boat was but slightly damaged and is proceeding to Bridgeport, Conn., with her full crew on board.

GUM LOGS WANTED

9, 10, 11 and 12 inches in diameter; 8, 9 and 9½ feet long. For further specifications, write the

Clarendon Column Co.,
Box 629, Wilmington, N. C

my19-tf

WEEKLY COTTON REVIEW.

Market Sagged During Week on Improved Weather Conditions.

New Orleans, May 18.—The cotton market sagged this week under improved weather and crop conditions over the cotton region. The close on futures was at a net loss of 20 to 24 points. This was the lowest level of the week. The high prices were made on Tuesday, when the trading months were 18 to 20 points over last week's close.

Heavy short selling was in evidence after the middle of the week. The weather over the belt turned clear and dry and reports from nearly all important sections of the belt were to the effect that farmers were making rapid headway toward completing planting, not a few sections reported cotton up to a good stand, and in some instances chopped out. Here and there in the central and eastern portions of the cotton region some localities claimed to have more cotton above ground than they had last year at this time. All this served to create much bearish sentiment which resulted in selling pressure on the market.

In the early part of the week the market was supported to some extent by bullish expectations regarding the pending government crops on acreage and condition. The efforts being made in Congress to postpone the acreage figures until July, however, weakened bullish claims and allowed the bears to consider nothing but the weather.

In the spot department prices lost five-sixteenths of a cent a pound, middling closing at 11 5-8, against 11 15-16 last week and 15 11-16 this week last year. Sales on the spot amounted to 2,341 bales against 1,398 last week and 1,844 this week last year; sales to arrive amounted to 1,932 bales against 3,225 last week and 1,790 this week last year.

UNDERWOOD IN DAVIDSON.

Carried Manager Varner's County by Ninety Per cent.—Returns.

Lexington, N. C., May 18.—The indications are tonight that Oscar W. Underwood has carried 90 per cent. of the Democratic votes of Davidson county for President. In Lexington the Woodrow Wilson stronghold, Underwood received 146 votes against 42 votes for Wilson. Thomasville gave Wilson three votes. Six of the rural townships heard from instructed solidly for Underwood, and in several others Wilson received from one to three votes. It was a complete Underwood landslide in the county. The first in the primary here today was enlivened by a lively scrap between the opposing forces at the opening of the meeting. State Manager Varner, of the Underwood forces, and State Manager Williams, of the Wilson forces, being pitted against each other. The Wilson forces attempted to delay the voting on Presidential candidates, but they were completely squelched by the followers of Underwood.

AWNINGS TENTS DECORATIONS
and anything in
CANVAS GOODS
Room No. 6,
Grand Theatre Bldg.
DIXIE BROKERAGE CO.

ap30-1mo*

BUSINESS LOCALS

Advertisements inserted under this head one cent per word for each insertion, but no advertisement taken for less than 25c. Additional words, more than 25, one cent per word. Unless the advertiser has a regular account, all advertisements under this head are STRICTLY CASH IN ADVANCE, the amounts being too small to warrant a charge. The Star will send without charge, A. D. T. (Western Union) Messenger to any address in the city for advertisements in this department upon request by 'Phone to No. 51. A. D. T. Messenger will also call for telegrams for the Western Union Telegraph Company, or for notes or small packages to be delivered anywhere in the city. No charge for the telegrams, but a small charge for strictly A. D. T. calls or telephone subscribers may at any time telephone their telegrams, bills rendered to suit the sender daily, weekly or monthly. For this service, call Western Union, 'Phone No. 1. But for advertisements, always call the Star office, No. 51. Copy for Business Locals cannot be taken over the telephone—but upon request Messenger will be dispatched to any part of the city for them.

CAROLINA HEIGHTS, corner lot Nineteenth and Chestnut, 66x150. This is a chance to secure a desirable lot before price too high. Let me show it to you Monday. Telephone 332. L. W. Moore, 123 1-2 Princess street. my19-1t

WINTER PARK GARDEN home for sale. New two-story, six rooms; large lot, 66x330. Price low. Telephone 332. L. W. Moore, 123 1-2 Princess street. my19-1t

12 PER CENT INVESTMENT, good renting proposition that will soon pay for itself. Telephone 332. L. W. Moore, 123 1-2 Princess street. my19-1t

VALUABLE RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY on North Seventh Street, for sale. Has a frontage on Seventh street of 55 feet. Can be bought at a low figure. In one of the best neighborhoods in the city. Apply for terms to sole agent, James Owen Reilly, Fire Insurance and Real Estate. my19-1t

THREE THOUSAND CASH and the balance on time, will buy you a valuable store on Market street. Will pay you 8 per cent. as an investment. This proposition is worth looking into. See me at once. James Owen Reilly, Fire Insurance and Real Estate. my19-1t

$350.00, CASH OR TIME, will buy a lot Queen, between 10th and 11th streets, that is 47 feet by 90. Ten per cent. off for cash. Splendid chance to invest a small amount of money that will bring you good returns. James Owen Reilly, Fire Insurance and Real Estate. my19-1t

$2,000.00 CASH WILL BUY a desirable building lot on Market, between 13th and 14th streets. Apply to James Owen Reilly, Fire Insurance and Real Estate. my19-1t

CAROLINA PLACE, the high class Residential Suburb. Only about 100 lots left. Over one hundred lots sold within the past two weeks. Has Water Works, Gas, Electric Lights and Granolithic Sidewalks all over the place. You pay $10.00 down and $5.00 per month. Some very desirable lots left that we will sell at a bargain. American Suburban Corporation, James Owen Reilly, Agent. my19-1t

THE ANNUAL meeting of the Hebrew Relief Association will be held at the Vestry of the Temple of Israel this Sunday at 3 o'clock P. M. All members urgently requested to attend. my18-1t

BREAD is the staff of life; therefore, have it good. Bread like mother used to make; always pure, good and wholesome; costs no more than inferior bread. Homemade and Mother's bread. Chadbourn Baking Co., Chadbourn, N. C. my19-1t*

LOST—Between Sixth and Harnett and Front and Orange, ladies' size gold watch. Initials "A. W." on face of watch. Reward if returned to 905 No. 6th st. my19-1t*

LOST—A pair of nose glasses. Reward if returned to V. Sidbury, 1010 Market st. my19-1t

COTTAGE HOME—The time to buy a well located cottage is when it is first put on the market. I can offer one on Ann street, within few doors of car line. The price is low and can arrange good loan. Telephone 332. L. W. Moore, Real Estate, 123 1-2 Princess street. my19-1t

TRUCK FARMER—Have several desirable 10-acre farms that will produce results. Can arrange terms. Only short distance from city. L. W. Moore, Real Estate, 123 1-2 Princess street. my19-1t

FOR SALE—The best lot at Audubon, corner boulevard and turnpike. Telephone 332. L. W. Moore, Real Estate. my19-1t

AUDUBON IMPROVEMENTS are going steadily forward. Lots at this popular suburb are becoming more valuable. We have a few lots at bargain prices. Wilder & Metts. my19-1t

WE ARE OFFERING for sale that desirable corner of 4th and Walnut. This property has a frontage of 64 feet on Walnut street and a depth of 82 feet on Fourth street. The prices is right (below that asked for property not so desirable in the same locality) and is so that you may make a good profit on the investment. See Wilder & Metts. my19-1t

CAROLINA BEACH in a few years will take its place among the important Seaside resorts of the Atlantic Coast. Property bought there now will then be very valuable. We have a nice six-room cottage there for the small sum of $600.00. The annual rental from this dwelling is $60.00. We would be glad to have you investigate this proposition. Wilder & Metts. my19-1t

$5,250.00 buys the property; $54.00 is the monthly rental. You will readily see that all things being equal, the income from the investment justifies a purchase. Let us show you the property. Wilder & Meets. my19-1t

A NICE BUILDING lot on Market street, between 18th and 19th, for $2,000.00. The price will be advanced after this week. See Wilder & Metts. my19-1t

FOR RENT—At Wrightsville Beach, two large airy bed rooms, in private family. Location convenient to hotel and boarding houses. Address "Beach," care Star office. my19-1t

FOR RENT—Two nice large furnished rooms; southern exposure; all conveniences. 322 N. Third street. my19-1t*

WANTED by manufacturing company, an experienced stenographer. State experience and salary expected. Address "C-2", care Star. my19-3t

ON HAND—Oranges, apples, limes, old and new potatoes. Shipments of cabbage and all vegetables in season. Consignments of country produce handled with dispatch and prompt returns. W. J. Kirkham Produce Co., 16 Dock street. my19-1t*

TWO SALESMEN wanted to work country trade; $25 weekly salary and $5 per day while traveling. Los Angeles Products Co., St. Louis, Mo. my19-1t*

FOR SALE—Carolina Place lot, southwest corner 10th and Perry Avenue. One of the most desirable lots in the layout. Price reasonable. See us the first thing Monday morning. A. W. Pate Co. my19-1t

WANTED—Position as clerk in a grocery store. Can give good references. Apply at once. 616 So. 6th st. my19-1t*

WANTED—House in nice locality; modern conveniences. Immediate possession on June 1st desired. 'Phone 1646, or address "D," care Star. my19-1t*

FOR SALE—A bargain; rubber-tired surry, practically new; used about two dozen times. J. A. Fettel, 307 N. 6th st., 'Phone 404. my19-1t*

FOR RENT—Four ground floor rooms, partly furnished; splendid neighborhood; suitable light housekeeping, from June first to September thirtieth. Address "X-2" care Star. my19-1t*

DO YOUR MARKETING where you can get it all to eat. We keep the very best variety of fresh meats, fruits, vegetables and groceries in the city. We also take great pleasure in serving our customers. You don't have to lose in trading with us. We make things right at all times. Give us your business. Palace Market; 'Phone 72. my19-tf

PAINTER WANTED — One first-class painter. Apply Samuel J. Hodgetts, 417 South 6th street. my19-1t*

WANTED—Several rooms for light housekeeping; married couple, no children. Address "S. K. Y.," care this office. my19-1t*

FOR RENT—Four connecting rooms, with hall, on first floor, with modern improvements, near car line; suitable for light housekeeping; good locality. 'Phone 1341. my19-1t*

SWEET POTATO PLANTS—The celebrated Golden Beauty and Porto Rico yams, two dollars per thousand f.o.b. our loading station. Enterprise Plant Co., Meggetts, S. C. my19-8t*

TWENTY-FIVE CENTS starts you on a share of stock in the N. C. Home Building Ass'n. Subscribe for stock in the 45th series now; opens June 1st, 1912. C. W. Yates, President; Jas. H. Taylor, Jr., Sec'y, and Treas. my19-22-26-31-4t

IF YOU CAN only save 25c. a week, you have started in the right direction. The 45th series N. C. Home Building Ass'n opens Saturday, June 1st. Subscribe for stock now. 'Phone 127, C. W. Yates, President; Jas. H. Taylor, Jr., Sec'y and Treas. my19-22-26-31-4t

HOW FEW men save anything out of their salary! Many could save something, but do not do it because they have no systematic way. Take building and loan stock and set aside something each week for emergencies. You can get your money when you need it, and can borrow on your stock when necessary. 45th series N. C. Home Building Ass'n opens June 1st, 1912. 'Phone 127 or call on C. W. Yates, President, or Jas. H. Taylor, Jr., Sec'y and Treas. my19-22-26-31-4t

22 YEARS in the Building and Loan field! The 45th series N. C. Home Building Ass'n opens June 1st, 1912. Subscribe for stock before it is too late. C. W. Yates, President; Jas. H. Taylor, Sec'y and Treas. my19-22-26-28-31-5t

TO RENT—A room nicely furnished; Southern exposure; modern conveniences; centrally located, 212 Orange street. my19-1t*

FOR SALE—Four lots on Northwest corner of 5th and Queen streets. Ida H. Gooding. my19-1t*

PATENTS SECURED or fee returned. Send sketch for free report on patentability. Guide book and list of inventions wanted sent free. One million dollars offered for one invention. Patents advertised free. Victor J. Evans & Co., 948, Washington, D. C. my19-1t*

FURNISHED ROOMS for rent; all modern conveniences, at 119 Orange street; 'phone 1767. my19-1t*

FOR SALE—One iron cot with woven wire springs and cotton mattress. Only used short while. Will sell cheap. Address Box 203, City. my19-1t*

YOUNG MEN WANTED for government positions. Full information free. Eastern Civil Service Schools, Darby, Pa. ap27-1mo*

WANTED—Young man with business experience, wants employment at once. A-1 references. Address "Competent," care Star. my14-6t*

NOTICE—To the Stockholders and officers of The Wilmington Fair Association, Inc.: Notice is hereby given for a meeting of the stockholders of the Wilmington Fair Association, Inc., to be held in Room 6, Grand Theatre Building, in the City of Wilmington, N. C., on the 23rd day of May, 1912, at 4 o'clock P. M. The purpose of said meeting is called at the direction of J. Bryan Grimes, Secretary of State, and to consider any other matters which may come before same. A. E. Peschau, Secretary. my16-7t

ONLY OPPORTUNITY to buy the best paying cash retail department business in Wilmington, located in fine residential section of city. Estimated stock $5,000. Low rent; terms, spot cash. Will easily net $3,000 year. Only first class men who know and intend to run a first class place with cash need apply. Owner intends leaving city. Address "Opportunity," care Star. my3,5,7,10,12,14,17,19-8t

THOSE WHO WISH to master the details of a most fascinating and profitable business and get good paying positions afterward, are urged to write at once to the Southern Automobile College, Oak Ridge, N. C., the leading school of its kind in the South. Write for special rates. my8-eod-8t*

WOMEN—Sell guaranteed hose; 70 per cent. profit; make $10 daily; full or part time; beginners investigate. Strong Knit, Box 4029, West Philadelphia, Pa. ap14-su7t*

MEN—If you want work, sell guaranteed hosiery to wearers; big commission; make $10 daily; experience unnecessary. Address International Mills, 3038 Chestnut, Phila. ap14-su7t*

MEN AND WOMEN WANTED for government positions; $80 month; annual vavation; short hours; no "layoffs." Common education sufficient. Over 12,000 appointments coming. Influence unnecessary. Send postal immediately for free list of positions. Franklin Institute, Dept. 271p, Rochester, N. Y. my12-su8t*

FOR SALE—200 bushels black-eyed peas, 200 bushels field peas. Phone, write or wire C. D. Gilbert, 212 Market street. my12-su4t

WAKE UP! Spread out! Advertise! Multigraph imitation typewritten circulars; cheap as printing; better results. All classes typewriting and notary work. Harriss Typewriting and Advertising Co., 114 Princess street; 'phone 708. del-tu,su,th-tf

DRESSED CHICKENS and dressed chickens. See them today. We have the goods. All kinds of fresh meats, fruits and vegetables. We keep the best goods to be found. Give us your orders today. We have what you want. Palace Market; 'phone 72. my18-tf

DOCTOR wants location in small town in North Carolina having good schools and surrounding country with good farms and roads. Address Dr. Marshburn, 1621 12th Ave., Meridian, Miss. my18-4t*

FOR SALE—Kohler & Campbell piano, slightly used, $150. Chas. M. Stieff, 213 Princess street. my17-3t

WANTED AT ONCE, competent male stenographer. "S. O. S.," care Star. my17-3t

MEN WANTED — To learn automobile business. Why work hard for small pay? Experts earn big salaries. We teach you. Wilmington Automobile School, 114 N. Second street. P. O. Box 124. my11-tf

AUTOMOBILE INSTRUCTION — Practical auto. instruction given by us on the latest cars and in the best equipped shop in the State. Easy terms. Wilmington Automobile School, 114 N. Second street. P. O. Box 124. my11-tf

POSITION WANTED by experienced and competent double entry book-keeper. Present employment, railroad work. Best of references. Address "D. B. K.," care Star. my17-3t*

BARGAINS in a fine line of trunks, suit cases and hand bags. Also all kinds of unredeemed pledges. Save money and see Uncle Charles, 16 S. Front street. ja3-tf

SECOND HAND square piano for sale. In good order. Cheap to cash purchaser. Address "Piano," care Star Office. se15-tf

FOR SALE—Several thousand juniper shingles; also several hundred fence posts, at Southern Exchange Co.'s pole yards, foot of Harnett street. mh1-tf

Diamonds
Watches
Silverware
Cut Glass

A. O. SCHUSTER
JEWELER,
104 North Front Street.

Aberdeen, Md., Dec. 12, 1908.
We have been buying

DAVIS 100 PER CENT PURE PAINT

for about ten years, and think it the best paint in the world. We have never had a complaint.
Yours truly,
GEO. SLEE & CO.

For Sale By
M. W. DIVINE & CO.,
Wilmington, N. C.

CONCORD CHAPTER, NO. 1, R. A. M. Companions:

The Regular Convocation will be held Monday evening, 8 o'clock, May 20th, and the Mark Master's degree conferred.

By order of the High Priest.,
W. A. MARTIN,
Secretary.

ma 19-1t.

The Small Boy and the Banker

While seated down on the wharf a few afternoons ago a Bank Man was approached by a manly little fellow.

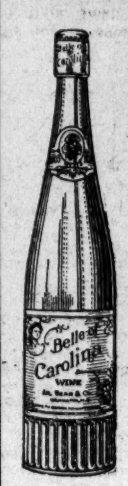
Small Boy: Mister, my father don't save nothing ,and my mother don't save nothing but my teacher, she says everybody ought to save part of what they earn.

Banker: Your teacher is quite right, little man. Laying by a little of your earnings is the only way to get ahead in the world.

Small Boy: I guess you are right, Mister, 'cause my Pa is always afraid he'll lose his job and won't know where to get anything to eat the following week.

Banker: That's a bad policy. It takes away a man's independence. If a man has not a little laid by for a rainy day, he gets to be a first cousin to a slave.

Small Boy: Well, I know The American National Bank solicits the savings of small boys and I'm going to start an account right away and one of these days I may have as much as some of those rich fellows have.



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It's Delicious

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7 and 9 CHESTNUT ST. 'PHONE 866
WILMINGTON, N. C.

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Mosquito Canopies, Porch Rockers, Refrigerators, Ice Boxes, Porch Screens, Cots, Iron Beds, Ostermoor Mattresses, Bloch Go-Carts.

WILMINGTON FURNITURE CO.

Business Insurance

There is no doubt that the best insurance a business man or firm can carry is a Certificate of Deposit of sufficient size to tide over a crisis or to take advantage of an opportunity to purchase raw material or manufactured goods.

The crisis or the opportunity may come when the firm is borrowed up to the limit or when on account of scarcity of currency loans are being reduced.

Many concerns are making this a regular policy and each year convert a certain portion of the profits into interest-bearing Certificates of Deposit. We issue both Demand and Time Certificates.

The Atlantic Trust and Banking Company

"White Crane"

is the name of a beautiful white bird, as also derives the name "WHITE CRANE" applied to the beautiful white flour, which makes it a pleasure for the housewife to say: "I thank you for the compliment, it is grand, and so easy to make with 'WHITE CRANE' flour.

My grocer recommends it—He keeps the best of everything. If yours don't, why call Telephones No. 256 or 1970, they will give you the names of those that do.

Don't forget to add "WHITE CRANE" flour on your order tday. It's the best.

MISS EXACTING HOUSE-KEEPER.

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TO-DAY Saturday Only

and as long as they last, our 40c assorted Chocolates at

29c
PER POUND

E. WARREN & SON
Phone 376.

Special Prices

Special Prices on the following—
100 Bbls. Large Mullets.
200 Bbls. Medium Mullets.
100 Bbls. Small Mullets.
200 Boxes Smoked Herring.
40 Boxes Cod Fish.
200 Cases Salmon.
200 Cases Sardines.
50 Cases Herring Roe.
100 Cases Oysters.
500 Bbls. Fancy Patent Flour.
400 Sacks Broken Rice.
400 Sacks Head Rice
75 Bbls. Fancy Molasses.
50 Bbls. N. O. Molasses.

We also carry a full line of Cakes, Candies, Snuff, Tobacco, etc., all of which will be sold on a close margin.

J. W. BROOKS
Wholesale Grocer,
WILMINGTON, N. C.

COW PEAS

187 Bags Cow Peas.
116 Bags Lima Beans.
121 Bags Navy Beans.
162 Cases Evap. Apples.
81 Cases Evap. Peaches.
41 Cases No. 10 Tomatoes
97 Cases Old Va. Fish Roe
88 Kegs Large Mullets.
99 Bags Fancy Head Rice.
87 Bags Japan Rice.
92 Bags Broken Rice.

W. B. Cooper Co.
Wholesale Grocers.

SECOND SECTION

THE MORNING STAR

WILMINGTON

FOUNDED A.D. 1867

PAGES 9 TO 16

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COLONIAL GOVERNORS OF THE CAPE FEAR

Address of Mr. John Jay Blair Upon Occasion of Recent Annual Pilgrimage of Colonial Dames of America to Ruins of Old St. Phillip's Church.

I want to express to the Society of Colonial Dames the very great honor which I feel has come to me in being invited by your proper officers to make an address on this day, which has by observance and association become a sacred and hallowed one. This occasion brings with it to me an opportunity of taking an humble part in the historical awakening and activities which have dominated our State during the past decade.

If there be one who has not been cognizant of this awakening, he must also be blind to all truths of history and relations of the past. In the absence of any attempts at oratory I trust that simple statements of facts concerning the deeds of our forefathers will be deemed ornate.

In this brief historical sketch of the Cape Fear section I hope to render some little service by presenting a few facts taken from reliable sources of information rather than presenting my own personal views and opinions relative to the characters around which events centered during the period of forty-four years from 1731-1775.

I have selected for my subject the Governors who resided here on the Cape Fear, with a view to the formulating of a connected story of their respective administrations, together with a reference to events in the province which are of sufficient importance to have any bearing upon its life.

The fact that there were no resident historians and before the middle of the last century, no printing presses, and consequently few newspapers, made the record of events as they occurred, practically impossible to be rendered, in such a way as to reflect the true spirit and dominant characteristic of the times.

That the settlement was maligned and villified both at home and abroad, more or less, in all contemporaneous correspondence goes without questioning. A British writer refers to the colony as "and asylum for fugitives," "a settlement destitute of the kindly influences of religion and law."

The more this field is explored, the more truth will be brought out. As those papers and records which we have, throw more light on the public and political questions than upon the social and industrial life of the province, the social, educational, and esclesiastical phases have been neglected. We have relied for pictures of home life almost entirely upon prejudiced writers from other provinces, who seemed to have taken a delight in bringing us into public ridicule and treating us with injustice and uniform disparagement.

During the half century extending over the period from the Lords Proprietors' rule to the Revolutionary war, five Governors appointed by the crown presided over the destinies of this province, and each one in turn for a time, at least, made his home on the Cape Fear.

The first of these furnishes the subject for the following sketch:

GEORGE BURRINGTON

On the 25th of February, 1731, Burrington who had just arrived in the colony, took the oath of office before the council assembled at Edenton. His administration terminating on the 12th of November, 1734, when in the same town he received a proclamation that his successor, Gabriel Johnson, had arrived at Brunswick and had there qualified according to law.

Probably the fairest estimate of Burrington is that given by William Saunders in his prefatory notes to the third volume of the Colonial Records. "Historians have fallen into grave errors in regard to Gov. Burrington. They go on to state, but upon what evidence is not known, that he ended his life after rioting in his usual manner all night in the Bird Cage walk in the corner of St. James' Park in London. The impression being created that his disgraceful death occurred soon after his return to London. The statement is certainly untrue in several material points. Precisely when he returned to England does not appear, but from an entry in the Journal of the Board of Trade it is shown that he was there on the 10th of June, 1735. Other entries and communications show that he was in frequent communication from that time until December, 1736, after which no reference is made to him.

That he was a man of violent temper, of a contentious disposition, overbearing and domineering towards his subordinates is sustained by the historical records of the times without question. It is known that he had been ordered to appear before the court and that three distinct warrants for his arrest had been issued. The papers, however, were never served, an entry having been made on the court record that the indictment was quashed. It is said that he escaped from the colony on a pretext of visiting South Carolina, but sailed for England immediately upon reaching Charleston.

If even a part of what his enemies said about Burrington be true the wonder is that he got away from the colony alive. What then in view of all the conflicting statements is the real character of Burrington?

1. Previously he had been Governor of the province under the Lords Proprietors, his reappointment serving as undouted evidence of his ability.

2. His official papers are well written and show an intimate knowledge of the country and of measures best adapted to promote its development.

3. He is known to have been a scientist of considerable ability having made a study of the animal and vegetable life of the Cape Fear.

4. Considerable attention was given by him to making soundings and surveying of rivers and harbors in the interest of navigation.

At this point an extract from some of his letters can be introduced with propriety. "North Caroina was little known or mentioned before I was Governor for the Proprietors. (1725). When I first came I found the inhabitants few and poor. I took all methods I thought would induce people from other countries to settle themselves in this. Perfecting a settlement on the Cape Fear river cost me a great sum of money and infinite trouble. I endured the first Winter I spent there, all the hardships that could happen to a man destitute of a house to live in; that was above a hundred miles from a neighbor in a pathless country and was obliged to have all provision brought by sea at a great expense to support the number of men I carried there, paid and maintained at my sole expense.

It can hardly be imagined what pains I took sounding the inlets, bars and rivers of this province which I performed no less than four times. I discovered and made known the channels of the Cape Fear river and Port Beaufort and Topsail Inlet before unused and unknown. In attempting these and other discoveries by land and water I often ran the hazard of drowning and starving; and never retained any other reward or gratification but the thanks of two assemblies in this country for all the pains I took and the money I expended in carrying on and completing these enterprises."

In the light of history then after taking an inventory of his deeds, Burrington must stand out as a man of ability but possessing grievous faults of such a nature as to disqualify him for the position which he occupied.

One writer says he was a wiser ruler than his predecessor, Everard, and possesed no more faults; he was too, to say the least, as wise as his successor, Gabriel Johnson, and no more arbitrary. Certain it is too that the province under his administration continued to flourish and prosper both in wealth and population. At that time it is evident that no Governor could have carried out the instructions of the crown and at the same time have kept peace with the people.

Colonel Byrd, of Virginia, in 1731, wrote to him as follows: "I think by some samples I have known of North Carolina it will cost a pretty good deal of trouble to bring it into order. People accustomed to live without law or gospel will with great reluctance submit to either; in the meantime I wish you all success in the world in bringing the chaos into form and reducing that anarchy into regular government. In doing so you will deserve your statue erected or perhaps what is better to have your salary doubled."

Events

1. Marking the boundary line between North Carolina and Virginia.

2. Laying out roads. Buildings bridges and establishing ferries.

From Edenton to Wilmington a road was run near 200 miles with three long ferries to cross.

GABRIEL JOHNSTON

The next administration, that of Gabriel Johnston, extending over a period of nearly 20 years is marked by many incidents and events which have important and vital bearing upon the future destiny of the colony. The fact that Gabriel Johnston had his residence upon the Cape Fear is not generally recognized. His immediate place of residence and incidents connected with his life have both been obscured and sub-ordinated by matters of graver importance. Reference, however, to his residence here has been made by Mr. James Sprunt, Col. A. M. Waddell and Mr. Samuel Ashe, from whose history the following is an extract. "Nearly all the Councillors then resided on the Cape Fear and the growing importance of that region together with its fine navigable river led the Governor at first to make that his residence instead of Edenton."

His administration began in 1734 when he took the oath of office at Old Brunswick.

He has come down to us with the reputation of having done more to promote the prosperity of the colony than all the other Colonial Governors put together. One historian says he deserves the graditude of every citizen of the State; another lauds him as a benefactor, a paragon of learning and of education; another that he was the ablest of all the Colonial Governors.

As a mark of honor a noted fort and a county in the State have borne his name. It is equally true that the colony grew and thrived under his administration. The records show that he called the attention of the Legislature to the importance of the cause of education and the need of its advancement in the colony. Education seems for a long time to have been entirely neglected, no notice having been taken of it and no provision made for it by the the government.

It is known that there were many men of ability and learning in the country who sent their sons abroad to be educated, but neglected to do anything for the cause of learning at home.

Caruthers briefly says of Johnston: "He was a native of Scotland and a literary man having been educated at the University of St. Andrew's and afterwards professor of languages in that institution. He knew the value of learning and wished to see it promoted, but when appropriations were made for it, they were either wasted or taken to meet some other demands of the treasury."

An incident in his administration which can properly be introduced here is a record of events which led up to the removal of the county seat from Brunswick to Wilmington. The Legislative records show that the discussion extended over a long period of time but was finally accomplished during his administration. The name Wilmington being given to the new seat of government in honor of his patron, Sir Spencer Compton, Earl of Wilmington. His course in this matter, the records of the council show, to have been harsh and artbitrary. Having voted twice in favor of the bill after which he declared it passed and sent it to the king.

In none of the many papers he wrote during the 18 years of his governorship is there anything scarcely by which we may form an estimate of the population of the province of its material growth. Happily Burrington and Dobbs left us data by which its condition at the beginning and the end may be known.

However, in one of his letters to the Board of Trade, he discloses some interest in the county's industrial progress in the following extract, in which he condemns the methods of manufacturing tar, encourages the raising of hemp, refers to the colonists planting mulberries for raising of raw silks ,and cultivating vines for the producing of wines. He refers to the making of oil from the clive and from nuts and seeds which grow spontaneously here. The collector's books show that 42 ships were loaded from the Cape Fear river within 12 months. A letter from the Board of Trade in reply to this says: "When you mentioned the 42 sail of ships that went from Cape Fear river, you ought to have sent us a more particular account thereof as likewise what the said ships were loaded with. It is with pleasure we read the account you have given us of the people settled on the Cape Fear river.

Burrington, to the Board of Trade, after his return to England in 1736, writes: "Mr. Manly informed me your honours were inclined to know my opinion concerning the ports of entry and export in North Carolina. In North Carolina at this time there are five collections; one on Cape Fear river, called Port Brunswick ,at Topsail Inlet is Port Beaufort, on Pamticough river, Port Bath Town; Roanoke Port is at the head of Albemarle sound, and Currituck on the sea coasts or sounds near Virginias; this last collection was never settled or fixed to any certain place. To the collection of Brunswick belong a very large district of land, and it will be a place of very great trade when it becomes well peopled. No other alteration is necessary in this collection than appointing the collector to reside nearer the mouth of the river than the place where he now lives,which is more than 20 miles above the inlet."

That he was gratified with his administration there appears in an official dispatch to the Duke of Newcastle a statement to this effect, that after five years' struggle, he had brought matters in this unhappy country to a system where disorder had before reigned and placed it on a firm foundation. Undoubtedly during this period of 20 years the province increased in population, wealth and happiness. At the time of its purchase by the crown its population did not exceed 13,000; it now was upwards of 45,000. Upon his death in 1752 Mathew Rowan, for whom a county by that name remains, filled the office of Governor as president of the Council.

Events.

1. A fort built as a protection against the Indians mounting 24 pieces of cannon on the south bank of Cape Fear and called in honor of the Governor, Fort Johnston.

2. A printing press was imported into the province from Virginia by James Davis.

3. 1749—Emigrants from Scotland flocked to the Cape Fear.

4. 1752—September 2nd was reckoned the 14th, omitting eleven days.

5. 1738—A division of the province into three counties, Albemarle, Bath and Clarendon was abolished, the precincts now being called counties with a sheriff appointed for each.

6. 1740—England having declared war against Spain 400 men were raised in the Colony.

7. The population of North Carolina at the beginning of Johnston's administration was near 50,000 in all and at the close about 90,000.

8. Records show that emigrants followed the courses of the streams in forming their settlements, in their search for "bottom land."

ARTHUR DOBBS.

The next Governor appointed by the crown was Arthur Dobbs, who arrived in New Bern in the Fall of 1754, and assumed control of the government. He was a native of Ireland, a man of letters and broad liberal ideas. Wheeler says he brought as an acceptable oblation several pieces of cannon and 1,000 firelocks, a present from the King to the colony.

His term of office is known to have been one marked by considerable contention and discord. A minute recognition for royal prerogatives on his part and an equal resistance on the part of the colonists on the other afford sufficient reason for this condition. The contest between himself and the Legislature being frequently on matters which were frivolous and unimportant.

For the greater part of his life he resided at Brunswick, and in the Old Town Creek settlement. Numerous allusions were made in his letters to the building of the churches in Brunswick and Wilmington.

St. Phillip's Parish.

Without some extended reference to St. Phillip's Church and the related ecclesiastical status of the colony during Burrington and Dobbs' administrations no record would be complete.

In a letter to the Bishop of London April 23, 1734, John LaPierre writes from "New Hanover alias Cape Fear." "I was the first minister of the church of England that came to these places to preach which I did during three years and a half," etc.

In a letter of July 7, 1735, Richard Marsden wrote to the Bishop of London: "I have been at Cape Fear near seven years and can truly say that I have from my heart and soul done my utmost to promote the glory of God."

On April 7th, 1760, during Dobbs' term of office, the Church Wardens and Vestry "begged to recommend Rev. John MacDowell as a good minister of the Church of England, who has been in this province since 1754, and officiated in our neighboring parish of St. James until May, 1757, and the next year in Brunswick and Wilmington, and from that time our minister in this parish."

"We are building a very large brick church which is near done and hope soon to have a glebe, but at present are obliged to hire a house for him to live in till we can do better; at present we are a poor parish, very heavily taxed on occasion of the present war with the French and Indians, therefore can't afford to give a competency so as to maintain him and his young family in a decent manner."

An extract from a letter from the Rev. John MacDowell in 1760 to the Bishop of London gives the following information: "Nothing can give me greater pleasure than to hear that my conduct is approved. I have been south as far as the borders of South Carolina assembling a great number of people from both provinces and we were obliged to assemble under the shady trees. I baptized one day on that visit 32 children and adults among them five free mulattoes."

"It is impossible for me to live here where my salary is so small and everything so dear, I could not have continued so long had I not had some fortune with my wife, which, if I continue here much longer must go. I was obliged to sell a slave last year to help us to subsist, though no persons ever lived in a more frugal manner."

April 15, 1760—Governor Dobbs recommending MacDowell, fixed in this parish. "I therefore join with them in these applications as it is the parish I preside in and propose when the church is finished, which is now roofing to be His Majesty's chapel in this government, to which he has been pleased to give the communion plate, surplice and furniture for the communion table and pulpit, Bible and Common Prayer Books, to have the service performed with decency. I therefore hope the society will think it a service of the established church to put so deserving a clergyman upon their list of missionaries, as this church will be the largest and most complete in this province, and may be an exemplar for building other church. He adds: "A hundred Catawba warriors have returned to our town, of 250 they had when they dispersed on account of small-pox."

April 17, 1760. MacDowell writes: "Here our chapels are more than thirty and some of them forty miles distant from the centre of the parish and we often have to ride fifteen or twenty miles without seeing a house to flee to for shelter from a thunder shower which are very severe and very frequent here in Summer and other inclemencies of the weather which often shifts from one extreme to another and which is the reason that people are so unhealthy here.

"It is with great pleasure that I can acquaint society that my parishioners of Brunswick have a fine large church, by far the largest in the province, in great forwardness—the brick work is done and a great part of the roof up, we hope to have the church covered and fit for the purpose of Divine Service this ensuing Summer, and a parsonage house to be actually built and a glebe purchased for me.

"His Excellency, Governor Dobbs, will put up a pew for himself, and a council, a pulpit and a reading desk; and will give a carpet for Communion Table, and plate and linen for Communion Service, and surplice for the minister." (His seventh year of service.)

April 16, 1761, MacDowell says: "The roof of the new church at Brunswick is all fallen down again. It was struck with lightning last July and afterwards a prodigious and immoderate amount of rain falling on it, made it all tumble down; and there it lies just as it fell; the chapel is a most miserable old house, only 24 by 12, and every shower or blast of wind blows through it.

July 3, 1761, MacDowell writes: "I have quit housekeeping and have betaken myself to a lodging, but still I am not in the least concerned for myself for I have learned in whatsoever state I am therewith to be content."

Events.

1761.—George III, was proclaimed King.

COLONEL WILLIAM TRYON.

The administration of Gov. Tryon being of such recent date that the record of events and story of his life do not carry with them the flavor of tradition and mystery which surround some of the others.

In the case of Tryon, too, we are compelled to acknowledge that the prejudice and ill feeling incident to the turmoil of the times preceding the revolution has caused an unjust estimate to be made as to his character, ability and efficiency as governor of the Province.

Mr. Haywood, in the preface of his book on Governor Tryon makes the following suggestive observation: "Ever since I have learned to rely more upon documentary evidence than upon the individual opinions of writers I have been convinced that history has dealt too harshly with the memory of Governor Tryon."

The subject of this sketch was born in Surry in the handsome family residence in the year 1729. Tryon arrived in the province at Cape Fear on Wednesday, October 10, 1764, and next day waited on Governor Dobbs, who had already been appraised of his coming. Dobbs refused to relinquish the office at once, which was a bitter disappointment to Tryon who wanted to put into immediate effect the policies which he had outlined.

Dobbs requested that a sloop of war be sent in the Spring to convey him home. The Governor's mansion being still in possession of the present incumbent in office, Tryon experienced great inconvenience in securing accommodations for himself and the family who accompanied him.

As he received no salary during Dobbs' term of office he was under the necessity of drawing on his own personal resources. On the 27th of October, 1764, he took the oath of office of Lieutenant Governor in the city of Wilmington.

The venerable Governor Dobbs was destined never to leave North Carolina, for on Thursday, the 28th of March following, death brought relief to the aged ruler, and when his remains were laid to rest on the Town Creek Plantation, there being not a clergyman with a hundred miles of Brunswick, the burial service had to be conducted by a Justice of the Peace.

Six days later, on the third of April, 1765, the oath of office was administered to Tryon at a session of the council in the city of Wilmington, after having served five months and six days as Lieutenant Governor during the life of his predecessor, Governor Dobbs.

One of his first official acts was to arrange for the establishing of a seat of government at New Bern, with the result that the town began to prosper.

The third session of the legislature having met on the third of May, after a short enconium on his predecessor's administration, he advised the houses to improve the hour of tranquility in promoting the internal polity of the province, making the following recommendations, namely: The establishing of a clergyman in each parish whose salary should be paid out of the public treasury. That they reflect upon the present state of the church that it might no longer suffer from so general neglect; that provision be made to enable the postmaster general to establish a line of post roads through the province of North Carolina, also a committee appointed to contract for conveying the mail from Suffolk, Va., to South Carolina.

A clergy act was passed, directing the church wardens to provide a sufficient glebe and allow a salary of one hundred and thirty-three pounds, eighteen shillings to a minister in each parish.

The most noteworthy event of this decade was the passage by Parliament of the notorious Stamp Act, which was endorsed by the King on the 22nd of March of the current year. General consternation now pervaded the American provinces from Massachusetts to South Carolina. In New York the Act was printed under the title of "The Folly of England and the Ruin of America." Meetings were held, effigies were burned, personal violence was offered to the King's representatives so that a number of them took refuge for safety on board ship and in the armed fortresses.

In January, 1766, William Pitt, afterwards Lord Chatham, expressed his opinion that the Stamp Act be repealed, absolutely, totally and immediately for the reason that it was founded upon an erroneous principle.

At this juncture an occurence of gravest import is recorded and one which ranks in importance with the Boston Tea Party and the Battle of Lexington. I refer to the arrival of the sloop of war, Diligence, in the Cape Fear river, having on board the stamped paper intended for use in the province. In the city of Wilmington a strange scene is enacted. After Ashe, of New Hanover, and Waddell, of Brunswick, had marched with their militia to the town of Brunswick before which the ship was anchored, announcing their determination to resist the landing of the stamps, a boat was taken from her deck and having fixed in it a mast with a flag hoisted it on a cart and drove triumphantly through the streets, the inhabitants all joining in the procession. At night the celebration was continued by a brilliant illumination of the town.

On the next day a great concourse of people headed by Col. Ashe, proceeded to the Governor's house demanding an audience with James Houston, who had been appointed stamp master for the province. He was compelled to accompany them to the market place followed by a great concourse of people and forced to take his solemn oath not to proceed with the duties of his office, upon which the people gave three cheers, permitting him to return to the Governor's mansion.

An attempt on the part of the Governor was made to pacify the people of Wilmington with the barbecued ox and a few barrels of beer. Their opposition to the stamp act could not be purchased in this way, the ox being thrown in the river and the beer spilled upon the ground.

A detailed story of the Pennington episode of February 21, 1766, appears upon the Russellboro tablet.

On the 13th of June a dispatch was received from General Conway, of the British Government, notifying the Governor of the repeal of the stamp act.

On the 26th of June, the mayor recorder, and aldermen of Wilmington presented an address to Governor Tryon congratulating him on the repeal of the stamp act and on the happy prospect of the unoion and harmony thereby established between the colonies and the Mother Country.

In 1767 on the rise of legislature says Martin: "Governor Tryon lost no time in carrying into effect his darling scheme of building a palace, having exerted all his influence to obtain the passage of this bill. This measure was thought by many to have laid the foundation of the series of disorders and commotions which terminatel in the battle of Alamance, however, it afforded him an opportunity of leaving behind an elegant monument of his taste in building and giving the minister an instance of his great influence. To the plan of a Governor's house was substituted that of a palace, worthy of the residence of a prince of the blood. The purchase of the ground and the erection of the foundation, absorbed the sum which the legislature had been pleased to bestow, which was an ample appropriation for the completion of the building."

His battle with the Regulators, together with the stormy and tragic scenes on its account, do not properly come within the scope of his address. Worn out by the tribulations of the office and unable to brave the gathering storm of opposition, the Governor asks to be relieved of his office. In June, 1771, while with his troops at Hillsborough, the intelligence was received that he had been appointed Governor of New York. He accordingly left the army and proceeded to New Bern and thence to New York.

On July 9th, 1771, he was sworn in as Governor, which office he held until March 22nd, 1780. Eight years later he died at the age of 58 in London and was buried at Turkenham.

Social Conditions.

Planters pride themselves upon being gentlemen. Labor was in the greatest demand. Slavery was a recognized institution. The Cape Fear planters having opportunity to buy them first hand from the traders. It was not an uncommon thing for a

(Continued on Page Ten.)

GOSSIP OF FOREIGN CAPITALS

Interesting Social and Sporting Season Expected In London—Missionary Work in China—Other Interesting Notes

(By Associated Press).

London, May 18.—For the first time in three years London is really itself, and everyone is looking forward to an interesting and sporting season. In 1910 the death of King Edward restructed the usual gaiety and last year the Coronation overshadowed the ordinary Spring and Summer season.

The season was formally opened the last day of April, when the King motored to Newmarket for the inauguration of the real flat racing season. For Ascot the King and Queen will entertain at Windsor.

Besides the Latin-British exhibition, the annual horse show will take on its old-time prestige. The Naval and Military Tournament will be followed by the International Flower Show at Chelsea ,which has been organized on a scale to eclipse anything of its kind ever given here. For the first time in the modern history of social London there will be two opera houses giving grand opera.

The greatest sporting event of the season will be the triangular battel for cricket honors between English, South African and Australian elevens. There will be nine test matches, and after their showing in Australia last Winter the English players are entertaining high hopes that the championship will remain at home.

In the purely social realm any number of great hostesses will signalize the return to normal conditions by giving balls. Among these will be Mrs. George Keppel, who has spent but little time in London since the death of King Edward. She will give a ball to introduce to society her daughter, Miss Violet Keppel. The Duchess of Devonshire will entertain the King and Queen on Derby night, and the Duchesses of Norfolk, Portland and Wellington will entertain at balls.

One of the events of the season will be the One Hundred Years Ago Ball, which will be given for the benefit of the Soldiers and Sailors Help Society. All attending the ball must appear in costumes of 1812, and it is expected that the result will prove striking. The Empire, another charity ball, is also expected to be a great social success.

* * *

Commander Eva Booth, leader of the Salvation Army in America, has arrived here to arrange with her father, General Booth, the itinerary of the American tour which the veteran army chief expects to make some time this year. No definite steps in this direction will be taken, however, until after General Booth undergoes an operation on May 23rd for the removal of a cataract from one of his eyes. The sight of one eye is totally destroyed, but his physicians have assured the general that unless unforeseen complications arise they will be able to restore the sight of the other.

At the present time General Booth can barely distinguish outlines, and he feels his affliction keenly, for he is extremely fond of studying the faces of his audiences. His total blindness in one eye was due to his impatience, for, after an operation had been performed on it for the removal of a cataract, he made a motor tour, during which he removed his goggles to get a better view of the crowds which surrounded his car at every stop. The light and dust caused inflammation which re-

(Continued on Page 10.)

ARE YOU PREPARED

FOR THE GOOD OLD SUMMER TIME?

If not, we are here to help you get ready. Visit our

READY-TO-WEAR DEPARTMENT.

Where we are better prepared than ever to fill your wants, for anything contained in a full line. Some New Things here almost every day. Just now, for this week, we mention SHIRT WAISTS AND DRESSES ESPECIALLY.

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Our Duplex Spotless Sponger is still doing good work. The charge is only 5c per yard. We make buttons to match your suit.

Platt & Haar

SAVE OUR 4 PER CENT. COUPONS.

COLONIAL GOVERNORS OF THE CAPE FEAR

(Continued from Page Nine.)

planter to own 30,000 to 40,000 acres of land. The waterways were the chief modes of transportation, ships from the old world and sloops from New England and West Indies coming to his very door.

JOSIAH MARTIN.
The Last Colonial Governor.

The last years of colonial rule under Governor Martin were filled with incidents of thrilling and dramatic interest, a dark cloud of uncertainty and doubt seemed to hang over the destinies of our country. We have presented the unusual aspect of the Governor fleeing from the capital of the province for the sake of safety, his family sent under guard to New York City and the Governor taking refuge in a fortified post at the mouth of the river. The fever of a general revolt spread from Hatteras to the western frontier and the hostility increased with additional fury at the prospect of an independent and continental union. The great struggle which had been directed against the tyranny of royal rule now reached a dramatic climax. This period cannot be passed over without a reference to an event of such momentous import and immortal significance as to deserve forever a place upon the banner of our Commonwealth. I refer to the date, April 12, 1776, and the accompanying resolution.

"Resolved, That the delegate of this colony in the Continental Congress be impowered to concur with the delegates of the other colonies in declaring independence."

A deed and a date which should ever cause a thrill of patriotic pride. The next scene presented is that of the burning of the fort before the face of the governor who had taken refuge on a British ship anchored in the river a mile from shore. From the deck of this vessel the Governor issues a most fiery proclamation, of which we have no records in the annals of history. A few miles away in the city of Wilmington the Committee of Safety are holding continual sessions. Numbering in its membership names destined to become associated with our country's struggle for independence and who, by their wisdom and bravery, contributed their share to the glory and renown of the State whose interest they served. There is now presented the flight of the royal Governor from his former dominion and as the ship bearing him and his few personal belongings sinks below the horizon the rule of the King and his royal agents is gone from our shores forever. And so after a revolution of nearly 200 years the flag which had been planted on the coast of North Carolina began to wane, the unfitness of the government of England of her colonies had become more and more obvious and amid the commotions and excitement of an indignant Nation an American independence was at last asserted by the people of Mecklenburg on the 20th of May, 1775. So this dramatic chapter can be closed with a sentence from Jones' Memorials of North Carolina: "It is curious to observe that the annals of a single State should contribute the two great events in the history of the present age—the alpha and omega of the dominion of England over her old North American Colonies."

MEMORIAL TABLETS.

Unfortunately, the burial place of Governor Dobbs has been lost sight of, although he is known to have been buried on the plantation burying ground on Old Town Creek.

Forgetfulness of historic characters and heroes of history is not merely a characteristic of the race today. In the book of Ecclesiastes is related a story which would apply now as of old. "There was a little city and a few men within it and a great King came against it and besieged it and built bulwarks against it. Now there was in the city a poor wise man and he by his wisdom delivered the city, yet no man remembered that same poor man."

For a hundred and fifty years the scientist, Archimedes lay buried and forgotten without the gates of his native city, Syracuse. The orator and statesman, Cicero, upon a visit to the city, desired that the place of his burial should be disclosed. Beneath a tangled mass of briers and vines he discovered a monument bearing upon its face a sphere inscribed in a cylinder, by which sign he knew it to be the grave of the philosopher.

So we see the spirit of ingratitude and neglect is no new characteristic of the race.

Let us all aid in the movement started some years ago to give not only local, but National, recognition to the greatest man North Carolina furnished to the Revolution. It is needless to say that I mean General George Howe, who lies buried in an unmarked grave on Grange farm within the borders of Columbus county.

Memorial Tablets of the Cape Fear.

Of ather memorial tablets erected in the Cape Fear one is to a man, another a palace, a third a church, and the fourth to a fortification.

A tasteful and effective monument composed of the stones from the Tryon palace bears the following inscription:

RUSSELBORO

"Erected by Captain John Russell, commander of his Majesty's sloop of war Scorpion, who gave his name to this residence and tract of 55 acres of land adjacent to the town of Brunswick."

Subsequently owned and occupied by the British Governor and commander-in-chief, Arthur Dobbs, and later conveyed to his excellency, William Tryon, Governor.

"On the tenth of February, 1766 this building known as Tryon's paace was surrounded by 150 armed men of the Cape Fear, led by George Moore, of Orton, and Cornelius Harnett, who resisted for the first time on this continent the authority of their sovereign lord, the King, by demanding from Governor Tryon the person of Capt. Lobb, commander of the sloop of war "Viper," and the surrender of the odious emblems of the British Parliament Stamp Act, committed to his care, which had been brought to Brunswick by Capt. Phipps, in the sloop of war, "Diligence." Subsequently, on the 21st of February, 1766, at 10 A. M., a body of 400 to 500 Cape Fear men, in arms, under Cornelius Harnett and Col. James Moore, surrounded this house and demanded the surrender of His Majesty's Comptroller, Mr. Penlington, and required of him an oath that he would never issue any stamped paper in this province of North Carolina.

"This monument erected May 5, 1909, by the North Carolina Society of the Colonial Dames of America, is composed of stones from the original foundation of Tryon's palace on this spot."

Fort Johnston.

"This tablet was erected May, 1911, by the North Carolina Society of Colonial Dames of America, to mark the site of Fort Johnston, the first fort in the province of North Carolina, built under act of Assembly of 1745 and completed in 1764, and named in honor of Governor Gabriel Johnston. The patriots of the Cape Fear resisted the execution of the Stamp Act in 1766, forced the spiking of its 24 cannon, the gift of King George the Second.

"The fort was the refuge of Governor Josiah Martin, after his flight from Newbern, May 24th, 1775, until he was compelled by the patriots to abandan it, July 18th, 1775, on which day it was destroyed and royal government in North Carolina ceased."

St. Phillip's Tablet.

A Memorial
to
Colonel Maurice Moore
Gentleman and Soldier of the King, who in the year of our Lord, 1725, founded in a wilderness
The Town of Brunswick
Reserving for the Glory of God the tract of land on which was built this parish church of Saint Phillip's
Also to the
Heroes and Patriots of the lower Cape Fear, whose brave deeds illustrated its Colonial History.

Brunswick was for a time the seat of Royal Government in the province of North Carolina, and the residence of the Colonial Governors, Johnston, Dobbs and Tryon.

"It was the scene of the first armed resistance to the Stamp Act in any American Colony where citizen soldiers under the leadership of Hugh Waddell and John Ashe defied the power of Great Britain and prevented the landing of the stamps from her ships of war, November 28th, 1765.

"This tablet is the gift of Ida N. Moore and Selina M. Harvey, descendants of Col. Maurice Moore, and is erected under the auspices of the North Carolina Society of the Colonial Dames of America.

"For there are deeds that should not pass away,
And names that must not wither."

Cornelius Harnett Monument.

The North Carolina Society of the Colonial Dames of America have erected this monument to the memory of the Colonial heroes of the lower Cape Fear:

CORNELIUS HARNETT.
1723-1881.
The Cape Fear first explored 1663.
First Settlement 1665.
Permanent Settement at Brunswick 1725.
Wilmington established 1733.

In honor of the hundred and fifty men who made the first armed resistance in the American Colonies to the oppressive Stamp Act of the British Parliament, February 19, 1766.

Memorial Tablets.

"The work of perpetuating these glories devolves upon your honorable Society and others of a similar character ,and under your fostering care and sympathetic guidance the world will come into a full knowledge of our deeds which adorn the pages of history and will learn from our forefathers the lessons of courage, bravery and sacrifice."

The objects and purposes of your society are prompted by the sublimest and loftiest motives, chiefly those of preserving the traditions and history of our common country.

As the painter puts upon canvas the images and fancies of his imagination making them real and tangible, so your society records upon bronze and stone the deeds of a brave people whose proud spirit no kingly power could ever conquer and whose loyalty and devotion to the idea of a free government no tyrant could ever crush.

Can we, their posterity, feel gratitude warm enough to requite the boon they bequeathed us?

Can we speak in language glowing enough to sound their praise?

Can we build monument high enough to tell the story of their deeds?

MISTAKES BY TELEGRAPH.

Incidents Recalled by the False Report of the Pope's Death.

(London Dispatch to N. Y. Sun.)

The world's cables were set humming a few days ago on account of the report, emanating from Madrid, that the Pope was dead. The explanation was that an official of the Papal Nunciature there had received a wire in Italian from Rome to the effect that his father had died: "Papa morto."

The Italians put a grave accent over the second a in "papa"; otherwise the word stands for "Pope". As the telegraph does not transmit accents, the message might be read: "The Pope is dead," and this interpretation caused the alarm which has culminated in a fierce attack by the Spanish newspapers on the Director of Telegraphs, who had communicated the contents of the telegram in its wrong interpretation to Premier Canalejas in violation of the secrecy of private despatches.

Small telegraphic errors have before this given rise to unforeseen developments. The story goes that King Edward, while on the Continent, wired to a court purveyor in a neighboring town for a pair of patent leather shoes costing 100 marks ($25). The message, as delivered, ran: "Send 400 patent leather shoes."

The bootmaker, used as he was to big orders from royalty, was sorely puzzled, but by dint of strenuous effort and many urgent rate telegrams, he succeeded in getting together 70 pairs of the size wanted, which were hurried to the hotel where the King was staying, and gave his Majesty's Master of the Household a bad quarter of an hour. King Edward, it is said, laughed till the tears ran down his face when the matter was finally explained to him.

Another story is that of the expensive full stop. A Russian magnate, who had been seeking to engage the services of the French physician, Prof. Thery, for an operation on his wife, wired: "Do not come too late." The professor left his work in Paris and hurried with all speed to St. Petersburg, only to find that he wasn't wanted. There should have been a full stop between "come" and "too late." The upshot was a $10,000 lawsuit for fees and expenses, which the professor won.

HOME HEALTH CLUB

By Dr. David H. Reeder, La Porte, Indiana.

Give Yourself a Chance With the Sun:—An eminent authority has said: "A room that does not get some sunshine is not fit to live in," and this is precisely true. If you have such rooms in your house, use them for some other purpose than that of living in them. The only living things that do not thrive on sunshine are germs and thieves, and germs are the worst sort of thieves. Sunshine will kill them.

When you build, see to it that all the rooms in which you or yours are to live will be able to get some sunshine. It will be money in your pocket, besides comfort and health in your family.

In nearly all houses in the country and in the villages, towns and smaller cities where families live, it would be an easy thing to put in more windows and improve the ventilation generally. The exercise of a little ingenuity on your part, or the advice of an expert would often show how this could be done in difficult cases.

But, you say, it would be too expensive. No, friend, it would be the best sort of economy. The money for medicines and doctor bills that would be saved would be ample to give you all the ventilation and sunshine necessary to good health. Besides, you would have the health which is worth more than all your other earnings, and you would avoid the pain, distress and loss that illness brings.

In your kitchen, if you see clinging to the ceiling, spots here and there, of shaggy soot, know that this is grease evaporated on the stove, or range, and condensed on the wall. This contains organic matter, some of it harmless, some of it dangerous bacteria. Day by day this collects and increases. It gathers about cracks, other openings and flues; it permeates in lesser degree the house, parlor, bed rooms, and all, and makes for the housewife an everlasting fight. From all this comes odor. Have you not often sensed it? And have you not observed it more in darkened houses where the sun never comes? And have you not been affected in spirit by being in such a house? Is it not dampening to you? To the degree that this condition exists, the house is unhealthy for soul and body.

To drive away the odors, wash the walls and air and sun the rooms. If you cannot give them sunshine, give them more frequent washings and more fresh airings, and when you build a house, see to it that it is constructed to gather all of God's bright sunshine that it should reasonably have, and that is a great deal.

But how can it be secured? we are asked. One who is informed and has made a study of it—a high authority—says on this subject: "Place the house, first, so that the trees will not keep sunlight out of the rooms; so that neighboring houses will not darken the rooms; and by facing it in a direction that will expose every room to some sunlight. Houses set so as to face squarely east or west or north or south are pretty apt to have some sunless rooms. As a general proposition, houses facing west or east or north are to be preferred. So fronted, an architect can find a way to get sunshine in every room.

"If there must be dark rooms, the walls should be washable and they must be aired enough to compensate. See to it that the kitchen and bed rooms are not of them—the kitchen, because its walls gather dirt; the bed rooms, because the bed clothes need sunlight."

The sun is a deadly, unrelenting and ever active enemy of germs. So let in the sunshine.

Club Note.

Dear Doctor:—I have been troubled with eczema for nearly three years and have tried innumerable remedies and doctors, but fail to get relief. Please advise diet and treatment and oblige. O. B. O.

The first thing to do in cases of eczema is to correct the diet. Avoid rich and fried foods, sauces and gravies, particularly avoid oatmeal, tea and coffee.

Heat some vinegar and dilute it with water in proportion to the capacity of the patient for endurance of smarting. If the patient is a strong man or woman, the heated vinegar may be applied in strong solutions, the application being made with a soft rag or sponge. Moisten the surface that is affected. This application should be made twice a day, followed by an application of pure olive oil or almond oil, or still better, a salve called Resinol, which nearly every druggist has. This has helped in a good many cases when other treatment has failed.

All readers of this publication are at liberty to write for information pertaining to the subject of health at any time. Address all communications to the Home Health Club, LaPorte, Ind., U. S. A., with name and address in full and at least four cents in postage.

BURDENS LIFTED

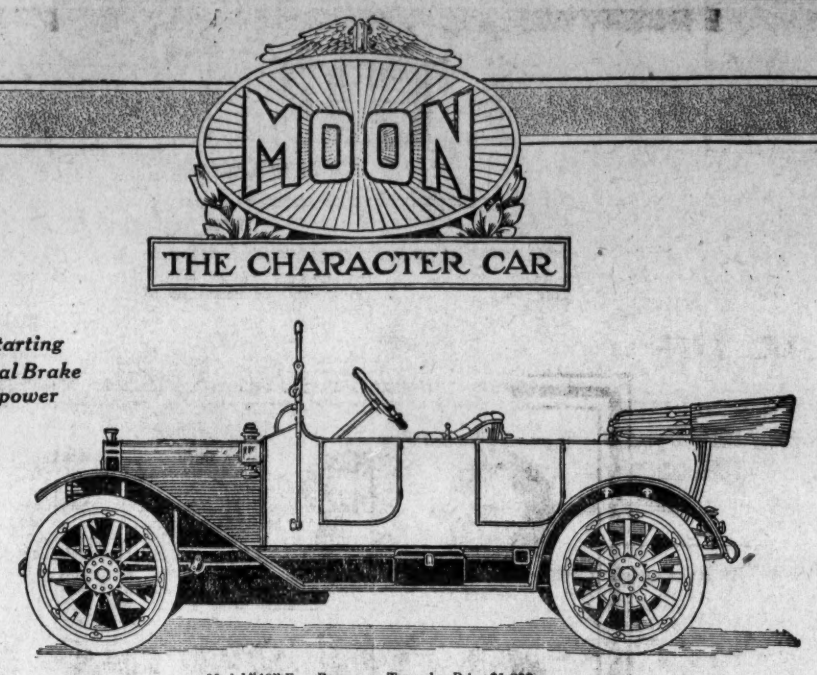
From Wilmington Backs—Relief Proved by Lapse of Time.

Backache is a heavy burden;
Nervousness wears one out;
Rheumatic pain; urinary ills;
All are kidney burdens—
Daily effects of kidney weakness.
No use to cure the symptoms.
Relief is but temporary if the cause remains.
Cure the kidneys and you cure the cause.
Relief comes quickly—comes to stay.
Doan's Kidney Pills cure kidney ills;
Prove it by your neighbor's case.
Here's Wilmington testimony.
The story of a permanent cure.

Miss Mattie Hodges, 609 S. Fifth St., Wilmington, N. C., says: "I can recommend Doan's Kidney Pills just as strongly today as I did two years ago when I publicly told of my experience with them. Doan's Kidney Pills were procured from Bellamy's Drug Store, and they gave me more relief from kidney trouble than any other medicine I had ever taken. I have since been well and my kidneys and back have not troubled me."

For sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.



Model "40" Four-Passenger Torpedo—Price $1,800

Don't Be Misled By Generalities

You hear a great deal of talk about "Car Values." *What* car values? The day is past when any motor car buyer is content with glittering generalities. On the great essentials of motor car construction the buyer is quite able to form an intelligent judgment.

So the manufacturer who has the *utmost* of car values, is eager to get down to brass tacks.

That is why we invite *every* buyer to consider the Moon T-head motor. Full 46 horsepower on the brake test—4½-inch bore, 5-inch stroke—the big four-bolt connecting rods—the extra large bearings—the genuine honeycomb radiator—the enormous brakes. Our transmission and steering gears, universal joints and back axles are all guaranteed for a 60-horsepower load, although the brake horsepower of our motor is 46. In other words, it is the Moon policy all the way through to give you more than you pay for.

Note the 120-inch wheel base—quick-detachable demountable rims—36x4-inch tires—the roomy, all-metal body with its 10-inch upholstering—the nickel and black finish—the most complete equipment ever put on a motor car.

Come in and see the big, handsome, powerful *new* Moon "40," or telephone for a demonstration—and then tell us where you have ever seen such car values.

(60)

WILMINGTON AUTO REPAIR COMPANY.
North Third Street, Wilmington, N. C.

"For 30 years I have personally inspected every product of my factories. Not a Moon car goes on the market until it has my O. K.—and that means it has scored perfect in actual road tests under the worst conditions."

Sarmoon

A postal to our office, or to the Moon Motor Car Company, St. Louis, Mo., will bring you the 1912 Moon Catalog and the famous Moon Book of Charts.

GOSSIP OF FOREIGN CAPITALS

(Continued from Page Nine.)

suited in a total loss of sight, and it was with the utmost difficulty that the eyeball was saved. His remaining good eye at the time had begun to show signs of a cataract and it has continued to grow until an operation is necessary to prevent absolute blindness.

Apart from his eye trouble, General Booth is enjoying splendid health and on his coming American tour, which will be one of the most extensive he has ever undertaken, he will preach almost every day.

* * *

Much has been heard here recently of the exploits in Tripoli of the Amarlyehs or Menders ,the young Arab girls who are fighting in the desert to stem the Italian invasion, but nothing definitely has been learned of this amazon adjunct to the Turkish fighting forces until the return of a correspondent who has been with a large force of Arabs in the desert for some time. The girls are between the ages of 16 and 18 and they derive their name from their duties, which are to mend the courage of the failing, to rebuke the wavering and inspire the brave. They also bring water to the thirsty in the foremost ranks of the warriors, and in performing this service many girls have lost their lives. They are the best substitutes that the Arabs have for Red Cross nurses and they bear the dead as well as the living from the battle fields, another service which has taken toll in many of their lives.

* * *

The Duke of Sutherland, who is now in Canada, claims to have interested other members of the British aristocracy in his favorite plan of buying and subdividing Canadian farm land for settlement by British farmers. In this connection he recently said: "We want to keep Canada for Britain by sending out British emigrants. If we don't do this Canada will be lost to the British Empire within five or six years. We cannot shut our eyes to the consequences of Canada being flooded with American settlers."

Shanghaf, China, May 18.—About 60 missionaries are now engaged in furnishing relief to the sufferers from the famine. Two men are assigned to every center where relief is being distributed.

Those in charge of the work say that the need is still very great as the committee has thus far been able to relieve only about 10 per cent to 15 per cent of the total distress. The receipts of the committee to date have been approximately $96,000.

Those receiving help are required to work, but the amount that each family can earn is limited. The wages are two cents gold a day. If a man has three members in his family they are permitted to earn a total of six cents a day, or if there are four in the family they may earn eight cents. The people respond willingly even to these starvation wages, and the gentry themselves insist on keeping the rate down so as to relieve as many as possible. Two hundred thousand persons are being helped. The country in which the relief is centered has, much of it, been looted several times until it is in a condition of the most absolute destitution. The people have lost all their animals, and have sold everything that was salable. Thousands of them have torn down the roofs, from over their heads and have used the thatch for fuel and sold the roof timber for a few cents to buy a little grain or bean cake. This bean cake is the residue of the Soya bean left after extracting the oil and is generally used for fertilizing the fields. Those, however, that have some bean cake now deem themselves very fortunate and cannot get on the famine lists, for relief is given only to those who are in absolute destitution.

There is the probability of other famines in the not-distant future, unless the government will undertake at once to provide money, even though at a comparatively small scale for reclamation works. Many will be entirely without relief even when the wheat crop is harvested, and only by the government furnishing work can this state of destitution be brought to an end. It is difficult to say how soon the government will undertake this matter, but the committee is in touch with many of the men who are in high authority, and will do everything in its power by means of the local press and by such influences as it may command to induce the government to undertake the work which only it can do.

Your Blood needs attention!
the ideal spring tonic is
MILAM
FOR GOOD BLOOD

Because—It is the one tonic both harmless and effective.

PROOF: If it were harmful, after what our label says, the pure food law would put us out of business. If it were not effective, our guarantee would put us out of business.

Money cheerfully refunded should you prove one of the less than 2% failing to get satisfactory results.

Buy 6 bottles for $5.00 from your druggist—money back if not benefited.

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We won't tell you what it is this week—watch this space next week. We have in hand one of the biggest, best and breeziest developments that has taken place in real estate in this city in years. More real estate has changed hands in the past month than during any similar period in the history of the city—and now we have the

Biggest Money Making Opportunity of Years

But we want to perfect our plans and SHOW YOU the most perfect investment you can make. WAKE UP. Watch this space, and be ready to

Clean Up a Big Profit

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It's the quickest, sanest, cleanest way to make a big profit. You can't find a man in the city who has not made a big profit on any real estate investment he has made.

Get Your's Now! Don't Let the Other Man Beat You to It!

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In the meantime, we have a number of valuable lots at Love Grove—increasing in value every day. We can buy or sell any other class of real estate—quickly, as cheaply and with as much profit to yourself as anyone could desire.. We also make a specialty of

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E. C. DOLLAR, Sec. & Treas.

RECORD FOR TROLLEY TRAVEL

Newest Figures Show An Enormous Growth—New York Studying Latest Word In Banking—Government Subsidies

New York, May 18.—What is regarded as the most remarkable record of travel by trolley, subway and elevated electrically operated cars ever achieved has just been made public here. It covers the whole State of New York for the period of the last three years. Perhaps the most striking feature of those which go to make up the record is that which indicates that the chance of any passenger being killed is only one out of 26,500,000. To what enormous proportions this branch of travel has grown is shown by the fact that during the period in question more than 1,000,000,000 car miles were run over the 4,700 miles of trolley track in the State, indicating in other words that nearly 1,000,000 car miles were made to every life lost by accident. Nearly 6,000,000,000 passengers were carried during the three years of whom only 1,114 were killed. This year it is estimated that the passenger total will come close to reaching the 2,500,000,000 mark, or more than two hundred and fifty times the population of the whole country. The total car mileage it is expected will come close to the 400,000,000 mile mark ,equal to 16,000 trips around the earth, or two round-trips to the sun with enough left over to cover eighty trips to the moon. Of this total the city of Greater New York accounts for nearly one-third, the lines of the Interborough system alone carrying well over 1,000,000 passengers daily. So rapidly is this figure growing that it seems likely that even the new subways if they are ever completed will not be adequate to relieve the congestion which is now the chief feature of metropolitan travel.

* * *

Probably the most ambitious single publication ever put out in an effort to inform the public at large on a public question has just made its appearance here in the form of a substantial cloth-bound book of 454 pages entitled "Banking Reform," written and edited by experts of recognized authority. The book is issued by the National Citizens' League for the Promotion of a Sound Banking System, an organization with headquarters in Chicago, which is working to bring about an improvement in the banking and currency system of the country, and it is put out as an incident in the campaign of education which this association is conducting in order to enable the people to pass intelligently on any plan of banking and currency reform that may be put forward. As the membership of the league is scattered in every part of the country and as the subject of monetary reform is one that is very little understood it was felt necessary to produce and to place in the hands of each member a book that would cover every phase of the relationship between the banks, the public and the government. As is pointed out by Professor . Laurence Laughlin, of the University of Chicago, who has had editorial charge of the publication of this work, the only way to enable the general public which is the great sufferer from the faults of the existing financial system to secure a better one is by explaining to them the principles involved and their practical operation. The methods of informing the public have developed to a remarkable extent since old Ben Franklin printed his crude broadsides but it is doubtful if any effort quite as ambitious as the present one ever has been undertaken heretofore, at least in connection with a subject generally considered so far removed from popular understanding as is the banking and currency system of the country.

* * *

Owners of the 50,000 to 60,000 automobiles which it is estimated are operated within fifty miles of the New York City Hall are expressing much satisfaction over the retention in the Postoffice Appropriation bill at Washington as finally passed by the House of the Schackleford amendment which provides for the payment of tolls under a graduated system by the government for the use of public highways over which rural mails are carried. These tolls will run from $10 to $30 per mile per annum and should the proposal finally become a law it is estimated that throughout the whole country the sum thus paid by Uncle Sam would amount from $7,000,000 to $16,000,000. As this revenue would be applied to road construction and maintenance it is easy to understand the cause of joy on the part of auto owners in this State, which with its many rural routes would be certain to receive a fat slice. In some quarters, however, enthusiasm is less marked. Railroad officials here express surprise that the government should propose to pay for the use of the public highways while failing to pay to the carriers the actual cost of the rail transportation of the mails, a matter in which they are now asking consideration for a re-adjustment. Other persons living in districts where rural routes are not maintained are wondering just where the money is to come from eventually it being self-evident that the Postoffice, showing a deficit, can hardly be expected to make the payments from the income of its business operations. Undoubtedly the good roads movement is one of great importance to many others than auto owners, but many persons feel that the latter as the chief beneficiaries of the roads should do more toward their maintenance.

* * *

Another example of the manner in which Wall Street figures even in mills in estimating the probable value of securities which it desires to purchase was evidenced by the bids made for the issue of $65,000,000 of four and a quarter per cent city bonds which are now being distributed. The average price secured by the city was 100.74 parcels of the bonds in varying sizes being awarded to 270 out of 366 bidders. The method of allotment is that of satisfying the highest bid first then the next highest, for whatever number of bonds are bid for, and so on until the entire lot is exhausted. As an indication of the close figuring which is done before submitting bids may be cited the case of J. P. Morgan & Co., who offered 100.4507 for the entire issue which even involved fractions of mills. This bid which proved to be about one-quarter of one per cent lower than the average received by the city was not regarded as particularly close by experts, although to the outsider it would seem to be. Last year the same firm missed securing the entire allotment of the $60,000,000 bond issue by a figure falling below the average price by only seven cents on each thousand dollars, which is still regarded as something of a record in close figuring. While the price secured this year by the city for its bonds is a very small fraction lower than that which last year's issue brought, city officials seem to be pretty well satisfied in view of the generally bearish influence of an impending election.

Details are gradually coming to light in connection with the loss of the Titanic which under ordinary conditions would have aroused general interest instead of being lost sight of in the great tragedy. It has now become known, for instance, that what has been described as the most elaborate volume in the world was lost with the steamship. This volume was a specially decorated copy of Fitzgerald's translation of the 'Rubaiyat of Omar Khayyam" which was recently sold in London for $2,025 and was being sent to this country. That the price was an extremely low one is shown by the fact that the cost of the binding alone was $2,500. The cover panel was set with 289 garnets, turquoises and olivines. The design was completed with a border representing a conventional treatment of a vine inlaid in brown and green and set with 250 amethysts arranged so as to form bunches of grapes. The back cover also was elaborately treated. It was divided into a number of sunken panels of Persian design and shape, and these were filled with gold foliage and set with 198 turquoises, garnets and olivines. Inlaid in the center panel was a model, complete in every detail ,of a Persian mandolin made of mahogany and inlaid with silver, pearl, satin wood and ebony. And the whaleback covering was completed with a border composed of graceful lines and many dots. The corner and side panels held forty-eight turquoises and garnets and were filled closely with foliage. An elaborate inlaid border of an Oriental character completed the design.

—LONGACRE.

A woman has such an imagination she can expect her son to become President because he can't do the multiplication table.

Helps A Judge In Bad Fix

Justice Eli Cherry, of Gillis Mills, Tenn., was plainly worried. A bad sore on his leg had baffled several doctors and long resisted all remedies. "I thought it was a cancer," he wrote. "At last I used Bucklen's Arnica Salve and was completely cured." Cures burns, boils, ulcers, cuts, bruises and piles. 25 cents at R. R. Bellamy's.

THE TITANIC DISASTER.

Former Carolinian Says No Heroes Except by Compulsion.

Mr. John D. Robinson, a former East Carolinian and a son of Mr. J. W. S. Robinson, of Ivanhoe, has recently written for the Baltimore News an opinion with reference to the Titanic disaster, which is shared in by many who have read the accounts of the great marine disaster. His card to The News is as follows:

To the Editor of The News:

The world has ever been a hero-worshiper and always ready to make its heroes. The easiest way to manufacture a hero is to do so by comparisons. Let two men of equal opportunities come to the same crisis of their lives. One meets it and succeeds. The other fails. The more contemptible the failure can be made to appear the greater will be the success of the hero in the eyes of those to whom the reading of a newspaper article is the nearest they ever come to doing any real thinking. A few days ago two men took passage from Southampton, England, to New York on the grandest ship that human ingenuity could accomplish under present conditions. They were both men of great wealth and of good social standing, so far as the world goes. The only difference between them was that one was president of the company that owned the ship. They both occupied the best staterooms and enjoyed all the luxury of modern extravagance on great ocean liners. Then came the accident which sent the proud ship to her grave. Amid the confusion that came with hurrying of the panic-stricken passengers to the boats let us follow the two men. One of them places his wife in the first boat and steps in, taking his seat beside her. He is ordered out by the officer in charge and he gets out. Afterwards he goes down with the ship. He is a hero because some one made him get out of a boat. The whole world is ready to sing his paean of praise and bow down in worship. Of what the other man did there are many conflicting statements. His own—and I can see no reason to doubt him, as it seems direct and simple enough—is that when the last boat was ready to be lowered it was not loaded. There was a chance for somebody else, and after waiting for others to come he took the chance himself and was saved. Today he is called a coward because he saved his own life. The other man is a hero in the eyes of the world and made doubly so by comparison with the man who saved himself. One man's life is equal to any other man's and if he has an opportunity to save it, he has no right to give it up without accomplishing anything.

The man who died and is a forced hero, so to speak, would have been a coward in the world's use of the word if they had let him. The man who was saved would have been a hero in the world's use of the word if some one had compelled him. What is the conclusion? There were no heroes on the Titanic. They were just ordinary men, and any man has a right to fight for his life. And then the survival of the fittest. But there was a heroine on board the Titanic, and in the desire for hero worship she is most apt to be overlooked. As an example of true love and devotion we will perhaps never find a better than that of the woman who, when she found that her husband would not be allowed to go with her, refused to take her place in the boat. All honor and glory to Mrs. Straus, the true heroine—the true example of American womanhood!

JOHN D. ROBINSON.

Baltimore, April 20.

WOULD CARRY PENNSY.

Woodrow Wilson Can Win Against Either Taft or Teddy.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Washington, D. C., May 18.—The action of the Pennsylvania State convention in adopting a resolution endorsing Governor Wilson for the Democratic Presidential nomination, and binding all the delegates to support his candidacy, means that he will have the loyal support of the 76 delegates from the Keystone State at all stages of the convention.

It is the opinion of practically every well-informed Democrat and a great many Republicans in Pennsylvania that Governor Wilson is the one Democrat who can carry that State in the event of his nomination. Representative A. Mitchell Palmer, who achieved a splendid personal victory in the State convention, is strongly of the opinion that the New Jersey Governor would carry the rock-ribbed Republican State of Pennsylvania against either Roosevelt or Taft. Mr. Palmer who returned from Harrisburg today, said:

"It was the general feeling amongst Democrats of all shades at the State convention that Woodrow Wilson can carry Pennsylvania if the party is wise enough to nominate him at Baltimore. From the beginning of the campaign for the Presidential nomination, I have believed that with Governor Wilson as our candidate we would have a chance to carry Pennsylvania this Fall, owing to the widespread dissatisfaction among the Republicans of the State with the Penrose machine and the great popularity of Governor Wilson with the better class of Republicans, as well as with all classes of Democrats.

"The events of the last few weeks and especially of the last few days in the Republican party in Pennsylvania have vastly increased the bitterness between the factions of that party and I am now confident that Governor Wilson will carry the State if he is the Democratic nominee for the Presidency.

"I think Governor Wilson would be almost as certain to carry Pennsylvania, whether the Republican nominee be Roosevelt or Taft, as he would be of carrying his own State of New Jersey.

"I know something of the feeling that exists between the Flinn, Magee and the Penrose factions, and I know that as a result thousands of Pennsylvania Republicans will vote the Democratic ticket this Fall rather than support either Roosevelt or Taft. Governor Wilson ,more than any other man being considered for the Democratic Presidential nomination, possesses the qualities calculated to attract independent Republicans."

Most Miles Per Dollar

The most durable rubber, the sturdiest strain-resisting construction, make

Firestone

Tires and Rims

undisputed leaders by right of service accomplishment.

Sold By All Dealers Who Consider Quality

PEDESTRIANS CARELESS.

Should at Least Exercise Some Care as the Automobilist.

New York, May 18.—James H. Drought, of Milwaukee, author of the Wisconsin automobile law, believes the pedestrians are more often to blame than motorists for the increasing automobile accidents of the day.

"If the large number of pedestrians," says he, "exercised one-half the care shown every day by the average automobile driver, there would be far fewer accidents.

"I base this statement upon my motoring experience—a lone one; I have covered over 50,000 miles at the wheel fo a motor car.

"It is my observation and belief that dozens of people are injured daily by automobiles for two reasons, first because they do not use most ordinary care, and secondly, because they do not get a proper warning of the car's approach.

"Occasionally an irresponsible driver is altogether to blame, but not so often as people think. Most often it is the signal. It is too weak to be heard; or it is used too late.

"I have little patience with those anti-noise crusaders who aim to suppress noise at any cost. In the case of the automobile signal the cost is human life. Every person of experience and every person who will use reason, must realize that a warning signal must be loud enough to be always heard, and harsh enough to mean danger. Whether pleasant or not it is vital and necessary. Now you may regulate the use of this kind of signal, but the signal you must have for the safety of life.

"The time has come to be fair to the automobile. It is everywhere in the world. It is one of the greatest civilizing forces. It has already left an indelible imprint upon civilization and yet its work has scarce begun.

"Let's have progressive automobile legislation, based upon liberality and good sense. You can't stop the automobile; but you can regulate it wisely. You can't do away with its danger signals, but you can regulate them. Progressive legislation should include greater freedom of speed, more stringent penalties for reckless driving and more perfect methods of identification. And in all this, the non-motoring public can and must do its share.

Lewiston, Idaho, May 17.—The Roosevelt delegates in complete control of the State Republican convention, elected yesterday afternoon eight delegates to the Chicago convention. Of the delegates elected six are known as staunch Roosevelt men, while two are said possibly to favor President Taft.

A woman doesn't always better it when she changes her mind.

Kleptomaniacs will take almost anything but a hint.

Sensible Women Know Foundation of Health

As health talks to women become more general, both in the newspapers and on the platform, the mass of women are beginning to realize what the more cultivated have always known, that good health cannot be found in a powder box. The externals of health may be obtained in that way, but the basis of health lies deeper, and yet is just as easily obtained.

The most important thing that a woman can do for herself, and about which she is often most neglectful, is to watch the condition of her stomach and bowels. The weary eyes, the bad breath, the frequent headaches, the pimples, the general air of lassitude in nine times out of ten the result of constipation or indigestion, or both. Many simple remedies can be obtained, but the best in the estimation of most women is Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin. It is mild, pleasant to the taste and exactly suited to her needs. It is far superior to salts, cathartic pills, waters, etc., which are entirely too violent.

Women should see to it that they have at least one movement of the bowels each day, and when showing any tendency to constipation should take Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin in the small dose prescribed. A brief use of it will so train the stomach and bowel muscles that all forms of medicine can be dispensed with. These opinions are voiced by thousands of women, after personal experience, among them Viola Caper, Covington, Ga., and Mrs. E. E. Brewer, Central, S. C.

Anyone wishing to make a trial of this remedy before buying it in the regular way of a druggist at fifty cents or one dollar a large bottle (family size) can have a sample bottle sent to the home free of charge by simply addressing Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 405 Washington St., Monticello, Ill. Your name and address on a postal card will do.

Hicks' Capudine Stops Headaches

Some derangement causes every headache. **Capudine** removes the cause—whether from heat, cold, stomach, or over-tense nerves.

Capudine acts quickly, is a liquid — pleasant to take. It is good for colds and gripp also. *Try it.*

10c, 25c and 50c at drug stores.

BE YOUR OWN JUDGE

Don't take for granted what other people say. Buy a loaf of

GLOBE SPLENDID BREAD

today. Try it yourself. If it isn't good—if it doesn't prove superior to any you've ever eaten, surely there's no harm done. Give It a fair trial. We believe you'll like it. Others do.

LOOK FOR THE LABEL

Globe Splendid Bread---Sold By All Grocers

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LOOK FOR THE LABEL *LOOK FOR THE LABEL*

THE WEEK'S NEWS IN BRIEF

Important Happenings, Day by Day, Compiled and Republished for the Benefit of the Busy Man and the Week-End Reader—New York Markets for Each Day of the Six.

SUNDAY.

Floyd Allen took the stand yesterday in his own behalf, declared that Sheriff Webb began the shooting. Evidence was completed and the jury will take the case Monday.

Three alienists appointed by Gov. Foss yesterday examined C. V. T. Richeson and his fate hangs on the report they will make to the executive council Wednesday.

John Grier Hibben was yesterday inaugurated president of Princeton university, many notables attending the impressive ceremony. Honorary degrees of L. L. D., were conferred on President Taft and Chief Justice White.

A day of sunshine in the flooded portion of the Mississippi Valley yesterday gave the flood fighters renewed hope, and with the exception of Baton Rouge, where conditions are still critical, it was thought that the battle against the flood would be won.

J. H. Jones, a Scranton, Pa., coal dealer, testified before the House Judiciary Committee yesterday that Judge Archbald had signed his note out of pure kindness to allow him to close an option on timber and that the jurist had no interest in the transaction.

Woodrow Wilson delivered an address on the tariff at a dinner of the Reform Club at New York last night

President Taft signed the increased pension bill, passed by the House and Senate, the measure becoming a law just before last midnight. The bill cirries an increase of $35,000,000.

New York markets: Money on call nominal. Spot cotton closed quiet. Flour steady. Wheat, spot easy; No. 2 red 1.25 1-4 c. i. f., export basis to arrive and 1.26 1-4 f.o.b. afloat to arrive. Corn, spot easy; export 87 1-2 f.o.b. afloat. Turpentine steady. Rosin quiet.

TUESDAY.

Floyd Allen's case will go to the jury Wednesday.

Gen. Orozco admitted yesterday that the rebels had met defeat at the battle of Conejas.

E. V. Fisher, the English aviator and a passenger, Victor Louis Mason, were killed yesterday in an aeroplane fall at London.

The Mississippi river was falling at many places yesterday and encouraging reports were received from many sections of the flooded area.

The House yesterday adopted, 237 to 39, a joint resolution providing for an amendment to the constitution for the direct election of Senators.

Governor Harmon began his campaign of Ohio yesterday with a reply to the attacks made on him by W. J. Bryan, who recently made a tour of the State.

In the most bitter speech he has yet made President Taft yesterday held Roosevelt up to ridicule in an address at Cambridge, O., and denounced him as a dangerous egotist, a flatterer and a demagogue.

It was indicated at the hearing of the charges against Judge Archbald yesterday that the line of the defense in part would be that a deliberate trap was set to catch the judge in a compromising transaction.

The committee on the State of the Church at the General Conference of the Methodist Church voted yesterday to reject the report of the sub-committee which favored the elimination of that part of the church discipline that prohibited certain amusements.

New York markets: Money on call steady 2 3-4 to 3 per cent.; ruling rate 2 3-4. Spot cotton quiet, 5 points lower. Flour steady. Wheat, spot irregular; No. 2 red c.i.f. export basis to arrive and f.o.b. afloat to arrive 1.26. Corn, spot easy; export 86 3-4 f.o.b. afloat. Rosin steady. Turpentine quiet.

WEDNESDAY.

The Mississippi river levee at Hymelia, about 25 miles north of New Orleans, broke about 8 o'clock last night.

Early reports from the Nevada Presidential primaries yesterday indicated that Clark would receive a majority of the vote.

On the eve of the Tennessee Democratic Convention yesterday complete harmony prevailed and an uninstructed delegation will probably be elected.

The New Hampshire Democratic Convention yesterday elected delegates to the National Convention, unpledged but morally bound to support Clark.

Roosevelt began his tour through Ohio yesterday and followed closely on the heels of President Taft. During the day he made a score of speeches, his principal one being at Canton.

On the eve of the Republican State Convention at Raleigh it looked yesterday as if the Roosevelt faction would be in complete control and elect an entire delegation instructed for the former President.

The refusal of the Steel Trust's attorney to produce certain papers wanted by the government and the discovery that probably other document had been destroyed furnished a sensation at the hearing yesterday.

The Maryland Republican State Convention compromised yesterday by selecting 16 delegates to the National Convention, their selection being made by equal number of Roosevelt and Taft supporters, but all instructed to vote for Roosevelt.

New York markets: Money on call steady, 2 3-4 to 3 per cent; ruling rate 2 7-8. Spot cotton closed quiet 20 points higher. Flour firmly held Wheat, spot easy; No. 2 red 1.25 3-4 domestic basis to arrive and export 1.25 3-4 c.i.f., f.o.b. to arrive. Corn spot easy; export 86 1-2 f.o.b. afloat Rosin and turpentine quiet.

THURSDAY

The General Assembly of the Southern Presbyterian Church will convene in Bristol, Tenn., today.

Christian X, was yesterday proclaimed King of Denmark to succeed his father, Frederick VIII, who died suddenly in Hamburg, Germany.

Scouts reported last night to Gen. Orozco's headquarters that the Federal forces were advancing rapidly northward and would probably attack at daybreak.

The Republican State convention in session in Raleigh yesterday was in complete control of the Roosevelt faction, the four delegates at large all being instructed for the colonel.

The Jones faction got the better of the Blease forces in the early hours of the South Carolina State Convention yesterday, after a hot fight. The State delegation will be uninstructed.

E. J. Williams, the chief witness so far at the Archbald hearing, furnished a sensation yesterday when he declared that W. P. Boland, author of the charges against the judge was a traitor and a cut-throat.

The Southern Baptist Convention met in Oklahoma City yesterday afternoon, a thousand messengers being present from 17 States. After the convention was organized reports on Sunday Schools and missions were presented.

Two masked men held up the Queen & Crescent New York limited train near Okahola, Miss., early yesterday morning, dynamited the express car and secured a sum variously estimated at from $35,000 to $200,000. They made good their escape.

New York markets: Money on call steady, 2 3-4 to 2 7-8 per cent. Spot cotton closed quiet, 6 points lower. Flour steady, unchanged. Wheat, spot steady; nominal. Corn, spot firm, export 87 f.o.b. afloat. Rosin steady. Turpentine firm.

FRIDAY.

The Minnesota Republican State Convention endorsed Roosevelt yesterday and instructed the entire delegation of 24 to vote for him.

Ministers at the Southern Baptist Convention in session at Oklahoma City asked for the establishment of a chair of sociology at the Louisville Seminary.

The Maryland State Democratic Convention met yesterday, elected delegates instructed for Clark, and endorsed Mayor Preston, of Baltimore, for the Vice Presidency.

The General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church convened at Bristol, Tenn., yesterday. After the organization was completed reports of the various committees were heard.

A large amount of money will be spent in an effort to close the Hymelia crevasse in the Mississippi levees and large forces of hands were rushed to that point yesterday to begin work.

C. V. T. Richeson's last hope of having his sentence commuted expired yesterday when the committee of alienists reported that he was sane and Gov. Foss refused to refer his petition to the executive council.

The activities of the so-called money trust were brought out in the inquiry yesterday when a witness testified that three New York banking firms lent money to Brazil to hold coffee off the market and maintain prices.

New York markets: Money on call steady, 2 3-4 to 3 per cent. Spot cotton quiet, 5 points lower. Flour quiet and nominally lower. Wheat, spot weak; No. 2, elevator, domestic basis to arrive and export c.i.f. f.o.b. afloat to arrive 1.21 3-4. Corn, spot weak, export 83 1-4 f.o.b. afloat. Turpentine steady. Rosin quiet.

SATURDAY.

Eighteen members of the Detroit baseball team signed an agreement yesterday not to play any more games until "Ty" Cobb, their team-mate was reinstated.

The Presbyterian Church in the United States of America was pledged by its assembly in Louisville, Ky., yesterday to a campaign of increased evangelistic effort.

The work of the Presbyterian General Assembly at Bristol, Tenn., yesterday consisted in the main of reports from various committees and discussion of church problems.

Eugene Debs and Emil Seidel were nominated as candidates for the presidency and vice presidency, respectively, by the National Socialist Convention at Indianapolis yesterday.

The Southern Baptist Convention yesterday authorized the establishment of a permanent fund of $18,400 to aid struggling students in the various theological seminaries of the denomination.

After elaborate preparations had been made to close the Hymelia crevasse in the Mississippi levee near New Orleans, the forces of the Federal government suddenly stopped work yesterday.

After deliberating for a long time the jury at Wytheville, Va., yesterday found Floyd Allen guilty of murder in the first degree and he will have to pay the extreme penalty of death in the electric chair.

C. V. T. Richeson was told yesterday of Gov. Foss' action in refusing to refer his petition for commutation to the executive council. He bore up well on first learning of his fate, but last night was described as being in a state of 'hysterical coma."

New York markets: Money on call steady, 2 3-4 to 3 per cent. Spot cotton closed quiet, 10 points lower. Flour lower. Wheat, spot irregular; No. 2 red 1.12, domestic basis to arrive and export 1.12 c. i. f., f.o.b afloat to arrive. Corn, spot easy; export 82 1-2 f.o.b.. Rosin firm. Turpentine easy.

INFORMATION FOR STRANGERS

Methods Used in Directing Them to Homes and Work in This Country by Government for That Purpose—Agricultural Labor.

Washington, D. C., May 18.—Hoy the "strangers within our gates" are directed to opportunities for homes and employment is outlined in a statement by the Division of Information of the Bureau of Immigration and Naturalization, Department of Commerce and Labor. Under the law, it is the duty of that division to promote a beneficial distribution of admitted aliens and other residents among the several States and Territories desiring immigration.

The division issues five different forms of application blanks: Form A, for making application for laborers or men of other occupations except farm work; Form B, for farmers who desire to employ additional farm laborers; Form C, for owners who wish to rent or sell land; Form D, for making application for domestics. The fifth blank is used by applicants seeking work, in the event they are located too far from the division or its branch office to call in person.

The activities of the division are principally directed to furnishing information as to where employment may be secured as farm laborarer or common laborer, and as to opportunities for settling upon the land. It is true that the demand for domestics is constant, but the division is unable to supply it, as but very few single girls apply for information concerning employment.

To illustrate the methods followed by the division, the statement explains in detail the direction of a farm laborer. A farmer inMichigan has heard of the Division of Information and writes to it, stating that he is in need of a afrm hand. The division sends him Form B, with a little note instructing him to fill out, sign and return the same, whereupon the matter will be given attention. On this blank the prospective employer is required to state his name and address; references; number of men he wishes to hire; nature of duties; nationalities acceptable; whether or ont a knowledge of English is necessary; whether English-speaking men of any other nationality than the ones specified in answer to the previous question will be acceptable; whether he desires "green hands" or experienced help; married or single men; whether children will be objectionable; whether transportation will be advanced from points within the United States, and if so, whether the amount will be deducted later from the employees' wages; whether the amount so deducted will be refunded after a period of service, and if so, under what conditions; what money wage will be paid to a married man and whether house (furnished or unfurnished), garden patch, milk, etc., will be provided free in addition to wages; whether services of wife will be required, and if so, her duties and compensation therefor; what wages will be paid to a single man, and whether board, lodging and washing will be furnished free in addition to wages; whether Summer and Winter wages are the same; if not, give each; when service of the help applied for will be required; hours of labor; whether employment will be permanent; special advantages and remarks.

On receipt of this application by the division it is acknowledged, and the data it contains are transferred in duplicate to cards, one of which is retained in the division and the other forwarded to the Inspector in Charge, Information Branch, Immigration Service, 17 Pearl street, New York City. In addition to the card, a bulleting is prepared by the division in typewriting, at frequent intervals, embodying the data contained in the applications, several copies of which are transmitted to the New York branch of the division, where they are displayed to the scrutiny of all applicants who come there in search of work and have registered their qualifications. The Inspector in Charge there communicates then with the farmer making the application, stating that the matter has been referred to him and, in case the former has signified his willingness to advance transportation, the metnod of handling such advances is explained. In the New York branch interpreters are employed to explain to applicants who canont speak English the terms of applications. Before having access to the bulletins mentioned the applicant for work is required to register his qualifications on a card prepared for that purpose. This procedure is followed in order that he may not be tempted to assign to himself qualifications which he does not possess and which would fit him for one of the positions displayed in the bulletin, should he have an opportunty to see it before registering.

When a man, apparently meeting the requirements of the proposed employer, as set forth in his application, signifies his willingness to accept the terms of the offer, a representative of the New York branch purchases his ticket, accompanies him to the station and sees that he is placed on the proper train. He is furnished with an identification slip, which he shows to the employer upon arrival at destination. The employer is also notified by mail or otherwise when the man leaves New York.

When a man is directed on transportation advanced by the prospective employer he is required to sign a receipt for the amount advanced, which is forwarded to the employer. In addition to this, a representative of the New York branch purchases his ticket, checks the baggage to the employee, and forwards the baggage check by mail to the employer. A man will not be forwarded on advanced transportation unless it is thought that his baggage is of such value as to cause him to proceed to destination and not to abandon his belongings for the sake of having a railroad trip. The number of those who fail to reach destination after having had their transportation advanced is very small, not more than four or five a year.

A similar course is followed in the case of applicants for laborers and domestics; though the questions asked prospective employers are different in some respects.

In the case of applications for settlers, Form C, the following information is requested: Full name and address of owner or agent of the land; two references; are lands for sale or rent; price, sale, or rental conditions in full; if rented on shares, how divided; number of farms that can be cultivated by one man; size of such one-man farms; is land under cultivation; kinds of crops; character of soil; location of lands; is irrigation necessary, and, if so, under what conditions is water supplied; what buildings, if any, and their condition; what are the rail, water or wagon road facilities for transportation; nationalities preferred; what are the inducements to settlers; what opportunity, if any, will a settler have to secure work at regular wages during his spare time.

The method of getting information of this kind into the hands of those interested therein is similar to that followed in the case of applications for farm laborers, except that in addition to personal inquiries, a great many letters are received requesting information concerning agricultural opportunities in the several States. These letters are answered by the division and teh inquirers are furnished with the name of th man having land for sale or rent in the locality in which the writer is interested; or he is placed in communication with the appropriate State official having knowledge of the facts.

Many farmers in New York and New Jersey who do not reside too far from the New York branch call there and personally select the men who they believe will be best qualified to perform the duties required of them and who accept their offers.

A representative of the New York State Department of Agriculture frequently calls at the New York branch of the division and secures men to work for the farmers of that State who have applied for help.

DUE TO PLANT LIFE

Origin of Colors in Yellowstone Park —Government Bulletin

Washington, D. C., May 13.—That the harmonious and brilliant tints in the geysers and hot springs pools are due mainly to plant life is one of the interesting statements made in a publication entitled, "The Geological History of Yellowstone National Park," just issued by the Department of the Interior. Algae flourish equally well in the waters of all geyser basins and on the terraces of Mammoth Hot Springs. Wherever these boiling waters cool to the temperature of 185 degrees algous growths appear, and by the lowering of the temperature on exposure to air still more highly organized forms gradually come in. It is said that at about 140 degrees the conditions are favorable for the rapid growth of several species. The development of plant life at such excessive temperatures and on a scale of such magnitude seems a marvelous thing. Nowhere else can this be seen so well as in the Yellowstone Park.

As the water in shallow pools chills rapidly, corresponding changes in color follow. No life exists in the center, where the water is boiling. On the outer edge certain colors, prevail, and in the cooler overflow channels still other colors predominate. In the geyser basin, the first evidence of vegetation in an overflow stream consists of creamy white filamentary threads passing into light flesh tints and then to deep salmon. With distance from the source of heat, the predominating colors pass from bright orange to yellow, yellowish green, and emerald, and in the still cooler waters various shades of brown.

The marvelous colors in the Grand Canyon of the Yellowstone are mainly due to mineral matter, the pigments being derived from the lavas. Along the base of the canyon thermal and solfataric agencies have been at work through long ages, slowly but steadily decomposing the rhylite rock that forms the walls. Upon the buttressed walls and sculptured amphitheaters tints of green and yellow are intermingled with red, the colors being blended with singularly harmonious effects. From the roaring turbulent river at the bottom to the somber green forests at the top, the abrupt walls seem aglow with color.

This publication contains an account of the geologic forces that have caused the wonderful natural features that have made the Yellowstone famous throughout the world. It is illustrated by photographs of some of the pricipal features of the park and is written in nontechnical language so that it may be readily understood by persons without scientific training.

TAR HEEL INDIANS WED.

Were Married in Harrisburg, Pa., Last Monday.

(Harrisburg, Pa., Star-Independent.)

A courtship that has been carried on for years and which traces back to the Carlisle Indian School, culminated this morning, when William J. Owl and Maria Wright, Cherokee Indians, took out a marriage license at the local bureau.

Both are now the heads of a reservation school in North Carolina. Owl is 26 and his bride-to-be 29. They will spend their honeymoon in New Jersey, and contemplate returning to the reservation school. To one of the deputy recorders Owl said he first met Miss Wright at the Carlisle school.

They became acquainted in a very short time, were doing the same school work and graduated at the same time. On leaving the Carlisle school both went to the reservation school, where Owl took charge of the agricultural classes and Miss Wright—a seamstress—had a large class of girls. Owl lives at Cherokee, North Carolina. Miss Wright lives at Whittier, North Carolina.

Brilliantly colored small flowers, arranged in clusters, wreathe many of the prettiest hats.

S.S.S. CURES OLD SORES

Every old sore is due to the ulceration of flesh tissues. The superficial abrasion or opening may have come as the result of a scratch, burn, cut, or some other wound, but the place remains open and of a chronic nature because the tissues and flesh fibres beneath the skin are in an unhealthy condition from a polluted blood supply.

Even if it were possible to subdue the ulceration of the flesh and produce an antiseptic and cleanly condition of the sore with medicines applied to the external opening, such treatment could not bring about any permanent curative results. Deep down in the blood there is a continual cause at work to prevent the place from healing.

If we expect a permanent cure it is not the ***SORE*** but the ***BLOOD*** which must be cleansed. Then the morbid matter and infectious germs will be destroyed, and the flesh, becoming healthy, will knit and join together, and the ulcer can no longer exist. We do not mean to say one should never use any external treatment for an old sore, for we realize that some salves, lotions, etc., are often very soothing to the irritated and painful flesh. But the person who depends on such measures alone, and makes no effort to purify the blood, will never find a cure, and the place is sure to grow worse and enlarge.

In 1877 I had my leg badly cut on the sharp edge of a barrel. A great sore formed, and for years no one knows what I suffered with the place. I tried, it seemed to me, everything I had ever heard of, but I got no relief. At last I began the use of S. S. S., and continued it until it removed all the poison from my blood and made a complete and permanent cure of the sore.

JNO. ELLIS.
108 Wyckoff St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Only by cleansing the blood of the poisonous cause can old sores be cured. S. S. S. heals them by going down into the circulation and removing the cause from the blood. When this has been done there is no longer left any inflammatory impurity or infectious matter to irritate the place, and nature causes the natural and certain healing of the ulcer. When S. S. S. has purified the blood and the place is once more nourished with pure, rich blood, then every symptom disappears, and it is not a temporary cure, but the place is firmly and solidly healed from the bottom to the outer skin. S. S. S. is recognized as the greatest of all blood purifiers, and therein lies its ability to cure old sores. It is purely vegetable, containing no mineral in any form, and its fine tonic effects are always helpful in overcoming the impure systemic effects of an old sore.

We have a special treatise on Old Sores which we will be glad to send free to all who desire it. It contains the statements of many cured persons as to the value of S. S. S. We will also be glad to send you any medical advice you desire free of charge.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

BATH SUITS!

We are showing a complete stock of Bath Suits in All Latest Styles. Also Bathing Caps, Shoes and Slippers.

NEW TRUNKS.

Just received, a large shipment of Trunks. You will find what you like. Any size and the very best makes. Also Leather and Straw Suit Cases and Bags.

A. D. BROWN

HOW TO PRESERVE YOUTH AND BEAUTY.

One great secret of youth and beauty for the young woman or the mother is the proper understanding of her womanly system and well-being. Every woman, young or old, should *know herself* and her physical make up. A good way to arrive at this knowledge is to get a good doctor book, such for instance, as "The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser," by R. V. Pierce, M. D., which can readily be procured by sending thirty-one cents for cloth-bound copy, addressing Dr. Pierce, at Buffalo, N. Y.

The womanly system is a delicate machine which can only be compared to the intricate mechanism of a beautiful watch which will keep in good running order only with good care and the proper oiling at the right time, so that the delicate mechanism may not be *worn out*. Very many times young women get old or *run down* before their time through ignorance and the improper handling of this human mechanism. Mental depression, a confused head, backache, headache, or hot flashes and many symptoms of derangement of the womanly system can be avoided by a proper understanding of what to do, in those trying times that come to all women.

MRS. WILLIAMS.

MRS. G. H. WILLIAMS, of Lynnhaven, Va., wrote: "It is six years since my health gave way. I had female trouble and all the doctors (I employed three) said I would die. I was not able to do my work, had to hire someone all the time. Finally, I read in the papers about Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, and decided to try it. I had not taken but one bottle until I found it had done me good. I took, in all, five bottles of 'Favorite Prescription' and two of 'Golden Medical Discovery,' and now I am able to do all my housework, and have gained fourteen pounds. I advise all women who suffer from female trouble to try your 'Favorite Prescription.' It's the only medicine on earth."

'Phone No. 272

For the Best Dollar Shirt

Silk Sox and Stockings.....50c
Boys' Clothing, $3.50 to $14.00
Straw Hats, $1.00 to $5.00

Oxfords for the Whole Family.

Men's Shirts—All Sizes.

Dry Goods for This Week:

12 1-2c Windsor Percales.....10c
15c Long Cloth 10c
25c Curtain Scrim 18c
36-in. Madras and Ginghams 10c

J. W. H. FUCHS

28 S. Front St.

BASE BALL GOODS FISHING TACKLE

Fruit Jars!

The season for Fruit Jars is most here and the outlook is good for a large Fruit Crop, so place your orders NOW, so you will be prepared to furnish your trade as soon as they begin to call for these goods. We have a large stock of Fruit Jars, all sizes, Jar Rubbers in black, white and red, and Jar Caps.

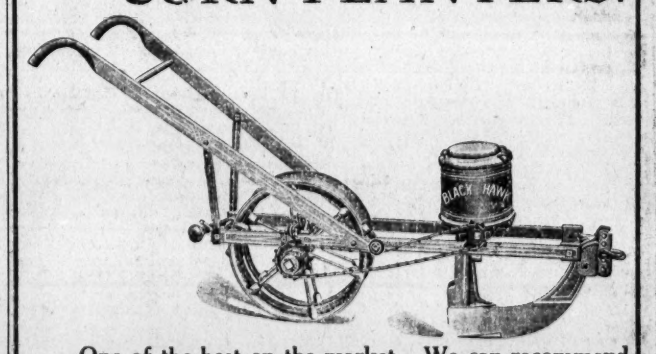
We can fill your wants in this line same day order is received. A pleasure to quote you prices on these goods.

J. W. Murchison & Co.

WHOLESALE HARDWARE

FISHING TACKLE BASE BALL GOODS

BLACK HAWK CORN PLANTERS.



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Exclusive Agent for Yawman & Erbe Mfg. Co.

RID THE HOUSE OF THE FLY

Writer in World's Work Gives Best Means of Disposing of the Disease-Breeding Insects—Some Ordinary Precautions.

(World's Work.)

"How can I get the flies out of my house and keep them out?"

First, kill all the flies in the house. Close the windows and doors, heat a small coal shovel and pour twenty drops of carbolic acid on it. The fumes from the acid will kill all the flies in a large room. Another way is to burn pyrethrum powder—ordinary "Persian Insect Powder"—which if pure and freshly ground, will give off a dense smoke that will stupefy every fly within reach of its fumes so that they can then be swept up and burned. Kill them with "swatters." A very simple home-made "swatter can be made of a piece of wire window screening four or five inches wide and six to eight inches long, inserted in a cleft in the end of a two-foot stick.

For the stray fly, use sticky fly paper and poison. The most effective poison is a solution of formalin in the proportion of eight teaspoonfuls to a quart of water. This is a safe poison where little children are about, for even if they should drink it, it would not kill them. Break a small nick in the edge of the bottle's mouth, fill the bottle with the solution and stand it inverted in a saucer. Enough of the poison will flow into the saucer to answer the purpose, and as it evaporates more will flow down from the bottle. A piece of bread covered with sugar, placed in the saucer, will attract the flies. If placed where dogs or birds can get at it, cover the poison outfit with a screen of coarse wire, so as not to poison anything but the flies.

Another cheap and reliable fly poison which is not dangerous to human life is made by dissolving one dracam of bichromate of petroleum in two ounces of water, sweetened with sugar.

Fly traps can be easily made at home by rolling a piece of wire netting into a cylinder eight inches in diameter and a foot high. Another piece of the netting is folded into a cone and placed over the top, and another cone placed inside the lower end of the cylinder, this cone having a hole punched in its apex through which the flies can crawl readily. The device should be set up so the flies may crawl under it, and baited with sweets.

A form of fly trap that is especially effective in stores and restaurant kitchens consists of a trough of tin three-quarters of an inch wide and of the same depth, and as long as the width of the window. If this is placed close against the window on the inside and kept half filled with kerosene every fly approaching the window will fall into it, for the fumes of the kerosene have an overpowering effect on the insect.

Screen doors are a favorite gathering place for flies, which hang about them waiting for some one to let them in. Mix a teaspoonful of carbolic acid with a quart of kerosene and rub the solution on the screen door. It will at once cease to attract the flies. A weak solution of formaldehyde may be applied in the same way.

The same carbolic acid and kerosene solution may be used in an ordinary plant sprayer to spray the garbage can, which is the principal attraction for flies indoors. A better plan, however, is to keep the garbage can outdoors and put a fly trap in the cover of it. Any local tinsmith can attach a trap to the cover readily, and at a very small expense. Fly traps can also be easily attached to window screens, so that flies who do get in will be caught as they are going out.

There would be no flies to kill if there were no filth for them to breed in. Ninety per cent. of all flies are bred in horse manure, so keep the stable tightly screened, with fly traps set in the window screens. Spray the floors around the horse stalls with a good disinfectant. Pyroligenous acid, a by-product of the distillation of turpentine, is a very valuable spray, because it is effective and non-inflammable. It can be bought in New York for $4.25 a barrel, and may be obtained wherever paints and oils are sold. Kerosene is good, but increases the fire risk. Keep the stable refuse in a bin, tightly covered with a wire netting cover. This will prevent the female from getting access to the contents to lay her eggs.

Clean up every place where decaying animal or vegetable refuse accumulates. Spray every receptacle for refuse with one of the kerosene or pyroligenous acid preparations, or with any good commercial disinfectant. Remember all the time that flies and filth begin with the same letter and mean the same thing.

Keep the flies away from the sick room, especially where there are contagious diseases.

Don't let waste paper or old rags accumulate where they can decay. Flies will breed in them, if exposed to moisture.

After the refuse pile has been removed sprinkle the ground thoroughly, as the fly maggots crawl down into the earth to develop.

If the house drains empty on the surface of the ground pour kerosene into them. If your sewerage system leaks, pour kerosene into it.

If possible, burn all garbage. There are garbage incinerators that may be attached to the stove pipe that reduce the garbage to a combustible mass without odor.

If you cannot trace the flies about your premises to any other source, look in the cuspidor.

Keep flies away from food. Hemispherical wire screens to place over dishes may be bought anywhere in all sizes. Any one who will follow these directions can get rid of flies.

What Texans Admire

is hearty, vigorous life, according to Hugh Tallman, of San Antonio. "We find," he writes, "that Dr. King's New Life Pills surely put new life and energy into a person. Wife and I believe they are the best made." Excellent for stomach, liver or kidney troubles. 20 cents at R. R. Bellamy's.

TO PASS REVOLVER LAWS.

Crack Shots of U. S. R. A. Urge Against Gun-Toting Criminals.

Springfield, Mass., May 18.—The first concerted, organized campaign to spread a uniform, stringent, safe and sane revolver law throughout the country was made here yesterday when the United States Revolver Association sent out more than 700 letters urging the Governors and the legislators of 47 States, and the mayors of 135 cities to join the movement.

The letters, signed by Secretary-Treasurer J. B. Crabtree, introduced the United States Revolver Association as the chartered governing body of amateur pistol and revolver shooters which has charge of all international revolver matches and which is now engaged in selecting a team to represent this country at the Olympic Games at Stockholm this coming Summer. The letter continues, in part:

"This association is not interested financially, directly or indirectly, in the manufacture of firearms or ammunition.

"We are promoting a Nation-wide movement for a rational revolver law. Our country depends upon its citizen soldiers. Once we were a nation of marksmen; such is not the case today. This was proven at the time of the Spanish-American war, when national guard regiments called into service showed more than 70 per cent. of their number had never even fired a rifle. A reasonable knowledge of firearms is an obvious necessity for our male citizens of military age.

"Another reason why we wish a bullet-proof, safe and sane law is that New York has experienced an epidemic of crimes since the passage of the Sullivan law

"To just the extent it is made difficult for law-abiding citizens to possess weapons of defense are they rendered easier victims and more attractive prey for the criminal. No law that fails to recognize this principle can possibly be a good law. Were it possible to compel every law-abiding citizen to arm himself and to learn to shoot straight, and were it possible at the same time to disarm every burglar, thug and crook, crimes of violence would be unheard of.

"This association urges the passage of a law that will arm the law-abiding citizen and punish the criminal. We would welcome a law drafted on the following lines:

1. That any citizen may purchase a firearm or any other legitimate weapon of defense, the sole restriction being that he enter his name and address in a dealer's firearm register which shall be open to police inspection.

2. That any citizen may procure from the mayor, chief of police or any magistrate a license to carry a firearm provided he can show cause why he should go armed.

3. That, license or no license, no man ever convicted of burglary or any crime of violence may carry a firearm or other concealed weapon under penalty of five years' imprisonment; this sentence to be made mandatory on the part of the courts under a suitable penalty.

4. That the act of carrying firearms or other weapons while committing or attempting to commit a crime of violence be regarded as a felony punishable by not less than ten years' imprisonment; this sentence to be made mandatory on the part of the courts under a suitable penalty.

"Two and one-half per cent. of the homicides attributable to the pistol are committed by ordinarily "respectable" citizens impelled to commit this crime. Against this two and one-half per cent, 25 per cent. of the murders are committed by professional criminals in connection with the robbery of law-abiding citizens. Can there be any question whether it is the law-abiding citizen or the criminal that needs to be disarmed? You cannot prevent the criminal from obtaining his jimmy, his dark lanterns, his drills, his nitro-glycerin and his gun. Bitter experience has shown that laws intended to prevent crimes of violence by deterring the respectable as well as the criminal element from acquiring firearms are readily circumvented by the criminal, who finds the law providing him with easy victims.

"The law-abiding citizen needs no disarming. The weapons of defense in his home are the greatest adjunct for the prevention of crime to his police department. Any law deterring him from arming for the protection of himself and his family is little short of a social calamity.

"In New York City where a law based upon the principle of disarming the law-abiding citizen caused an increase of 40 per cent. in crimes of violence, 14 burglary insurance companies recently addressed a letter to the legislators of the State protesting against the notorious Sullivan 'Revolver Law'."

IN ADVERTISING

Says an exchange:

"If you toot your little tooter and
then lay away your horn,
There's not a soul in ten short days
will know that you were born.
The man who gathers pumpkins is
the man who plows all day,
And the man who keeps a-humping
is the man who makes it pay.
The man who advertises with short
and sudden jerks,
Is the man who blames the editor
because it never works.
The man who gets the business has a
strong and steady pull,
He keeps his trade and paper from
year to year quite full.
He plans his advertisement in a
thoughtful, honest way,
And keeps forever at it until he makes
it pay.

S. Beach Chester, the author of Anomalies of the English law, is a London barrister and a companion of the Military Order of the Loyal Legion of the United States.

THE INDIAN MEDICINE MAN

was chosen by his tribe in pioneer days because of his expert knowledge in combining medicines from roots and herbs to cure disease. They could conquer diseases that today baffle the most skilled physicians who have spent years in the study of drugs.

From the roots and herbs of the field Lydia E. Pinkham nearly forty years ago gave to the women of the world a remedy for female ills deemed more potent and efficacious than any combination of drugs. Today Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is recognized the world over as the standard remedy for female ills.

MARMON

"The Easiest Riding Car In The World"

International Champion

Marmon Superiority has been proven by the winning of the International Sweepstakes Race, May 30 1911, covering 500 miles in 402 minutes and 8 seconds. averaging 74.61 miles per hour.

But greater than the proof of the Marmon's unparalleled record in racing is the superiority shown by these cars in the hands of owners. Through the crowded traffic of the thronged city street or over thousands of miles of rough roads, sand and hills the Marmon owner realizes that the better making of the Marmon means satisfaction. Our literature will open your eyes to a new meaning of automobile value—the ownership of a Marmon will convince you.

Made on one Chassis—a body type for every requirement—Touring Car $2,750

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114 No. Second Street.

AutoSupplies of Every Description

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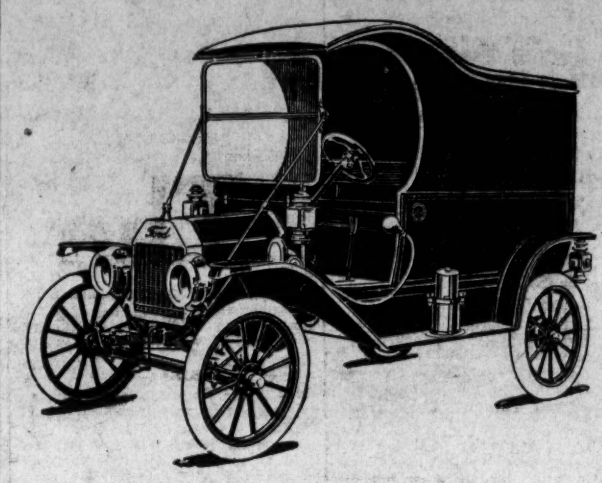
LIVE AND DEAD STORAGE

We Never Close—open All Day and All Night.

Good-Year No Rim-Cut Tires.



A man is "complete" without his clothes—and so is an automoblie without equipment. But the Ford is complete and equipped—all there but the passengers. It's the perfect completeness of the Ford car that enables us to easily outsell all dealers in this city.

One Five-Passenger Maxwell Touring Car, Perfect Condition, For Sale at a Bargain.

One Fire-Proof Safe; One Remington Typewriter—Bargains. All We Ask is a Trial.

We Guarantee Satisfaction.

114 N. Second Street **H. L. FENNELL** 114 N. Second Street

MOSTLY CONTEMPLATIVE

(By T. W. C.)

A certain theory is abroad in the world today to the effect that thought is the power all supreme that destroys or creates our chances for success in all that interests us for the present and the future. Whether there is all truth in this, or some truth in this, you must work out for yourself, but the fact remains that individual experience has brought amazing results, and it is certainly worth while to try its effect upon one's own interests if one is willing to bear disappointments and "try, try again."

* * *

To begin, simply put to yourself the question: "What is the effect upon me of a cheerful face, voice, word or presence?" Your natural answer will be, "Why, I am made more cheerful myself". Then, if you assume that all that cheerfulness emanating from that bright presence is the result of that individual's way of looking at things you are going to get very near to the idea that she is thinking cheerfully.

* * *

I am sure that you know how many times a week, or, perhaps, even a day, you sighed deeply and start in with: "Oh, dear! If only I had not done, said, or brought this, that or the other thing! If only we were not so poor, or John so stingy, or Freddie has not this bad trait to combat"! And you know, also, then how heartsick you become and how hopeless the outlook for better things seems.

* * *

Regret is never intended to be anything but advantage to the individual suffering under it. But the average person today persistently places it in the way of his progress to the Land of Heart's Desire.

Don't dodge things as they are. It is foolish, futile and a bad waste of brain power. Put that power into looking the matter squarely in the face, admitting its existence in all its unpleasantness, and then begin to look around for the way out of the problem. Be simple, straight and clear headed. Do not overestimate the importance of the mistake nor its result upon yourself or others. If you have "said, done bought or sold" anything at the wrong time, abide by the mistake, and if you cannot rectify it, take "the dose of common sense" it has administered to you and make up your mind to be thankful for the experience in that it is going to help you to avoid a worse disaster in the future.

* * *

Look out for thought of dissatisfaction. They will destroy your possibilities for bringing contentment into your life. Think success and live it. You cannot fail if you hold the thought of success, like a banner held aloft, before you. Yesterday is gone. Forget it, and everything connected with it that will not help you to get further along in your ambition to be wiser, better and nearer lasting happiness for yourself and others.

* * *

Remorse is a healthy tonic if, like any other tonic, it is taken with the idea of building you up into greater strength. But do not overdose yourself with it. It will lose its effect and lessen your chances for getting nearer to your heart's desire.

Rummaging through my desk the other day I came to a sheet of paper on which was written a contemplation. The finding of the sheet brought back delightful memories. For several years it was a joy to be personally acquainted with one of the delightfully refreshing characters of the Old North State. A man who has lived through two periods of the history of the Southern country, brilliant, cultured, widely informed. Peculiar in many respects, he is not always understood. Gentle and kindly ever, to me, yet with strong convictions and the courage to express them—I admired him.

* * *

Risden Tyler Bennett was born in Anson county, near the present location of the town of Wadesboro, June 18, 1840. When the war cloud came he was a young man, not yet having attained his majority. In the early days of 1861 the Anson Guards were organized and the young man joined the company as a private. It was in April, 1861, when the local company started for Raleigh. Capt. Robert Hall was in command. The Anson Guards were assigned to the Fourth Regiment and when it was decided to organize ten regiments of State troops, the fourth was changed to the 14th North Carolina Regiment. This regiment was mustered into the Confederate service at Weldon on May 20th, 1861, with Major W. D. Pender the mustering officer. The regiment was assigned to Virginia and the first engagement was at Yorktown. Private Bennett became Lieut. Col. Bennett and with his regiment was in their first serious engagement at Williamsburg, Va., May 5, 1862. Here eight men were killed and nine wounded. It was on July 1, 1862, when Risden Tyler Bennett was made Colonel and given command of the 14th North Carolina. He was only 22 years old. In September, 1864, Col. Bennett led his regiment in a charge against a ten-gun battery at Winchester, Va., and was captured. In this engagement, Gen. Russell was in command of the boys in blue and was killed during the charge. Col. Bennett was sent to the Federal prison at Fort Delaware where he remained for several months before being sent home.

* * *

One day, at my request Col. Bennett wrote for me the contemplation the finding of which started the thought here given. I am reproducing it. Read it carefully this morning. If you know the author, you will enjoy it. If you do not know him, you have missed a really rare and charming character. His contemplation is based upon the incident recorded in the Gospel of Luke—an incident of touchingly helpful thought.

* * *

"The concensus of intelligent Christian opinion holds the 'Walk to Emmaus' the most pathetic incident in the New Testament Scripture.

"But recently upon Calvary, the blessed Jesus, compelled by a profligated mob, had borne the instrument of torture until his twitching nerves and overtaxed strength rebelled in sheer exhaustion against the burden of his cross. The spirit of the lynchers seized a despised Jew, Simon the Cyrenian, and threw the burden upon his shoulders. Gracious Master, we bless Thy mercy for this relief to the humane part of our God.

"As the morning wore apace these men on their walk were deep vexed by the accidents of the way and fearful forebodings of their fortune. The cross had killed the most perfect type of man born to woman. The Pagan apparently had met God; vanquished him and installed Satan. Surely the Universe was again in travail. God wept and all men, except the representative of force, were on the march. A tremor ran through all the world. These men apprised of the tremendous upheaval passing upon the highway talked of the events which had wrenched the earth and creation. Full of the dubious future, ready to abandon God and seek safety secluded.

"Yet hope sprang from Heaven to earth and in the crisis of their fate there was joined to them another who talked of the news and after a brief dialogue disappeared as suddenly as he came.

"Miracle to miracle.

"God to humanity.

"All to the Father and Holy Ghost."

CHAMBERS OF COMMERCE

Applications for Membership In Organization Founded by Taft

Washington, D. C., May 18.—Applications from the prinicipal commercial and trade organizations of the country for membership in the Chamber of Commerce of the United States of America are being received daily at the Evans Building headquarters here, in charge of Hon. John Joy Edson. The 700 representatives of the various organizations, invited here by President Taft, through Secretary Nagel and the Bureau of Manufactures, Department of Commerce and Labor, are fulfilling their pledge, taken at the convention recently, to make the new National Chamber a success, and to recommend to their organizations the adoption of the tentative plan, decided upon at the meeting, enabling them to become members.

Already the necessary steps have been taken by the larger bodies in the greater American cities. In order to participate the New York Chamber of Commerce proposes amending its charter, which prohibits it from becoming affiliated with other organizations.

Chief A. H. Baldwin, of the Bureau of Manufactures, has received an official copy of the resolution, passed at the convention, commending his Bureau for the splendid work it accomplished in furthering the President's desire, in carrying out the instructions of Secretary Nagel, and in arousing the enthusiastic interest of the American commercial organizations in the formation of the great National advisory body acting in concert with the government in questions of National importance along commercial lines. The resolution especially commends the Bureau's arrangements for the reception, comfort and entertainment of the delegates.

In an interview recently Mr. Baldwin said:

"The Bureau of Manufactures is entirely satisfied with the results achieved by the conference. It was undoubtedly the most broadly representative gathering of delegates from promotive commercial organizations of every kind that was ever brought together in this country. Every part of the United States, including its over-seas possessions, and every important commercial interest was represented, and the Chamber of Commerce of the United States of America thus starts with the tremendous prestige given by the participation of men of importance in the commercial world from every geographical and trade subdivision of the nation. Four hundred organizations appointed representatives and nearly seven hundred business men were present at the meetings.

"A spirit of unselfish enthusiasm and earnest desire for some action to promote the national welfare permeated and dominated the conference, and this spirit expressed itself in the promptness and unanimity with which the recomendations of the Committee on Plan of Organization and the Committee on Nominations were accepted.

"The tentative by-laws which were adopted followed closely the principles outlined in preliminary suggestions which had already received the approval of the Bureau of Manufactures as essentially sound in theory. They apparently assure the broadly representative character of the new chamber, and they provide for limiting its service to national matters and to constructive plans on which a substantial majority of the constituent members can reach an agreement.

"Mr. Harry A. Wheeler presided over the conference with consummate skill, and the leadership of Mr. John H. Fahey, of Boston, during the deliberations on the plan of organization was admirable and showed his close study of the problems involved in the establishment of a national chamber."

The Chief of the Bureau of Manufactures added that while the new National Chamber of Commerce is now safely launched, with every prospect of success, and is independent of the government, the Bureau will aid its service in every legitimate way. His office has records of the facts in regard to commercial organizations in the United States which will be of the greatest value to the National Chamber, which must now establish its relations with local associations as widely and as completely as possible. It is confidently expected that a large proportion of the active commercial organizations will promptly join the Chamber of Commerce of the United States of America.

A turkey goes hungry all his days, and gets stuffed when the operation no longer appeals to him. That's life for you.

The way most people act about it you would think saving money was like having teeth pulled.

The Baltimore Sun (Dem.) says: "The people, since the free silver craze have become accustomed to having the Republican party in power, and it has come to be regarded as the conservative party. And it may be that a majority of the voters would prefer an unsafe Republican to an unsafe Democrat. The Republican party is intrenched in power. It can command a campaign fund without limit, and the only way the Democrats can dislodge it is to make a first-class nomination."

The best way for a man to train the children is to let his wife do it for him.

THE GIRL WITH BEAUTIFUL HAIR

Attracts Attention Everywhere

There is one sure and certain way for every woman to have beautiful hair, and that is to give it intelligent care, which includes the use of Newbro's Herpicide.

This remarkable preparation kills absolutely the dandruff germ, eradicates dandruff and prevents the hair from falling.

The prophylactic action of Herpicide keeps the hair free from disease, and with the scalp sweet and clean a natural hair growth is inevitable.

Herpicide hair scintillates with health and vigor, light and luster, produced only by the well-known scalp and hair dressing, Newbro's Herpicide.

All druggists sell it and guarantee one dollar size bottles.

All first-class barbers and hair dressers use and recommend it.

A sample and booklet will be sent to any address upon receipt of 10c by The Herpicide Co., Dept. R., Detroit, Mich.

ROBERT R. BELLAMY, Special Agt.

Parasols,

Hammocks,

Porch Screens,

Mosquito Nets,

Automobile Dusters,

Straw and Panama Hats

Can Be Bought At

GAYLORD'S

For Less Money.

210—212—214 NORTH FRONT STREET.

NEW SOUTHERN ENTERPRISES

Many New Industrials—National Wood Products Co.—Other Notes of Progress All Over the Southland.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Baltimore, May 16.—Among the many Southern industrial and developmental enterprises reported in this week's issue of the Manufacturers' Record are the following:

Empire Cotton Oil Co., Atlanta, Ga., was organized with $4,000,000 capital to consolidate cotton seed oil and fertilizer manufacturing companies in the Southeast.

Chesapeake & Ohio Railway, Newport News, Va., will build coal pier 1,200 feet long and with bourly dumping capacity of 3,000 tons of coal; cost reported as $1,000,000.

National Wood Products Co., Wilmington, N. C., was incorporated with $1,500,000 capital to build plants for manufacturing turpentine, alcohol, etc., from wood waste, each plant to cost $25,000 and have daily capacity of 20 tons of wood.

Texas Power & Light Co., Dallas, Tex., will be organized by officials of the Southern Traction Co., Waco, Tex., to build $800,000 electric plant at Waco.

Memphis Nut, Lock & Bolt Manufacturing Co., Memphis, Tenn., was incorporated with $500,000 capital to manufacture nuts, locks, bolts, etc.

Louisiana Forest Products Co., Logalusa, La., was organized with $500,000 capital to build seven plants for manufacturing turpentine, etc., from wood waste, each plant to cost $50,000 and have daily capacity of 20 cords of wood and stumps.

American Coal Corporation, Birmingham, Ala., is progressing with development of 10,000 acres of coal land on Warrior River, its plans being reported as requiring an investment of $350,000 to $500,000 for ultimate daily output of 1,500 to 2,000 tons of coal.

Gulf & Ship Island Railway, Gulfport, Miss., was reported as proposing to build pier costing $500,000 and to rebuild docks and coal tipple at cost of $200,000.

Chattanooga Railway & Light Co., Chattanooga, Tenn., is planning $250,000 expenditure for improvements.

Birmingham Railway, Light & Power Co., Birmingham, Ala., plans to place electric wires underground in business section at cost of $260,000.

Memphis Mosaic Tile Works, Memphis, Tenn., was incorporated with $125,000 capital to establish plant.

G. N. Malone, Dothan, Ala., and associates are organizing $250,000 company to build meat packing plant.

Athens Gas, Light & Fuel Co., Athens, Ga., will issue $225,000 bonds and $125,000 stock to purchase Athens Gas Co., and undertake improvements costing $27,000.

Atlantic Fireproof Construction Co., Birmingham, Ala., was incorporated with $100,000 capital to undertake contracts for fireproof construction.

Wilson Cotton Mills, Wilson, N. C., will build addition and install new machinery costing $25,000.

Prattville Cotton Mills Co., Prattville, Ala., will add machinery costing $50,000 and build additional cotton warehouse.

Dade Rock Co., Fort Lauderdale, Fla., was incorporated with $50,000 capital stock to mine coraline rock, etc.

Nuttallburg Smokeless Fuel Co., Nuttallburg, W. Va., was incorporated with $125,000 capital to develop coal properties.

Winchester Coal Co., Fairmont, W. Va., was incorporated with $50,000 capital to mine coal.

King Cotton Mills Corporation, Richmond, Va., was incorporated with $100,000 capital to manufacture cotton goods.

West Virginia Power & Transmission Co., Kingwood, W. Va., was incorporated with $50,000 capital to construct hydro-electric plant.

Bradshaw Barrel Corporation, Norfolk, Va., was chartered with $50,000 capital to manufacture barrels.

Planters' Cotton Oil Co., Navasota, Texas, was incorporated with $60,000 capital to build mill.

Dan Shea Boiler Works, Memphis, Tenn., was incorporated with $20,000 capital to establish plant.

LaBelle Iron Works, Wheeling, W. Va., called a stockholders' meeting for May 23rd, to vote on increase of capital from $10,000,000 to $20,000,000.

Good Lumber Manufacturing Co., Strasburg, Va., was incorporated with $50,000 capital stock to manufacture lumber.

Kingwook Quarries Co., Kingwood, W. Va., was incorporated with $200,000 capital to develop 100 acres of stone.

COTTON MILL LAWS IN RUSSIA.

Those Relating to Industry Given in a Report From Washington.

Washington, D. C., May 18.—The laws in Russia in respect to labor in cotton mills are essentially as stringent as those in other industries, according to a report on the subject issued by the Bureau of Manufactures, Department of Commerce and Labor.

The principal provisions of the laws are:

For the purposes of the law night work is reckoned as from 9 P. M. to 5 A. M., for mills operating with one shift and from 10 P. M. to 4 A. M., for those with two shifts.

Where one shift is employed, the hours of labor must not exceed 11 1-2 in each 24 hours, and on Saturday and the eves of holidays the hours must not exceed 10, and in all cases there must be an interval of rest of not less than one hour.

When work is carried on for 18 hours a day with two shifts of operatives, the working hours in each 24 may be increased to 12, provided that in a fortnight the average work time for each operative does not exceed nine hours.

The operatives must be allowed time for meals at least once in six hours. When the work time between two intervals of rest exceeds six hours, and any other distribution of time is impossible, the workmen must be allowed to take their meals during work time, and a place for meals must be fixed by shop regulations.

Children under 12 may not be employed. Minors from 12 to 15 may not be engaged for more than eight hours per day exclusive of the period assigned for meals, school and rest; work must not occupy more than four successive hours, and is prohibited from 9 P. M. to 5 A. M. Where two shifts are used during 18 hours they can be employed nine hours, but work must not occupy more than 4 1-2 consecutive hours. Minors from 15 to 17 and women may not be employed at night.

The conditions of the agreement made between employer and employee are stated in a book, a copy of which is given to each worker, and must be delivered to him seven days after his employment. In this book are noted all payments to be made by the employer and all fines imposed for idleness, neglect, etc. When the length of engagement is indefinite, either party may break the agreement by giving a fortnight's notice. The laborers must be paid not less frequently than once a month if the engagement is for a longer time, and at least twice a month if the contract is for an indefinite time.

The agreement can be annulled (1) if the workman is absent from work three days consecutively, or six days in one month, without just cause; (2) if the workman is absent from his work during two weeks running for any cause whatever; (3) for rudeness or misconduct, if such menace the interests of the employer or the personal security of anyone connected with the factory; (4) if the laborer for any act be sentenced to imprisonment; (5) in case of the laborer contracting a contagious disease. A discharged laborer may appeal, in the case last mentioned, to the factory inspector or to the court of justice, which fixes the compensation to which he is entitled if his complaint is sustained.

The administration may fix a list of fines to be imposed on the employe for (1) negligence; (2) idleness, (3) infringement of rules. Each act subject to a fine must be stated in special tables, with the amount of said fine, and no fine may exceed one-third the laborer's wage. This list must be approved by the factory inspector, and all fines collected under it must go to a fund for the benefit of the operatives.

These laws have been in effect since 1898, and factory inspectors are employed to see that they are observed, and, in general, to act as an intermediary between employers and workmen.

Compensation to laborers in case of injury is regulated by the law of June 2, 1903, under which the employer is obliged to compensate the laborer and the members of his family; but the employer is relieved of this obligation when he can prove that the accident was the fault of the laborer. Compensation is in the form of an aid, or pension, paid from the date of injury until the employe's full restoration to health. For complete disability a pension is allotted amounting to two-thirds of the annual wage, and for partial disability according to degree. In case death results from an accident a pension is paid to the deceased's family, one-third going to the widow, one-third to the children, and one-third to the brothers and sisters.

Medical and funeral expenses are paid by the employer, and in cases of factories employing 1,000 workpeople or more, infirmaries or hospitals must be provided, the size of which is determined by the number of employes.

All the laws appear to be strictly observed by the cotton mills, and there is a notable absence of small children in the factories.

There is no organization among the cotton mill operatives; in fact, such organizations are contrary to the laws of the country, which provide heavy penalties of imprisonment for originators of or participants in a strike. Nevertheless, there have been frequent strikes, although the number is considerably less than formerly. During the disturbances throughout Russia in 1905 and 1906 the manufacturers suffered heavily and the damage to their property was considerable. Conditions have greatly improved since then, but at many of the mills o force of police is employed, often supplemented by a detachment of government troops. By intervening between employer and employes in cases of dispute the labor inspectors have had an influence in preventing strikes.

The improved condition of the operatives has not been brought about by strikes, however, and wages have not had more than a normal increase in the past 10 years. Strikes have had more of a political nature than a well-formulated and fixed determination to secure higher wages, or a protest to the manufacturer, as in the United States.

Time will doubtless bring a better feeling between the employer and the workers, because the cotton industry in Russia has undoubtedly done much toward improving the condition of the laboring class and developing the people along educational, moral, and industrial lines.

AN ANIMAL INDUSTRY.

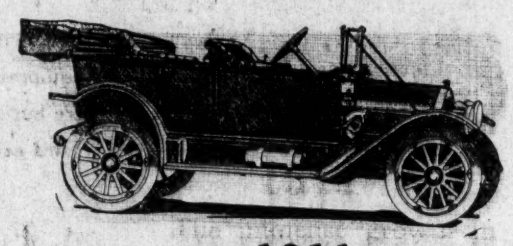
Raising Belgian Hares and Other Rabbits for Profit.

Washington, D. C., May 18.—The Department of Agriculture is constantly in receipt of inquiries in regard to the breeding and care of rabbits, and to meet the demand Secretary Wilson has had prepared Farmers' Bulletin No. 496, entitled, "Raising Belgian Hares and Other Rabbits," which may be had free on application to any member of Congress, or to the Department. In this bulletin, prepared in the Bureau of Biological Survey, it is pointed out that rabbits form an important and esteemed article of food, and that the principles of breeding and care are as well defined as with any domestic animals. The so-called Belgian hare is a domesticated form of the wild rabbit of Europe, being bred with reference to its value as a food animal, and its flesh is now generally considered better for food than that of the ordinary hutch rabbit. Rabbits may be propagated without costly investment in land and buildings, and possess the further advantage that they contribute another animal to the farm stock that may be killed and prepared for the table at short notice. As a rule, the same treatment applies to all forms of rabbits, except the lop-eared variety, which require heated quarters in Winter. Care in the selection of stock is the first important consideration upon entering upon the raising of rabbits and for the rest of the enterprise only observation and judgment are essential. Descriptions of hutches are given and illustrations showing construction will aid the prospective breeder in providing suitable quarters. Food and feeding, breeding, marketing, and ailments are fully explained. While not affording large profits, the raising of rabbits in a small way may be made interesting and fairly remunerative, as well as affording an agreeable change in the family diet where ordinary meats are high priced or difficult to obtain.

E-M-F 30 THIRTY Studebaker FLANDERS 20 TWENTY

The Best Liked Cars in America

The width of this car represents total production of Studebaker E-M-F "30" and Flanders "20" cars to May 15, 1911



—1911

The immense growth in numbers in Studebaker E-M-F "30" and Flanders "20" cars within the past year is a striking fact.

Between May 15, 1911, and May 15, 1912, thousands more of E-M-F "30" and Flanders "20" cars were built and sold than had been built altogether in three previous years of their manufacture, rich as those were.

Everyone knows that when the E-M-F "30" was first put on the market it created a furore. Others declared it was too good to be true, the car couldn't be built at the price. Yet it *was* built, and everyone of those early cars is still in service and giving satisfaction. Then with rapidly growing production Studebaker cars maintained their original promise of unequalled quality at their price and kept on giving satisfaction.

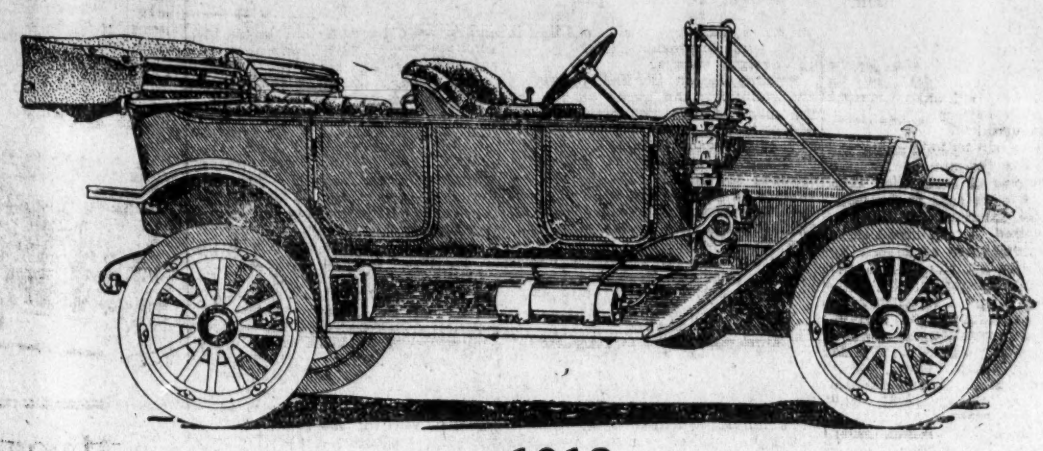
Here is the result. We have built and sold in the last year more cars than in the three years before put together, and there are over 65,000 Studebaker E-M-F "30" and Flanders "20" cars on the roads today.

The American people have tried Studebaker E-M-F "30" and Studebaker Flanders "20" cars, put them to every conceivable test and said, "We're satisfied! These Cars Are Right."

In huge and fast increasing numbers they have backed their approval with cash orders. And every E-M-F "30" and Flanders "20" owner will be proud to tell you the car he drives.

Studebaker-E-M-F "30," $1100

The width of this car represents total production of Studebaker E-M-F "30" and Flanders "20" cars, one year later, to May 15, 1912



—1912

The Best Liked Cars in America. Other good cars have their loyal owners, too, some as loyal as Studebaker owners. But their cars are too few to be compared.

One or more alleged competitors, it is true, sell many cars, but not because their owners are proud to possess them. Nowhere in this world is there such tremendous and incontrovertible approval upon a car as this outspoken conviction of the American people on Studebaker E-M-F "30" and Flanders "20" cars.

There are a hundred other reasons why a Studebaker E-M-F "30" or Flanders "20" should be your choice. Come to us and we will go over them with you in detail. We can convince you by them alone.

But greater than these, standing alone because no other car built can offer any comparable argument, is this one fact.

The American public has tested Studebaker E-M-F "30" and Flanders "20" cars and found them not wanting. The conviction has gone home, and confidence in the Studebaker product has made the year just passed bigger in Studebaker sales than all the years before.

Measure up all the arguments of other cars and then weigh them in the balance against this judgment of the American people.

Studebaker-Flanders "20," $800

Ask for Our New Art Catalogue. It Will Interest You.

The Studebaker Corporation

Detroit, Michigan

W. D. MacMILLAN, JR.

Sales Room: 112 N. Second St. WILMINGTON. N. C. Service Dept: 109 N. Second St.

Hanover Inn

Wrightsville Beach, N. C.

Now open for the reception of guests.

A thoroughly modern hotel. Every room an outside room and in full view of both the ocean and the sound.

A special concession in rates of $10 per week, until June 10th.

Most delightful time of the year at Wrightsville. Address

WARREN H. WILLIAMS, Manager,
Wrightsville Beach, N. C.

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Diarrhoea, Dysentery

and kindred troubles are very general in the spring and summer months and are frequently fatal owing to delay in getting medical help. Avoid danger by keeping in the house at all times a bottle of

OLD DR. BIGGER'S
Huckleberry Cordial

It will soothe and allay the inflammation instantly. Ask your druggist; he knows. Serial No. 8576. Price 25 and 50c per bottle. Send for Confederate Veteran Souvenir Book free. Mfd. only by Haltiwanger-Taylor Drug Co., Atlanta, Ga.

Warm Sulphur Springs

BATH COUNTY, VIRGINIA

This famous resort with the most delightful bath in America is now open for guests. Write for rates and information. Mrs. John L. Eubank, Warm Springs, Va.

Atlantic Paint and Varnish Works

BEST PAINT ON EARTH

TO THINK OF ONE IS A REMINDER of the OTHER

CONGRESS ON NAVIGATION

Twelfth International Gathering at Philadelphia the Coming Week—Thirty Nations Will be Represented—The Programme.

Philadelphia, Pa., May 18.—The Twelfth International Congress of Navigation, which will convene in Philadelphia on May 23, will bring together representatives of more than thirty nations, engineers who are famed in their own countries for feats in construction work and many other men, who have a technical knowledge of or are otherwise interested in inland and maritime navigation. Congress at Washington has taken official notice of the coming meeting, and President Taft, as well as Governor Tener, of Pennsylvania, and Mayor Blankenburg, of Philadelphia, will be among those who will extend formal welcomes to the delegates and members of the Congress.

The Congress will be held under the auspices of the Permanent International Association of Navigation Congress, which has its seat at Brussels, Belgium. The International Association is governed by a commission composed of delegates appointed by the governments contributing to the support of the organization. Its membership is made up of these governments and corporations and individuals interested in maritime matters.

The previous congresses were held in Brussels in 1885; Vienna, 1886; Frankfort-on-the-Main, 1888; Manchester, Eng., 1890; Paris, 1892; The Hague, 1894; Brussels, 1898; Paris, 1900; Dusseldorf, 1902; Milan, 1905; and St. Petersburg, 1908.

The object of the congress is to promote the progress of inland and maritime navigation by keeping its members informed regarding the most recent experience in the construction of great public works for navigation and the technical improvements in these works. The recent great sea tragedy off the Newfoundland Grand Banks will give the Congress added interest because some of the questions that have arisen in connection with the foundering of the Titanic will be a matter of discussion when the question of the safety of navigation comes up. The safety of navigation was considered at an international conference in St. Petersburg last March, and a report will be made to the coming Congress.

The subjects to be discussed at the Congress were selected two years ago at a meeting held by the commission governing the Congress. These subjects are:

Inland Navigation.

1. Improvement of rivers by regulations and dredging, and, if needs be, by reservoirs. Determinations of the case in which it is preferable to resort to such works rather than to canalization or the construction of a lateral canal.

2. Dimensions to be assigned, in any given country, to canals of heavy traffic. Principles of operating. Dimensions and equipment of the locks.

3. Intermediate and terminal ports. Best methods for combining, facilitating and harmonizing the transfer of freight between the waterway and the railway.

Communications.

1. Applications of reinforced concrete to hydraulic works.

2. Report on the works undertaken and the measures adopted or proposed for the improvement and development of lines of inland navigation, as well as for the protection of the banks of navigable highways.

3. Utilization of the navigation of large but shallow rivers. Vessels and motors.

Ocean Navigation.

1. Means for docking and repairing vessels.

2. Dimensions to be given maritime canals. Technical point of view. Probable dimensions of the sea-going vessels of the future.

3. Mechanical equipments of ports.

Communications.

1. High powered dredges and means for removing rock under water.

2. Report on the most recent works constructed at the more important seaports, especially on those relating to breakwaters. Applications of reinforced concreted; means for insuring its preservation.

3. Bridges and ferry bridges; tunnels under waterways used for ocean navigation. Economic and technical study.

4. Safety of navigation. Lighted buoys.

The papers that will be presented, according to official announcements made by officers of the congress, were prepared by some of the most eminent authorities on the subject. The questions will be discussed first and the communications will be then taken up and considered as long as time will permit.

Representatives selected by each country are entitled to write on each subject designated by the commission. The papers are sent to a general reporter selected for each subject. It is his duty to review the papers, make a report to the Congress and also present his conclusion, if he cares to.

The congress will be divided into two sections, inland navigation and ocean navigation. The questions enumerated in the foregoing will be discussed first in the sectional meetings and will then be reported to the general meeting and voted upon. Discussion in the meetings may be carried on in three languages, English, French and German.

A feature of the Congress will be visits of inspection by the foreign members to interesting engineering works in the United States. These trips are now being arranged.

Congress, the Legislature of Pennsylvania and councils of the city of Philadelphia have made liberal appropriations to defray expenses in connection with the Navigation Congress and to entertain the foreign visitors.

The opening meeting will be held at the Metropolitan Opera House where President Taft will be the principal speaker.

The Kansas City Star (Ind.) says: "A suffrage speaker told an audience in Kansas City, Kan., last night that 'the man-directed government of the United States is not a succes.' In the States that have had Presidential primaries the voters have been on her side usually about eight to one."

WILSON'S LEAD

Senator Bailey Gives Away the Combination in Texas Speech

Washington, D. C., May 18.—With South Carolina and Porto Rico to his credit Governor Woodrow Wilson captured recently 24 delegates to the Baltimore convention, more than offsetting the election of 16 delegates in Maryland, committed to the candidacy of Speaker Clark.

The victory in the South Carolina county conventions was complete, insurring the selection of 18 delegates to the National convention, although not instructed to vote for the Jersey Governor. There were no instructions in any of the counties for the other candidates.

It is interesting to note that Speaker Clark and Governor Harmon supported the same set of delegates in Maryland, while the supporters of Governor Wilson put up a straightout list of Wilson delegates. This latest display of team work on the part of the Speaker and Governor Harmon illustrates anew the character of the fight that is being made to prevent the nomination of Governor Wilson.

Senator Joseph W. Bailey, who is unquestionably the leader as well as the ablest of those conducting the allied campaign to prevent the nomination of Governor Wilson, has frankly disclosed the whole game, making ridiculous the denials that there is an alliance to prevent the nomination of the New Jersey Governor. This he did last week in a speech at McKinney, Texas, where he was campaigning in behalf of an instructed delegation for Governor Harmon. Senator Bailey not only admitted the alliance, but justified it, as the following utterance by him shows:

"I must reply to the frequent charge that Underwood, Clark and Harmon are in a joint conspiracy to defeat Gov. Wilson. My countrymen, whenever you find three Democrats like them making common cause against a fourth you may be sure that the fourth ought to have common causes made against him. It is true that in some States Clark has been given the field against Wilson; in others Harmon has been given the field; in still others Underwood has been given the field. And I suppose you have heard from Georgia and Florida in the last few days. (Cheers). That's no crime; neither is it a combination in rectraint of political ambition. Wilson represents a departure from Democratic principles and it is just and fair to see whether he could get a majority in the Democratic States or not. He hasn't carried a majority in a Democratic State yet and he will not carry one. He is a Southern man and yet he has not carried a Southern State that has held a primary, and I don't believe he will. It is not the man; it is the policies and the principles he advocates. I do not hesitate to say that I would vote for Harmon, Clark or Underwood, either or all of them, to defeat Wilson."

Governor Wilson has not only carried two Southern States, but he has carried that Southern State that is the largest Democratic State in the Union. And what is more to the point, he will carry the majority of the Southern States. He is the only candidate who is making a Nationwide contest. The victories recorded by him in the great State of Pennsylvania on the Atlantic, Oregon on the Pacific, Wisconsin on the Great Lakes, Texas on the Gulf and Maine in New England attest this fact. Where he has failed to win as the result of the combination of the allies, he has been a close second. Witness Georgia, Maryland, Kansas, Nebraska and other States.

RAILWAYS FOR FEBRUARY

Returns of the railways to the Inter-State Commerce Commission for the month of February, 1912, which have been compiled by the Bureau of Railway Economics, show increases both in receipts and expenses as compared with February, 1911.

The returns, which cover about 90 per cent of the steam railway mileage of the country, average as follows per mile of line for the month: Total operating revenues per mile of line averaged $966, as compared with $891 in February, 1911, the increase resulting almost entirely from freight traffic, passenger revenue having slightly decreased. Operating expenses per mile of line averaged $712, as compared with $668 in February, 1911; net operating revenue $254, as compared with $223 in February, 1911. Taxes amounted to $44 per mile of line, an increase of ten and nine-tenths per cent over February, of the previous year.

As February contained twenty-nine days in 1912 and twenty-eight days in 1911, the returns for this month of the current year, other things equal, would be one twenty-eigth, or nearly four per cent, greater than for February, 1911. A comparison that eliminates the effect of the extra day is of the returns per mile of line for each day. The net operating revenue thus averaged $8.76 per mile of line per day in February, 1912, $7.95 in 1911, and approximately $9.20 in 1910.

Therefore $8.76 is the average amount that accrued to each mile of line for each day in February for the payment of taxes, rentals, interest on bonds, appropriations for betterments, and dividends; and this on a net average capitalization stated by the Inter-State Commerce Commission in its volume of statistics for the fiscal year 1910 to be $62,657 per mile of line. The total net capitalization of all of the railways of the United States as shown by that report is $14,338,940.

The Fort Worth (Tex.) Record, (Dem.) says: "The claim of the Wilson men that their candidate is second choice in Georgia doesn't change the situation a bit for them. As in the case of the small boy who disposed of the importunities of a pal who allowed that he would be content with the core of the apple, it might be said of Georgia, 'There hain't goin' to be no core'."

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven Catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only Constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.

Address: F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

FOR INDUSTRIAL BETTERMENT

Employers and Workers to Gather at 17th Annual Convention of National Association of Manufacturers in New York

Several thousand employers, factory superintendents, managers and workmen, from every section of the country will gather at the 17th annual convention of the National Association of Manufacturers of the United States at the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel, New York city, on May 20th, 21st and 22nd. The convention will mark the opening of the greatest constructive campaign ever inaugurated in this country to improve the efficiency of American industrial methods by educating both workers and employers. The employers, their assistants and the workmen will meet, for instance, on the common ground that industrial accidents are their mutual enemies.

Among the special features which have been arranged for the occasion are three motion picture films, each of which has its own lesson on the cause, effect and remedy. The first shows the occurrence of an accident in a factory with its attendant injury, and the logical effect of the casualty both upon the worker and his family or relatives. This film has been especially prepared for the National Association of Manufacturers and will be followed by a film showing the practical application and use of accident prevention devices on a great number of machines in the plant of the Brown & Sharpe Manufacturing Company, of Providence, R. I. The pictures prove as clearly as would a personal visit of inspection to any plant the practicality of adopting remedies for at least seventy-five per cent of the total number of industrial accidents which occur in the United States every year.

The third motion picture film is entitled, "Insuring Safety at Sea," and comprises the results of a careful investigation into the field of practical life-saving apparatus, as promoted by the various trans-Atlantic steamship companies. The pictures also include some of the latest and most adaptable forms of rescue apparatus which are of particular interest at this time.

This convention will be the first of a series which the Association will hold primarily for educational purposes, on the question of promoting industrial efficiency. For more than two years past the organization has been actively engaged in the field accident prevention and compensation for the workers; during that period its Committee on Accident Prevention and Workmen's Compensation has completed and published in book form the results of an exhaustive first-hand study of the various European safety appliances, and systems of workmen's compensation insurance. The work has been widely commended and its recommendations have rendered valuable assistance to the numerous State Commissions considering the subject for purposes of legislation. The Committee has also given much personal assistance to these bodies and will make a full report at the convention.

Besides the motion picture films there will be arranged in the Colonial room of the hotel an Accident Prevention Exhibition, consisting of almost 2,000 photographs, a large number of working models of safety appliances and the greater portion of the safety-at-sea apparatus shown in the motion pictures. The Wisconsin State Industrial Commission has contributed to the photographic exhibit, and the United States Steel Corporation has arranged an extensive array of working models from its various plants. The trans-Atlantic steamship companies will have experts on hand to explain the details of the safety-at-sea exhibition.

Addresses on the various branches of the efficiency campaign will be delivered by Fred C. Schwedtman and James A. Emery, of the Association's Committee on Accident Prevention and Workmen's Compensation, together with an address by J. Philip Bird, general manager of the Association. A special department of co-operative information has also been organized to afford to the employers and workers in attendance, an opportunity further to equip their plants and understand the operation of practical safety appliances.

Another branch of the national campaign to promote the welfare and efficiency of employers and workers which will be touched on at the coming convention is the question of fire prevention. In this convention there will be a symposium of information recently obtained from the fire chiefs of more than twenty of the largest cities in the country, giving their views on the practical methods of reducing the annual losses by fire. This symposium will be presided over by Franklin H. Wentworth, secretary of the National Fire Protection Association. The report of a special committee on the regulation of the sales of high explosives will also be received.

Another feature in the motion picture entertainment will be the presentation of a highly instructive film showing the actual construction and present state of the Panama canal. This will be accompanied by an address by Charles A. Conant, of New York, on the relation of the Panama canal to commerce and transportation, as well as its probable effect on our American trade with South and Central America.

John Kirby, Jr., of Dayton, Ohio, president of the Association, will deliver his annual address, and officers will be elected for the ensuing year. Among the committee reports which will be received at the Convention, are Industrial Education, Immigration, Patents, Banking and Currency, Merchant Marine and Union Label. The Convention will close with the annual banquet on the evening of May 22nd.

GIRL ALWAYS WEAK.

Tells How She Became Strong and Vigorous.

"When I see pale, puny children on the street I always wonder what their parents are doing, if anything, to build up their strength," said a well dressed man the other day.

Mary Lang, of Altoona, Pa., was one such child. Her story is told in one of her own letters. "Ever since childhood," she says, "I have been weak and delicate and my blood has been thin and poor. Many different forms of treatment did me no good but last Spring I took Vinol and now I am so much stronger and better that I want you to know it. I don't know when I have felt so well and vigorous as I have since taking Vinol."

We only wish that every weak, rundown sickly person would realize that Vinol is the one best remedy to enrich the blood, build up the body and put the glow of health in pale cheeks. "Your money back if you are not pleased" is the way we sell Vinol, so you can see we believe in it. Robt. R. Bellamy, Druggist, Wilmington, N. C.

Quickly Banishes Dandruff And Stops Hair From Falling

Scalp Itch Goes Over Night and All Hair Worries Cease When You Use Parisian Sage.

No poisonous Sugar of lead—no sulphur—no dye in PARISIAN SAGE.

The cleanest, daintiest, most refreshing, and delightful hair tonic in the world is PARISIAN SAGE. If you do not use it you are daily missing a glorious treat. It is simply splendid for men, women and children. It is sold at drug and department stores and toilet goods counters for only 50 cents a large bottle. Ask for PARISIAN SAGE for your own protection. The girl with the Auburn hair is on every carton and bottle.

PARISIAN SAGE DRIVES out all dandruff and stops hair from falling in two weeks. It stops itching scalp in 12 hours.

It is a hair nourisher and promptly puts life, luster and beauty into dull, faded and ill-looking hair.

Mrs. Geo. Brown, No. 10 E. High St., Rockville, Conn., writes: "After I used the first bottle of PARISIAN SAGE my hair stopped falling out and I have never had any trouble since. I do not think there is anything better for falling hair or itching scalp than PARISIAN SAGE." Robt. R. Bellamy guarantees it.

PILES

are a serious trouble from which a great many people suffer. The most common treatment in mild cases is an external application which gives temporary relief, but does not cure. In severe cases, an operation is usually the remedy.

If your trouble is a mild one you can get a certain cure. Or if piles have become chronic with you, don't submit to the knife, try

KETTERER'S EXCELSIOR

BLOOD PURIFIER

(K. E. B. P.)

Your druggist will sell you a bottle with the distinct agreement that if you are not benefited, your money will be refunded.

K. E. B. P. is the common sense, natural treatment for piles. Piles are a varicose condition of the local veins, caused by constipation, or some other trouble, resulting in impure blood.

K. E. B. P., Ointment, used externally, will give immediate relief and by taking KETTERER'S EXCELSIOR BLOOD PURIFIER, internally, you can get well quickly.

Try the K. E. B. P. treatment at once. If you are not benefited demand your money back.

Ask your Druggist

Made by the F. W. KETTERER MEDICINE CO. Jacksonville, Fla.

FREE TO YOU--MY SISTER

Free to You and Every Sister Suffering from Woman's Ailments.

I am a woman.
I know woman's sufferings.
I have found the cure.

I will mail, free of any charge, my home treatment with full instructions to any sufferer from woman's ailments. I want to tell all women about this cure—you, my reader, for yourself, your daughter, your mother, or your sister. I want to tell you how to cure yourselves at home without the help of a doctor. Men cannot understand women's sufferings. What we women know from experience, we know better than any doctor. I know that my home treatment is safe and sure cure for Leucorrhoea or Whitish discharges, Ulceration, Displacement or Falling of the Womb, Profuse, Scanty or Painful Periods, Uterine or Ovarian Tumors, or Growths; also pains in head, back and bowels, bearing down feelings, nervousness, creeping feeling up the spine, melancholy, desire to cry, hot flashes, weariness, kidney, and bladder troubles where caused by weaknesses peculiar to our sex.

I want to send you a complete ten day's treatment entirely free to prove to you that you can cure yourself at home, easily quickly and surely. Remember, that it will cost you nothing to give the treatment a complete trial; and if you wish to continue, it will cost you only about 12 cents a week or less than two cents a day. It will not interfere with your work or occupation. Just send me your name and address, tell me how you suffer if you wish, and I will send you the treatment for your case, entirely free, in plain wrapper, by return mail. I will also send you free of cost, my book—"WOMAN'S OWN MEDICAL ADVISER" with explanatory illustrations showing why women suffer, and how they can easily cure themselves at home. Every woman should have it, and learn to think for herself. Then when the doctor says—"You must have an operation," you can decide for yourself. Thousands of women have cured themselves with my home remedy. It cures all old or young. To Mothers of Daughters, I will explain a simple home treatment which speedily and effectually cures Leucorrhoea, Green Sickness and Painful or Irregular Menstruation in young Ladies, Plumpness and health always results from its use.

Wherever you live, I can refer you to ladies of your own locality who know and will gladly tell any sufferer that this Home Treatment really cures all women's diseases, and makes women well, strong, plump and robust. Just send me your address, and the free ten day's treatment is yours, also the book. Write to-day, as you may not see this offer again. Address

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We have just installed a PROSPERITY Collar Moulder, a machine designed to shape your collars so that there will be ample tie space at all times. This is just a further evidence of our determination to do good work.

This machine presses the collars; there is no friction movement to wear out your linen; to demonstrate that it will not break or crack them, collars have been subjected to 25,000 consecutive pressings before being removed from the rings and they showed no wear, nor did they shine as they must when finished by the old friction process.

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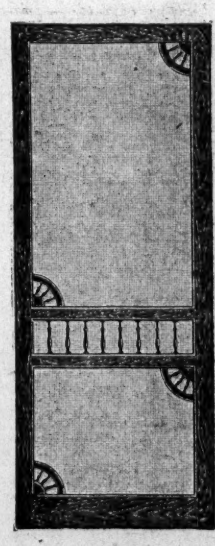

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The Dictaphone is the busy man's ideal amanuensis — always ready, always there, invariably accurate, unlimited speed and endurance. It saves his time, his money and his nerves.

He dictates just as he talks to the telephone, and with no more thought of the instrument. He does better work and more of it. His stenographer writes more letters and does it more easily. Wherever time is money, the Dictaphone soon pays for itself and begins piling up dividends.

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WILL LAUGH

at Hot Weather in a pair of our

Tan Kangaroo OXFORDS

on the Stroud Last. Price:

$5.50

HEWLETT & PRICE

109 Market Street.

STATEMENT OF CONDITION of the

Murchison National Bank

of Wilmington, N. C.
At the close of business, April 18, 1912

RESOURCES:

Loans and Discounts	$3,931,539.49
U. S. Bonds (at par)	551,000.00
Bank Building	25,000.00
Bonds and other Securities	149,309.58
Cash and due by banks	1,438,933.33
	$6,095,782.40

LIABILITIES:

Capital Stock	$ 825,000.00
Surplus and net profits	501,786.92
Circulation	550,000.00
Special deposit U.S. bonds	100,000.00
Deposits	4,118,995.48
	$6,095,782.40

DEPOSITS.

April 18th, 1910	$3,397,724.94
April 18th, 1911	3,501,716.02
April 18th, 1912	4,118,995.48

H. C. McQUEEN, President.
J. V. GRAINGER, Vice President.
J. W. YATES, Vice President.
C. S. GRAINGER, Cashier.

NOTICE OF SALE OF LAND.

Under and by virtue of a judgment of the Superior Court of New Hanover county in a cause therein pending entitled Annie Lou Knox, et als, vs. Minnie I. Knox, et al, the undesigned Commissioner duly appointed by the Court, will on Monday, the 27th day of May, 1912, at 12 o'clock, M., expose for sale for cash to the highest bidder, a lot or tract of land situated in the City of Wilmington, County of New Hanover, State of North Carolina, and bounded and described as follows:

Beginning in the Eastern line of Second street, at a point 165 feet North from the Northern line of Castle street, and running thence North along said Eastern line of Second street 33 feet; thence East and parallel to Castle street 165 feet; thence South and parallel to Second street 33 feet; thence West and parallel to Castle street 165 feet to the beginning. The same being the Northwest one-quarter of Lot No. 4, in Block No. 88, according to the official plan of the said City of Wilmington.

The Commissioner is authorized by the judgment of the Court to sell at private sale, if before the date above mentioned a satisfactory bid is offered.

Dated this April 20th, 1912.

ROBERT RUARK,
p21,28;my5,12,19-5t Commissioner.

Chesapeake and Ohio Railway

SCENIC ROUTE TO THE WEST.

Two Fast Vestibule Trains With Dining Car Service.

Through Pullman Sleepers to Louisville, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis.

Lv. Richmond	2:00pm	6:35pm	11:00pm
Ar. Louisville	11:00am		7:30pm
Ar. Cincinnati	8:15am	9:50am	5:00pm
Ar. Chicago	5:00pm	5:35pm	7:10am
Ar. St. Louis	6:15pm	9:15pm	7:17am

Direct connections for all points West and Northwest.

Quickest and Best Route.

The line to the Celebrated Mountain Resorts of Virginia.

For descriptive matter, schedules and Pullman reservations, address

W. O. WARTHEN, D. P. A.,
C. & O. Ry. Co., Richmond, Va.

SUPERIOR TO COPAIBA & INJECTIONS
SANTAL MIDY CAPSULES
RELIEVES IN 24 HOURS

LAND ENTRY.

I, the undersigned, Eli Gray, of the County of New Hanover, State of North Carolina, do hereby enter and lay claim to the following vacant and unappropriated land, subject to entry, as follows; Located in New Hanover County and State aforesaid, viz.:

Bounded on the North by lands of R. K. Bryan; on the East by Futch line; on the South by Nixon land; on the West by lands of Sam'l Bear; containing 100 acres, more or less. ELI GRAY.

May 17th, 1912.
Entered and filed May 17th, 1912.
JOHN HAAR,
Register of Deeds and Acting Entry Taker.
my18-30d

PILES! PILES! PILES!

WILLIAMS' INDIAN PILE OINTMENT

Will cure Blind, Bleeding and Itching Piles. It absorbs the tumors, allays itching at once, acts as a poultice, gives instant relief.

For sale by all druggists, mail 50c and $1.00.

WILLIAMS MFG. CO., Props., Cleveland, Ohio
For Sale by J. H. Bunting Drug Co.